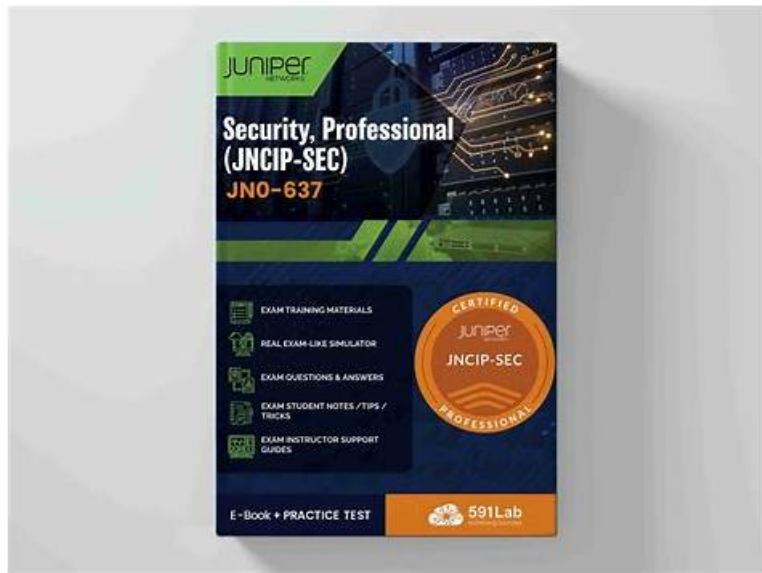


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Juniper JN0-637 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Troubleshooting Security Policies and Security Zones: This topic assesses the skills of networking professionals in troubleshooting and monitoring security policies and zones using tools like logging and tracing.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Advanced IPsec VPNs: Focusing on networking professionals, this part covers advanced IPsec VPN concepts and requires candidates to demonstrate their skills in real-world applications.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Advanced Network Address Translation (NAT): This section evaluates networking professionals' expertise in advanced NAT functionalities and their ability to manage complex NAT scenarios.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Advanced Policy-Based Routing (APBR): This topic emphasizes on advanced policy-based routing concepts and practical configuration or monitoring tasks.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Multinode High Availability (HA): In this topic, aspiring networking professionals get knowledge about multinode HA concepts. To pass the exam, candidates must learn to configure or monitor HA systems.

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Juniper Security, Professional (JNCIP-SEC) Sample Questions (Q68-Q73):

NEW QUESTION # 68

Referring to the exhibit,

which two statements are correct about the NAT configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. The original destination port is used for the source port for the session.
- B. Any external host will be able to initiate a session to the reflexive address.
- C. Both the internal and the external host can initiate a session after the initial translation.
- D. Only a specific host can initiate a session to the reflexive address after the initial session.

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Persistent NAT with target-host restricts session initiation to specific addresses, enhancing security. Reflexive NAT supports multiple connections by preserving the original port. Refer to Juniper NAT Configuration Documentation.

Referring to the NAT configuration shown in the exhibit:

* Specific Host Can Initiate a Session (Answer B): The configuration uses persistent NAT with the `permit target-host-port` statement. This allows a specific external host (based on the target host and port used in the initial session) to initiate a session back to the internal host after the initial session has been established.

Explanation: Persistent NAT ensures that the translation state is maintained, allowing external hosts to connect back only under specific conditions (e.g., the same target host and port as used in the original connection).

* Original Destination Port (Answer D): The original destination port used by the internal host is retained as the source port when the session is established from outside to inside. This behavior is a result of how persistent NAT binds the internal and external sessions, ensuring that communication occurs over the same port used for the initial session.

NEW QUESTION # 69

A company wants to partition their physical SRX series firewall into multiple logical units and assign each unit (tenant) to a department within the organization. You are the primary administrator of the firewall and a colleague is the administrator for one of the departments. Which two statements are correct about your colleague? (Choose two)

- A. The colleague can create and assign logical interfaces to the tenant system
- B. The colleague can configure the resources allocated and routing protocols
- C. The colleague can modify the number of allocated resources for the tenant system
- D. The colleague can access and view the resources of the tenant system

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

A company wants to partition their physical SRX series firewall into multiple logical units and assign each unit (tenant) to a department within the organization. You are the primary administrator of the firewall and a colleague is the administrator for one of the departments.

The two statements that are correct about your colleague are:

B) The colleague can access and view the resources of the tenant system. A tenant system is a type of logical system that is created and managed by the primary administrator of the firewall. A tenant system has its own discrete administrative domain, logical interfaces, routing instances, security policies, and other features. The primary administrator can assign a tenant system to a department within the organization and delegate the administration of the tenant system to a colleague. The colleague can access and view the resources of the tenant system, such as the allocated CPU, memory, and bandwidth, and the configured interfaces, zones, and policies1.

C) The colleague can create and assign logical interfaces to the tenant system. A logical interface is a software interface that represents a subset of the physical interface. A logical interface can have its own address, encapsulation, and routing parameters. The primary administrator can allocate a number of logical interfaces to a tenant system and allow the colleague to create and assign logical interfaces to the tenant system. The colleague can configure the logical interfaces with the appropriate address, encapsulation, and routing parameters for the tenant system2.

The other statements are incorrect because:

A) The colleague cannot configure the resources allocated and routing protocols. The resources allocated and routing protocols are

configured by the primary administrator of the firewall. The primary administrator can allocate a fixed amount of resources, such as CPU, memory, and bandwidth, to a tenant system and specify the routing protocols that are allowed for the tenant system. The colleague cannot modify the resources allocated or routing protocols for the tenant system.

D) The colleague cannot modify the number of allocated resources for the tenant system. The number of allocated resources for the tenant system is configured by the primary administrator of the firewall. The primary administrator can allocate a fixed amount of resources, such as CPU, memory, and bandwidth, to a tenant system and monitor the resource usage of the tenant system. The colleague cannot modify the number of allocated resources for the tenant system.

Reference: Understanding Tenant Systems Understanding Logical Interfaces

NEW QUESTION # 70

Referring to the exhibit, you are attempting to set up a remote access VPN on your SRX series devices.

□ However you are unsure of which system services you should allow and in which zones they should be allowed to correctly finish the remote access VPN configuration Which two statements are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. You should add the host-inbound-traffic system-service ike statement to the VPN zone.
- B. You should add the host-inbound-traffic system-service ike statement to the Untrust zone.
- C. You should add the host-inbound-traffic system-service tcp-encap statement to the VPN zone
- D. You should add the host-inbound-traffic system-service tcp-encap statement to the Untrust zone

Answer: B,D

NEW QUESTION # 71

Exhibit:

□ Referring to the exhibit, what do you use to dynamically secure traffic between the Azure and AWS clouds?

- A. You can dynamically secure traffic between the clouds by using security tags in the security policies.
- B. You can dynamically secure traffic between the clouds by using URL filtering in the security policies.
- C. You can dynamically secure traffic between the clouds by using user identities in the security policies.
- D. You can dynamically secure traffic between the clouds by using advanced connection tracking in the security policies.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Security tags facilitate dynamic traffic management between cloud environments like Azure and AWS. Tags allow flexible policies that respond to cloud-native events or resource changes, ensuring secure inter-cloud communication. For more information, see Juniper Cloud Security Tags.

In the scenario depicted in the exhibit, where traffic needs to be dynamically secured between Azure and AWS clouds, the best method to achieve dynamic security is by using security tags in the security policies.

* Explanation of Answer C (Security Tags in Security Policies):

* Security tags allow dynamic enforcement of security policies based on metadata rather than static IP addresses or zones. This is crucial in cloud environments, where resources and IP addresses can change dynamically.

* Using security tags in the security policies, you can associate traffic flows with specific applications, services, or virtual machines, regardless of their underlying IP addresses or network locations. This ensures that security policies are automatically updated as cloud resources change.

Juniper Security Reference:

* Dynamic Security with Security Tags: This feature allows you to dynamically secure cloud-based traffic using metadata and tags, ensuring that security policies remain effective even in dynamic environments. Reference: Juniper Security Tags Documentation.

NEW QUESTION # 72

You are required to secure a network against malware. You must ensure that in the event that a compromised host is identified within the network.

In this scenario after a threat has been identified, which two components are responsible for enforcing MAC-level infected host?

- A. Juniper ATP Appliance
- B. EX Series device
- C. Policy Enforcer
- D. SRX Series device

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

You are required to secure a network against malware. You must ensure that in the event that a compromised host is identified within the network, the host is isolated from the rest of the network.

In this scenario, after a threat has been identified, the two components that are responsible for enforcing MAC-level infected host are:

C) Policy Enforcer. Policy Enforcer is a software solution that integrates with Juniper ATP Cloud and Juniper ATP Appliance to provide automated threat remediation across the network. Policy Enforcer can receive threat intelligence feeds from Juniper ATP Cloud or Juniper ATP Appliance and apply them to the security policies on the SRX Series devices and the EX Series devices. Policy Enforcer can also enforce MAC-level infected host, which is a feature that allows you to quarantine a compromised host by blocking its MAC address on the switch port. Policy Enforcer can communicate with the EX Series devices and instruct them to apply the MAC-level infected host policy to the infected host1.

D) EX Series device. EX Series devices are Ethernet switches that can provide Layer 2 and Layer 3 switching capabilities and security features. EX Series devices can integrate with Policy Enforcer and Juniper ATP Cloud or Juniper ATP Appliance to provide automated threat remediation across the network. EX Series devices can support MAC-level infected host, which is a feature that allows them to quarantine a compromised host by blocking its MAC address on the switch port. EX Series devices can receive instructions from Policy Enforcer and apply the MAC-level infected host policy to the infected host2.

The other options are incorrect because:

A) SRX Series device. SRX Series devices are high-performance firewalls that can provide Layer 3 and Layer 4 security features and integrate with Juniper ATP Cloud or Juniper ATP Appliance to provide advanced threat prevention. SRX Series devices can receive threat intelligence feeds from Juniper ATP Cloud or Juniper ATP Appliance and apply them to the security policies. However, SRX Series devices cannot enforce MAC-level infected host, which is a feature that requires Layer 2 switching capabilities and is supported by EX Series devices3.

B) Juniper ATP Appliance. Juniper ATP Appliance is a hardware solution that provides advanced threat prevention by detecting and blocking malware, ransomware, and other cyberattacks. Juniper ATP Appliance can analyze the network traffic and identify the compromised hosts based on their behavior and communication patterns. Juniper ATP Appliance can also send threat intelligence feeds to Policy Enforcer and SRX Series devices to enable automated threat remediation across the network. However, Juniper ATP Appliance cannot enforce MAC-level infected host, which is a feature that requires Layer 2 switching capabilities and is supported by EX Series devices.

Reference: Policy Enforcer Overview EX Series Switches Overview

SRX Series Services Gateways Overview [Juniper ATP Appliance Overview]

NEW QUESTION # 73

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