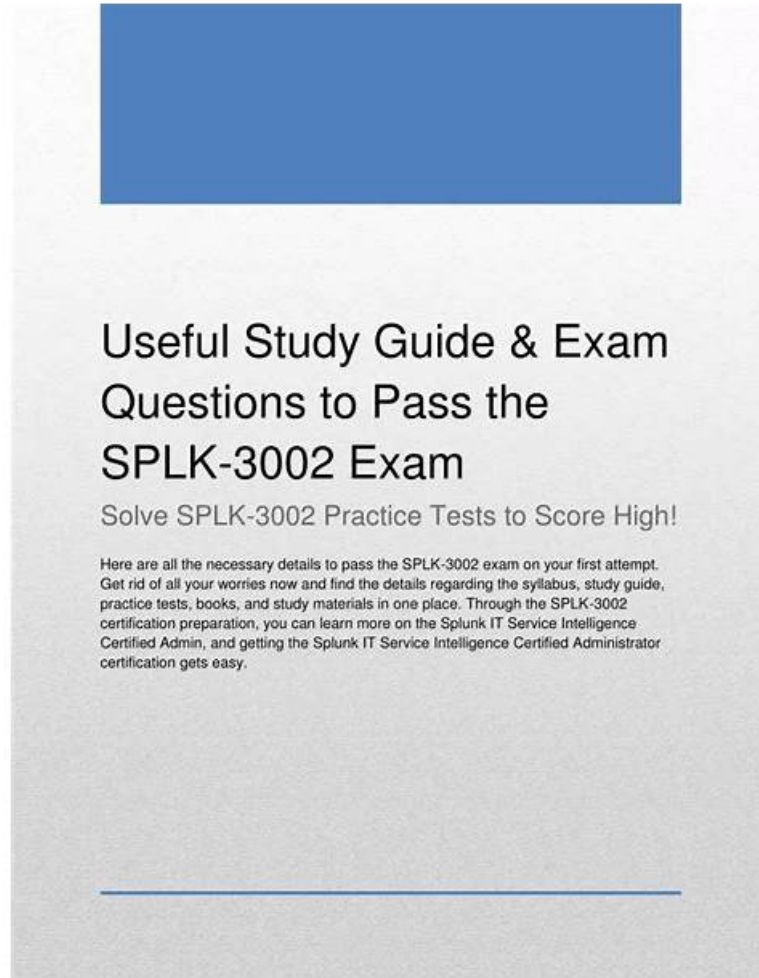


시험준비에가장좋은SPLK-3002높은통과율시험대비자료덤프최신자료



참고: ITDumpsKR에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료, 최신 SPLK-3002 시험 문제집이 있습니다:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1yBZjT1qy4-1ohefYMMFY2c99ikaXurOY>

ITDumpsKR는 여러분의 요구를 만족시켜드리는 사이트입니다. 많은 분들이 우리사이트의 it인증덤프를 사용함으로 관련it시험을 안전하게 패스를 하였습니다. 이니 우리 ITDumpsKR사이트의 단골이 되었죠. ITDumpsKR에서는 최신의Splunk SPLK-3002자료를 제공하며 여러분의Splunk SPLK-3002인증시험에 많은 도움이 될 것입니다.

Splunk SPLK-3002 시험은 Splunk IT Service Intelligence (ITSI)의 공인 관리자가 되고자하는 개인을 위해 설계되었습니다. Splunk ITSI는 IT 및 비즈니스 서비스에 실시간 운영 인텔리전스를 제공하는 소프트웨어 솔루션입니다. 시험은 ITSI 구성, 서비스 작성 및 관리, KPI 작성 및 구성, 서비스 수준 계약 (SLAS) 구성 및 ITSI 문제 문제 해결 등 다양한 영역에서 후보자의 지식과 기술을 테스트합니다.

>> SPLK-3002높은 통과율 시험대비자료 <<

시험준비에 가장 좋은 SPLK-3002높은 통과율 시험대비자료 덤프데모문제 보기

IT업계의 치열한 경쟁속에 살아 남으려면 자신의 능력을 증명하여야 합니다. 국제승인을 받는 IT인증자격증을 많이 취득하시면 취직이든 승진이든 이직이든 모든 면에서 이득을 볼수 있습니다. 최근 Splunk인증 SPLK-3002시험에 도전하는 분이 많은데 ITDumpsKR에서 Splunk인증 SPLK-3002시험에 대비한 가장 최신버전 덤프공부가이드를 제공해드립니다.

Splunk SPLK-3002 시험을 통과하기 위해서는, ITSI 아키텍처 및 배포, 데이터 온보딩 및 관리, 서비스 분석 및 문제 해결, 그리고 고급 구성 및 사용자 정의와 같은 다양한 분야에서 능력을 입증해야 합니다. 시험은 90분 내에 완료해야 하는 60개의 객관식 문제로 구성되며, 통과하기 위해서는 최소 70%의 점수를 얻어야 합니다. 성공한 후보자는 IT 조직에서 인정하는 귀중한 자격증인 Splunk IT Service Intelligence Certified Admin 자격증을 받게 됩니다.

Splunk SPLK-3002 인증서는 ITSI 관리에 대한 지식과 능력을 증명하는 산업 인정 자격증입니다. 이 인증서는 Splunk ITSI 관리에서 기술과 지식을 입증하고자 하는 IT 전문가들에게 이상적입니다. 이 인증서는 또한 취업 기회를 개척하고 경력 전망을 개선하는 데 도움을 줍니다. 이 인증서는 2년간 유효하며, 만료일 이후 최신 트렌드와 기술을 반영한 갱신이 필요합니다.

최신 Splunk IT Service SPLK-3002 무료 샘플문제 (Q11-Q16):

질문 # 11

Which of the following describes a way to delete multiple duplicate entities in ITSI?

- A. Via the entity lister page.
- B. Via a search using the `| deleteentity` command.
- C. All of the above.
- D. Via a CSV upload.

정답: C

설명:

D is the correct answer because ITSI provides multiple ways to delete multiple duplicate entities. You can use a CSV upload to overwrite existing entities with new or updated information, or delete them by setting the action field to delete. You can also use the entity lister page to select multiple entities and delete them in bulk.

Alternatively, you can use a search command called `| deleteentity` to delete entities that match certain criteria.

References: Create and update entities using a CSV file in ITSI, Delete entities in bulk in ITSI, Delete entities using the `| deleteentity` command in ITSI

질문 # 12

When deploying ITSI on a distributed Splunk installation, which component must be installed on the search head(s)?

- A. SA-ITSI-Licensechecker
- B. SA-ITOA
- C. ITSI app
- D. All ITSI components

정답: C

설명:

Install SA-ITSI-Licensechecker and SA-UserAccess on any license master in a distributed or search head cluster environment. If a search head in your environment is also a license master, the license master components are installed when you install ITSI on the search heads.

Reference: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/ITSI/4.10.2/Install/InstallDD> When deploying ITSI on a distributed Splunk installation, the component that must be installed on the search head(s) is the ITSI app. The ITSI app contains the main features and functionality of ITSI, such as service creation and management, KPI configuration, glass table creation and editing, episode review, deep dives, and so on. The ITSI app also contains some add-ons that provide additional functionality, such as SA-ITOA (IT Operations Analytics), SA-UserAccess (User Access Management), and SA-Utils (Utility Functions). The ITSI app must be installed on the search head(s) because it handles the search management and presentation functions for ITSI. References: Install IT Service Intelligence in a distributed environment

질문 # 13

Which of the following is an advantage of using adaptive time thresholds?

- A. Automatically adjust KPI calculation to manage dynamic event data.
- B. Automatically update thresholds daily to manage dynamic changes to KPI values.
- C. Automatically adjust aggregation policy grouping to manage escalating severity.
- D. Automatically adjust correlation search thresholds to adjust sensitivity over time.

정답: B

설명:

Reference:

Adaptive thresholds are thresholds calculated by machine learning algorithms that dynamically adapt and change based on the KPI's observed behavior. Adaptive thresholds are useful for monitoring KPIs that have unpredictable or seasonal patterns that are difficult to capture with static thresholds. For example, you might use adaptive thresholds for a KPI that measures web traffic volume, which can vary depending on factors such as holidays, promotions, events, and so on. The advantage of using adaptive thresholds is:

A) Automatically update thresholds daily to manage dynamic changes to KPI values. This is true because adaptive thresholds use historical data from a training window to generate threshold values for each time block in a threshold template. Each night at midnight, ITSI recalculates adaptive threshold values for a KPI by organizing the data from the training window into distinct buckets and then analyzing each bucket separately. This way, the thresholds reflect the most recent changes in the KPI data and account for any anomalies or trends.

The other options are not advantages of using adaptive thresholds because:

B) Automatically adjust KPI calculation to manage dynamic event data. This is not true because adaptive thresholds do not affect the KPI calculation, which is based on the base search and the aggregation method. Adaptive thresholds only affect the threshold values that are used to determine the KPI severity level.

C) Automatically adjust aggregation policy grouping to manage escalating severity. This is not true because adaptive thresholds do not affect the aggregation policy, which is a set of rules that determines how to group notable events into episodes. Adaptive thresholds only affect the threshold values that are used to generate notable events based on KPI severity level.

D) Automatically adjust correlation search thresholds to adjust sensitivity over time. This is not true because adaptive thresholds do not affect the correlation search, which is a search that looks for relationships between data points and generates notable events. Adaptive thresholds only affect the threshold values that are used by KPIs, which can be used as inputs for correlation searches.

질문 # 14

Which of the following best describes an ITSI Glass Table?

- A. A dashboard which displays a system topology.
- B. A view which describes a topology.
- C. A view showing KPI values in a variety of visual styles.
- **D. A view which displays a system topology overlaid with KPI metrics.**

정답: D

설명:

An ITSI Glass Table provides a customizable, high-level view that can display a system's topology overlaid with real-time Key Performance Indicator (KPI) metrics and service health scores. This visualization tool allows users to create a visual representation of their IT infrastructure, applications, and services, integrating live data to monitor the health and performance of each component in context. The ability to overlay KPI metrics on the system topology enables IT and business stakeholders to quickly understand the operational status and health of various elements within their environment, facilitating more informed decision-making and rapid response to issues.

질문 # 15

What is an episode?

- A. A notable event group.
- B. A workflow task.
- C. A deep dive.
- **D. A notable event.**

정답: D

설명:

Explanation

It's a deduplicated group of notable events occurring as part of a larger sequence, or an incident or period considered in isolation.

질문 # 16

SPLK-3002 학습 자료 : <https://www.itdumpskr.com/SPLK-3002-exam.html>

- [illegible]

참고: ITDumpsKR에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2026 Splunk SPLK-3002 시험 문제집이 있습니다:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1yBZjT1qy4-1ohefYMMFY2c99ikaXurOY>