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Sie können Prüfungsfragen und Antworten zur EC-COUNCIL 112-57 Zertifizierungsprüfung teilweise umsonst als Probe herunterladen. Sobald Sie DeutschPrüfung wählen, würden wir alles tun, um Ihnen bei der Prüfung zu helfen. Wenn Sie später finden, dass die von uns gebotenen EC-COUNCIL 112-57 Prüfungsfragen und Antworten den echten Prüfungsfragen und Antworten nicht entsprechen und Sie somit die Prüfung nicht bestehen, dann erstatten wir Ihnen die an uns geleisteten Zahlung.

EC-COUNCIL 112-57 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Network Forensics: This module introduces network forensic concepts, including event correlation, analyzing network logs, identifying indicators of compromise, and investigating network traffic.
Thema 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Windows Forensics: This module covers forensic investigation in Windows systems, including analysis of memory, registry data, browser artifacts, and file metadata to identify system and user activities.
Thema 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data Acquisition and Duplication: This module focuses on methods for collecting and duplicating digital evidence. It explains acquisition techniques, formats, and procedures used to create forensic images and capture system memory.

Thema 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computer Forensics Fundamentals: This module introduces the core concepts of computer forensics, including digital evidence, forensic readiness, and the role of investigators. It also explains legal and compliance requirements involved in forensic investigations.
Thema 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Investigating Web Attacks: This module focuses on analyzing web application attacks through server logs and detecting malicious activities targeting web servers and applications.
Thema 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computer Forensics Investigation Process: This module explains the phases of the forensic investigation process, including pre-investigation, investigation, and post-investigation. It also covers evidence integrity methods such as hashing and disk imaging.
Thema 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dark Web Forensics: This module explains the investigation of dark web activities, including analyzing artifacts related to the Tor browser and identifying dark web usage on systems.
Thema 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Investigating Email Crimes: This module covers the basics of email systems and the process of investigating suspicious emails to identify potential cybercrime evidence.
Thema 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linux and Mac Forensics: This module explains forensic analysis techniques for Linux and Mac systems. It focuses on analyzing system data, file systems, and memory to recover digital evidence.
Thema 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding Hard Disks and File Systems: This module covers disk structures, types of storage drives, and operating system boot processes. It also explains how investigators analyze file systems and recover deleted data.

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EC-COUNCIL EC-Council Digital Forensics Essentials (DFE) 112-57 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q27-Q32):

27. Frage

Which of the following titles of The Electronic Communications Privacy Act protects the privacy of the contents of files stored by service providers and records held about the subscriber by service providers, such as subscriber name, billing records, and IP addresses?

- A. Title I
- B. Title IV
- **C. Title II**
- D. Title III

Antwort: C

Begründung:

Under the Electronic Communications Privacy Act (ECPA), Title II is commonly known as the Stored Communications Act (SCA). Digital forensics and e-discovery references treat the SCA as the key legal framework governing access to stored electronic communications and associated subscriber/account records held by service providers. The question specifically mentions (1) "contents of files stored by service providers" and (2) "records held about the subscriber ... such as subscriber name, billing records, and IP addresses." These map directly to the SCA's two broad categories: content (what a communication or stored file contains) and non-content records (subscriber identity, connection logs, billing information, IP assignment).

/history, and related transactional metadata).

From an investigative perspective, Title II matters because it sets the legal process and restrictions for compelled disclosure—typically requiring different forms of legal process depending on whether the investigator seeks content versus subscriber/transactional records, and depending on factors like how the data is stored and retention timeframes. In contrast, Title I focuses on real-time interception (wiretap-style capture), and Title III addresses pen register/trap-and-trace style dialing/routing information rather than stored content. Therefore, the correct title is Title II (Option A).

28. Frage

Which of the following layers of the TCP/IP model serves as the backbone for data flow between two devices in a network and enables peer entities on the source and destination devices to communicate with each other?

- A. Internet layer
- B. Network access layer
- C. Application layer
- **D. Transport layer**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

In the TCP/IP model, the Transport layer is responsible for end-to-end communication between peer entities on the source and destination systems. "Peer entities" here refers to the corresponding transport components (and the applications that use them) on two different hosts communicating across a network. This layer forms the practical "backbone" of host-to-host data flow because it provides the mechanisms that allow data to be delivered from one endpoint process to another endpoint process reliably or efficiently, depending on the protocol used.

The Transport layer includes protocols such as TCP and UDP. TCP supports connection-oriented communication with sequencing, acknowledgments, retransmissions, and flow control—features that are fundamental when reconstructing sessions during network forensic investigations (e.g., rebuilding a file transfer or a web session). UDP provides connectionless delivery used by many services where speed is preferred over guaranteed delivery, which is also significant in investigations of DNS, streaming, or certain malware communications.

By contrast, the Internet layer focuses on logical addressing and routing (IP), the Network access layer handles local delivery on the physical/link network, and the Application layer provides user-facing protocols.

Therefore, the layer enabling peer communication between endpoints is the Transport layer (C).

29. Frage

Jennifer, a forensics investigation team member, was inspecting a compromised system. After gathering all the evidence related to the compromised system, she disconnected the system from the network to stop the spread of the incident to other systems.

Identify the role played by Jennifer in the forensics investigation.

- **A. Incident responder**
- B. Expert witness
- C. Incident analyzer
- D. Evidence manager

Antwort: A

Begründung:

Jennifer's actions match the responsibilities of an incident responder, whose job spans immediate containment, preservation, and stabilization activities during an active or recently active security incident. In standard digital forensics and incident response (DFIR) procedures, responders first take steps to preserve evidence (e.g., documenting the scene, capturing volatile data when appropriate, and collecting relevant system artifacts) and then execute containment measures to prevent further harm. Disconnecting a compromised host from the network is a classic containment control used to stop malware propagation, block command-and-control communications, and prevent lateral movement to other systems.

An incident analyzer typically focuses on deeper technical analysis—timeline reconstruction, root cause determination, and correlating artifacts across hosts and logs—rather than performing immediate containment.

An evidence manager is primarily responsible for maintaining evidence integrity, chain of custody, storage, labeling, and access control, not operational containment. An expert witness provides formal testimony and interpretation in legal or disciplinary proceedings and is not usually involved in live containment actions.

Since Jennifer both gathered evidence and then isolated the system to stop spread, the role most consistent with documented DFIR responsibilities is Incident responder (A).

30. Frage

Which of the following standards and criteria version of SWGDE mandates that any action with the potential to alter, damage, or destroy any aspect of original evidence must be performed by qualified persons in a forensically sound manner?

- A. Standards and Criteria 1.3
- B. Standards and Criteria 1.5
- **C. Standards and Criteria 1.7**
- D. Standards and Criteria 1.1

Antwort: C

Begründung:

The statement in the question matches SWGDE Principle 1, Standards and Criteria 1.7, which explicitly requires that any action that could alter, damage, or destroy original digital evidence must be performed by qualified personnel in a forensically sound manner. In digital forensics doctrine, this requirement exists because digital evidence is highly fragile: routine interactions (booting a system, opening a file, connecting storage, running commands) can change timestamps, overwrite unallocated space, modify logs, or trigger encryption/key rotation. SWGDE's emphasis on "qualified persons" and "forensically sound manner" aligns with core evidentiary expectations: minimizing changes to original media, using controlled and repeatable methods (e.g., write-blocking, validated imaging, documented procedures), and ensuring actions are defensible under scrutiny.

Options 1.1, 1.3, and 1.5 relate to broader quality and procedural requirements (quality systems, SOP review, appropriate tools), but they do not contain the specific mandate about potentially altering original evidence.

The exact phrasing about alteration/damage/destruction and qualified handling is associated with Standards and Criteria 1.7, making B the correct choice.

31. Frage

Bob, a professional hacker, targeted an organization to launch attacks. Bob gathered information such as network topology and a list of live hosts. Based on the collected information, he launched further attacks over the organization's network.

Identify the type of network attack Bob initiated on the target organization in the above scenario.

- **A. Enumeration**
- B. Buffer overflow
- C. Session hijacking
- D. Data modification

Antwort: A

Begründung:

The activity described—collecting network topology details and compiling a list of live hosts—matches the reconnaissance phase commonly referred to as enumeration. In digital forensics and incident response documentation, enumeration is the systematic process of discovering and extracting information about a target environment to support later exploitation. It typically follows (or overlaps with) scanning and includes identifying active IP addresses, reachable systems, open ports/services, device roles, OS fingerprints, domain information, shared resources, user/group details, and routing or segmentation clues that reveal how the network is structured.

This information is then used to plan "further attacks," such as targeting exposed services, choosing exploit paths, locating high-value systems, and selecting lateral movement routes. From a forensic standpoint, enumeration attempts often leave traces in firewall logs, IDS alerts, and endpoint artifacts (e.g., bursts of connection attempts across many hosts/ports, ICMP echo sweeps, ARP discovery on local segments, and repeated DNS queries).

The other options do not fit: data modification involves altering data integrity; session hijacking targets active sessions/tokens; and buffer overflow is an exploitation technique against vulnerable software, not the information-gathering step described. Therefore, the correct answer is Enumeration (A).

32. Frage

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