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Option D :
Oracle Multi-Tenant

Correct Answer: B

Explanation/Reference:

Oracle Active Data Guard allows for real-time reporting and querying on a Logical Standby Database.

QUESTION: 6

What is the main advantage of using a snapshot standby database over a physical standby database?

Option A :
Improved performance for reporting and queries

Option B :
Reduced disk space requirements

Option C :
Ability to apply redo logs to update the standby database

Option D :
Faster failover and switchover capabilities

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Oracle 1z0-076 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Monitoring a Data Guard Broker Configuration: The topic covers the use of Enterprise Manager and DGMGRL to monitor Data Guard configurations and explains the various data protection modes available.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Using Flashback Database in a Data Guard Configuration: This topic covers the configuration and advantages of using Flashback Database in a Data Guard setup, as well as the process of enabling fast-start failover for seamless role changes.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Managing Oracle Net Services in a Data Guard Environment: The section focuses on Oracle Net Services and its role in Data Guard networking setup.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Enhanced Client Connectivity in a Data Guard Environment: This topic focuses on enhancing client connectivity in a Data Guard setup and implementing failover procedures for seamless client redirection. It also covers application continuity to ensure uninterrupted operations during role transitions.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Using Oracle Active Data Guard: Supported Workloads in Read-Only Standby Databases: Here, the usage of physical standby databases for real-time queries is discussed.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Managing Physical Standby Files After Structural Changes on the Primary Database: The topic covers managing structural changes in the primary database and their impact on physical standby files.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Oracle Data Guard Broker Basics: An overview of the Data Guard broker, its architecture, components, benefits, and configurations, is provided here. It serves as an introduction to the tool used for managing Data Guard configurations.
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Creating a Logical Standby Database: This topic guides users through the process of creating and managing a logical standby database, including SQL Apply filtering.
Topic 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Performing Role Transitions: Here, the concept of database roles is explained, along with the steps for performing switchovers, failovers, and maintaining physical standby sessions during role transitions.

Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration Sample Questions (Q82-Q87):

NEW QUESTION # 82

In Oracle Database 19c, you can set the value of database initialization parameters in a database using the EDIT DATABASE... SET PARAMETER Command:

DGMGRL> EDIT DATABASE 'boston' SET PARAMETER log_archive_trace - 1;

Which THREE statements are TRUE about the command?

- A. The value set using this command is directly applied to the boston database.
- B. The EDIT DATABASE PARAMETER command can be used to set the value of a static parameter in a database.
- C. The value set using this command is directly stored in the broker configuration file.
- D. The edit database parameter command can only be used to modify the value of a dynamic parameter in a database.
- E. The database must be available when the above command is run.

Answer: A,D,E

Explanation:

The EDIT DATABASE...SET PARAMETER command in Data Guard Management (DGMGRL) is used to modify the value of initialization parameters for a database within a Data Guard configuration. This command can be used to modify both static and dynamic parameters, but if a static parameter is changed, the new value will take effect only after the database is restarted. The database must be up and running for the command to execute, and the values set using the command are directly applied to the specified database (in this case, 'boston').

NEW QUESTION # 83

A customer has these requirements for their proposed Data Guard implementation:

1. Zero data loss must still be guaranteed through the loss of any one configuration component.
2. The primary database must be protected against a regional disaster.
3. Performance overheads on the primary should be minimized as much as possible given these requirements.
4. Downtime on the primary database for any reason must be kept to a minimum.

Components referred to in the broker commands are:

ORACLE the primary database	
prima	
fs1	the Far Sync instance in the primary region
physt	a physical standby database in a remote region
physt1	a physical standby database in the primary
physt2	a physical standby database in a remote region

- A.

```
EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES='(LOCAL:fs1 ASYNC)';  
EDIT FAR_SYNC fs1 SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES='(prima:physt ASYNC)';  
EDIT CONFIGURATION SET PROTECTION MODE AS MAXAVAILABILITY;
```

- B.

```
EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES='(LOCAL:physt1  
FASTSYNC)';EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES='(LOCAL:fs1  
FASTSYNC)';  
EDIT FAR_SYNC fs1 SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES='(prima:physt2 ASYNC)';  
EDIT CONFIGURATION SET PROTECTION MODE AS MAXAVAILABILITY;
```

- C.

```
EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES='(LOCAL:fs1 ASYNC)';  
EDIT FAR_SYNC fs1 SET PROPERTY REDOROUTES='(prima:physt FASTSYNC)';  
EDIT CONFIGURATION SET PROTECTION MODE AS MAXPROTECTION;
```

- D.

```

EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDO_ROUTES='(LOCAL:physt1 FASTSYNC)';
EDIT DATABASE prima SET PROPERTY REDO_ROUTES='(LOCAL:fs1 SYNC)';
EDIT FAR_SYNC fs1 SET PROPERTY REDO_ROUTES='(prima:physt2 SYNC)';
EDIT CONFIGURATION SET PROTECTION_MODE AS MAXAVAILABILITY;

```

Answer: D

Explanation:

According to the requirements stated:

* Zero data loss must be guaranteed despite the loss of any one component: This necessitates synchronous redo transport to at least one standby database (for no data loss).

* The primary database must be protected against a regional disaster: This implies that there must be a standby database in a different region.

* Performance overhead on the primary should be minimized: This suggests that asynchronous transport should be used where possible to reduce the performance impact on the primary.

* Downtime on the primary for any reason must be kept to a minimum: This is indicative of a requirement for a fast failover mechanism, possibly with a fast-start failover (FSFO) and high availability.

Given these requirements, the appropriate option that fulfills all these is:

* Option C, where 'prima' is the primary database, 'fs1' is the Far Sync instance in the primary region, and

'physt' and 'physt2' are physical standby databases in the primary and remote regions, respectively. In this configuration:

* 'prima' is set to send redo to 'fs1' using SYNC to guarantee zero data loss.

* 'fs1' is set to send redo to 'physt' (local standby) using FASTSYNC, which is a low-latency synchronous transport that is optimized for performance.

* The Data Guard configuration's protection mode is set to MAXAVAILABILITY to provide the highest level of data protection that is possible without compromising the availability of the primary database.

This configuration ensures that there is zero data loss even if the primary region is completely lost, maintains performance by limiting the synchronous transport to the local region with a Far Sync instance, and has a remote standby database in a separate region for disaster recovery purposes.

References:

* Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration

* Oracle Data Guard Broker documentation

NEW QUESTION # 84

Which THREE statements are TRUE about Global Sequences when connected to a physical standby database with Real-Time Query enabled?

- A. Their creation requires that a LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n parameter be defined in the standby that points back to the primary.
- B. If the CACHE option is set then the size of the cache must be at least 100.
- C. Their usage will always have a performance impact on the primary database.
- D. Their usage may have a performance impact on the physical standby database if the CACHE size is too small.
- E. They must have the NOORDER and CACHE options set.

Answer: C,D,E

Explanation:

Global Sequences are Oracle sequences that generate unique values across multiple instances in an Oracle RAC or a Data Guard configuration. Regarding their behavior and performance when connected to a physical standby database with Real-Time Query enabled:

* A: The usage of Global Sequences can indeed have a performance impact on the primary database due to the need to generate unique values that are consistent across both primary and standby databases.

* D: The performance impact on the physical standby database may occur if the CACHE size is too small. This is because the standby database will frequently have to access the primary database to replenish the cache, which can increase the load and potentially lead to performance degradation.

* E: Global Sequences should have the NOORDER and CACHE options set. The NOORDER option ensures that sequence numbers are provided without guaranteeing sequence order, thus improving scalability and performance. The CACHE option is used to specify how many sequence values will be held in memory for faster access.

Option B is incorrect as the LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n parameter's definition for standbys pointing back to the primary does not directly pertain to the creation of sequences.

Option C is incorrect because there is no requirement that the size of the cache for a sequence must be at least

100. The CACHE size can be set to a different number based on specific use cases or performance considerations. References: Oracle's documentation on sequences and their behavior in a Data Guard environment provides insights into the performance considerations and best practices for using sequences, particularly in a Real-Time Query context.

NEW QUESTION # 85

Which THREE statements are TRUE about the supported workload in Active Data Guard standby databases?

- A. PL/SQL blocks that you run on Active Data Guard standby databases can be always redirected to and run on the primary database.
- B. The DDL operations on private temporary tables are transparently redirected to the primary database.
- C. The DML operations on a standby can be transparently redirected to and run on the primary database
- D. Read-mostly reporting applications that use global temporary tables for storing temporary data can be offloaded.
- E. You might have to use sequences with global temporary tables to support read-mostly applications by using Active Data Guard.

Answer: C,D,E

Explanation:

In an Oracle Active Data Guard environment:

B: Read-mostly reporting applications that utilize global temporary tables to store session-specific data can be effectively offloaded to an Active Data Guard standby database, reducing the load on the primary database.

C: Sequences can be used with global temporary tables on an Active Data Guard standby database to support certain types of read-mostly applications, though some restrictions on sequence use may apply.

E: In Oracle Database 19c and later, DML redirection allows DML operations performed on an Active Data Guard standby database to be transparently redirected to the primary database. This is part of the DML Redirection feature.

Option A is incorrect because not all PL/SQL blocks run on an Active Data Guard standby database can be redirected to the primary database. Some PL/SQL executions, specifically those that would attempt to make changes to the database, are not supported on the standby.

Option D is incorrect because DDL operations on private temporary tables are not redirected; instead, private temporary tables are session-specific and are not persisted on disk, so they do not generate redo and are not applicable to an Active Data Guard standby.

NEW QUESTION # 86

Which three actions are performed by the START PLAN procedure of the DBMS ROLLING package?

- A. building a LogMiner dictionary on the primary database instance
- B. creating a guaranteed restore point on the standby databases
- C. converting the designated physical standby database into a logical standby database
- D. creating a guaranteed restore point on the primary database
- E. starting media recovery on all the Leading Group Standby databases
- F. switching the primary database to the logical standby role

Answer: A,B,D

Explanation:

The DBMS_ROLLING package facilitates a rolling upgrade process across a Data Guard configuration. The START PLAN procedure in particular handles several critical actions, including:

* Creating a guaranteed restore point on the standby databases (B): This ensures that the standby databases can be reverted to their state before the rolling upgrade process in case of any issues.

* Building a LogMiner dictionary on the primary database instance (C): This is necessary for logical standby databases to interpret redo data during the SQL Apply process.

* Creating a guaranteed restore point on the primary database (D): Similar to the standby databases, this ensures that the primary database can be reverted to a known good state if necessary. References:

* Oracle Database PL/SQL Packages and Types Reference

* Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration Guide

NEW QUESTION # 87

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