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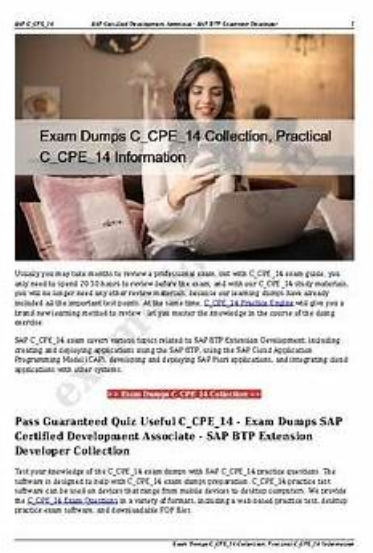

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Ein wunderbares Leben ist es, dass man sich wagt, nach etwas zu trachten. Wenn Sie eines Tages in einem wackligen Stuhl sitzt und Ihre Vergangenheit erinnern, können Sie einfach lächeln. Das bedeutet, dass Ihr Leben erfolgreich ist. Wollen Sie ein erfolgreiches Leben führen? Dann benutzen Sie doch die Lernhilfe zur Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Zertifizierungsprüfung von It-Pruefung, die Fragen und Antworten beinhalten und jedem Kandidaten sehr passen. Ihre Erfolgsquote beträgt 100%. Sie sollen It-Pruefung so schnell wie möglich kaufen.

Haben sie von Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Dumps von It-Pruefung gehört? Aber, Haben Sie diese Dumps benutzt? Viele Leute haben gesagt, dass It-Pruefung Dumps sehr gute Unterlagen sind, womit sie die Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Zertifizierungsprüfung bestanden haben. Wir It-Pruefung sind von vielen Leuten, die früher die Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Dumps benutzt haben, gut bewertet, weil sie wirklich viel Zeit für die Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Prüfungen sparen und den Erfolg für die Teilnehmer garantieren.

>> PT-AM-CPE Zertifizierungsfragen <<

PT-AM-CPE Prüfungs, PT-AM-CPE Fragen Beantworten

Wenn Sie ein Pendler sind, wenn Sie die Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Prüfung so schnell wie möglich bestehen möchten, dass ist It-Pruefung Ihre beste Wahl. Unser It-Pruefung bietet Ihnen die Testfragen und Antworten von Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE, die von den IT-Experten durch Experimente und Praxis erhalten werden und über IT-Zertifizierungserfahrungen über 10 Jahre verfügt. Mit It-Pruefung können Sie nicht nur Zeit sparen, sondern auch die Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Zertifizierungsprüfung leicht und züglich bestehen.

Ping Identity Certified Professional - PingAM Exam PT-AM-CPE Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q62-Q67):

62. Frage
Which of the following best describes the relationship between users and realms?

- A. A user can be a member of one or more realms
- B. A user can be a member of exactly one realm
- C. Users are never members of a realm
- D. Users do not need to be a member of a realm

Antwort: A

Begründung:
In PingAM 8.0.2, Realms are the primary organizational units used to group configuration, policies, and identities.13 A common misconception is that a user is "locked" into a single realm. However, according to the "Realms" and "Identity Stores" documentation, the relationship is highly flexible.
A Realm does not actually "contain" users in a physical sense; instead, a realm is configured with one or more Identity Stores (such as an LDAP directory or a database). Multiple realms can be configured to point to the same underlying Identity Store. Therefore, if a user profile exists in an LDAP directory that is shared by "Realm A" and "Realm B," that user is effectively a member of both realms. They can authenticate to either realm and receive different policies or session properties based on the realm-specific configuration.
Key points from the documentation:
Logical Partitioning: Realms provide a way to apply different authentication logic (different trees) to the same set of users.14 Multi-tenancy: An organization can create separate realms for different departments or customer groups, even if they overlap in the back-end user database.
Identity Store Mapping: Because a realm maps to an identity store, and an identity store can be reused across realms, a user's membership is determined by where the realm is "looking" for data.
Thus, Option A is the correct description of the architecture: a user can be a member of one or more realms depending on how the administrator has mapped the identity repositories.
Would you like me to proceed with more questions, or would you like to focus on a specific area such as OAuth2 Grant Flows?

63. Frage
What is the purpose of the SAML2 account mapper on the service provider (SP) side?

- A. Maps local user attributes to remote users' attributes
- B. Maps multiple SP user accounts together
- C. Maps multiple identity provider assertions together
- D. Maps remote users to local user profiles

Antwort: D

Begründung:
In a SAML 2.0 Federation flow, once the Service Provider (SP) receives and validates a SAML Assertion from an Identity Provider (IdP), it must determine which local user account the assertion corresponds to. This is the role of the SAML2 Account Mapper.
According to the PingAM 8.0.2 documentation on "Federate Identities" and the "SAML 2.0 Reference":
The SP-side account mapper (specifically the SPAccountMapper interface or its scripted equivalent) is responsible for mapping the remote user (identified in the SAML assertion) to a local user profile in the SP's identity store.
This mapping can be achieved in several ways:
Account Linking: Finding an existing link between the NameID in the assertion and a local DN.
Attribute Matching: Using an attribute from the assertion (like mail) to search the local directory for a matching user.
Auto-Federation: If configured, creating a link or a new profile automatically based on the incoming data.
If the account mapper cannot find a corresponding local profile, the SP cannot create a local session, and the SSO process will fail,

typically with a "User not found" or "Local identity not found" error. Thus, the purpose is strictly the identification of the local subject based on the remote assertion (Option D). Options A and B are incorrect as they describe aggregation or account merging which are not the primary function of the SAML mapper. Option C describes "Attribute Mapping," which is a separate step (handled by the Attribute Mapper) that occurs after the identity has been successfully mapped.

64. Frage
Which audit event handler is used by PingAM by default, when audit logging is enabled?

- A. Syslog audit event handler
- B. Elasticsearch audit event handler
- C. JSON audit event handler
- D. CSV audit event handler

Antwort: C

Begründung:
Audit logging is a vital security feature in PingAM 8.0.2 that provides a record of system activity. To make these logs useful for modern analysis tools and to ensure they contain rich metadata, PingAM utilizes structured logging.
According to the PingAM "Audit Logging Service" documentation:
When an administrator enables audit logging in a new installation, the system is pre-configured with the JSON audit event handler as the default. This handler writes log entries to the local filesystem in a structured JSON format (e.g., access.audit.json).
The choice of JSON (Option D) as the default is strategic:
Structure: JSON allows for complex, nested data structures, which is necessary to capture the full context of an authentication journey or a policy decision.
Interoperability: JSON is the "native language" of modern log aggregators and SIEM platforms like Splunk, ELK (Elasticsearch/Logstash/Kibana), and Sumo Logic.
Readability: While structured, it remains human-readable for quick manual inspection.
Why other options are incorrect:
CSV (B) and Syslog (C) are available handlers but must be explicitly added or configured; they are not the primary default.
Elasticsearch (A) is a powerful target for audit logs, but PingAM typically sends data there via an external collector reading the JSON files or via a specifically configured Elasticsearch handler, rather than it being the out-of-the-box default for a local installation.
The JSON handler ensures that from the moment logging is turned on, the data is stored in a format that balances detailed reporting with ease of integration.

65. Frage
In an authentication tree process, considering best practice, where can the collected context data for mobile devices be persisted for subsequent risk analysis?

- A. In shared node state
- B. In a browser cookie
- C. In the session state
- D. With the user profile

Antwort: A

Begründung:
In PingAM 8.0.2, the Intelligent Access engine (Authentication Trees) uses a specific data-passing mechanism to move information between individual nodes within a single journey. When a journey involves collecting context-such as device metadata (OS, version, screen resolution), location data (IP, geofencing), or risk signals-this information must be stored temporarily while the tree evaluates the next steps.
According to the "Authentication Node Development" and "Nodes and Trees" documentation, PingAM uses two primary transient storage objects during the authentication flow:
Shared State: This is the primary map used to share data between nodes in the same tree. Contextual data collected by nodes like the Device Profile Collector or Browser Capabilities nodes is stored here. It exists only for the duration of the authentication journey.
Transient State: Similar to shared state, but often used for sensitive data that should not be visible to certain types of nodes or scripts.
The documentation identifies Shared Node State (Option B) as the best practice for persisting collected context during the tree process.
Session State (Option A) is only available after the authentication is successful and a session has been created. It is not suitable for

data needed by nodes within the tree to make a decision (like a risk engine node).
User Profile (Option C) is for long-term persistence (LDAP/PingDS). Storing transient device context there would cause unnecessary database write overhead and privacy concerns.
Browser Cookies (Option D) are limited in size and pose security risks if used to store raw device data that could be tampered with by the client.
Therefore, for real-time risk analysis within a journey, nodes write data to the shared state, where subsequent nodes (like a Scripted Decision Node or Adaptive Risk Node) can retrieve and analyze it.

66. Frage
Which of the following is considered a confidential OAuth2 client?

- A. JavaScript clients
- B. Web browsers
- C. Web applications
- D. Desktop clients

Antwort: C

Begründung:
According to the PingAM 8.0.2 documentation on "OAuth 2.0 Client Authentication," clients are categorized into two types based on their ability to maintain the confidentiality of their credentials: Public and Confidential.
A Confidential Client is defined as an application that is capable of securely storing a client_secret or a private key.1 These are typically applications where the code and configuration are not exposed to the end user. Web Applications (Option D) are the classic example of confidential clients because they run on a secure back-end server.2 The server-side code can store and use a secret to authenticate with PingAM's token endpoint without the risk of the secret being leaked to the user-agent or a third party.
In contrast:
Web Browsers (Option C) and JavaScript clients (Option B) are considered Public Clients.3 Since the code runs within the user's browser, any secret embedded in the application would be visible to the user via "View Source" or developer tools.4 Desktop clients (Option A) and native mobile apps are also categorized as public clients in the OAuth2 specification (RFC 6749) because they are distributed to end-user devices.5 Even if the secret is obfuscated, it can be extracted through reverse engineering or decompilation.
For confidential clients, PingAM 8.0.2 supports various authentication methods at the token endpoint, including client_secret_basic, client_secret_post, and more secure options like Mutual TLS (mTLS) or Private Key JWT. By correctly identifying a client as confidential, administrators can enforce these stronger authentication requirements, ensuring that the client is indeed the entity it claims to be before granting access or refresh tokens.

67. Frage
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haben schon zahlreiche Leute mit Hilfe der Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Prüfungsunterlagen, die von uns It-Pruefung angeboten werden, die Prüfung erfolgreich bestanden.

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