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Exam : C_IBP_2502

Title : SAP Certified Associate -
SAP IBP for Supply Chain

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1 / 1

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SAP C_IBP_2502 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Model Sales & Operations Processes: This section targets operations managers and evaluates knowledge of sales and operations planning. It covers the alignment of supply and demand, scenario planning, and decision-making processes to optimize operational efficiency. Candidates will be assessed on their ability to configure models that support strategic business goals.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Model Supply Processes: This section assesses the expertise of supply chain planners in designing and managing supply processes. It includes setting up sourcing, inventory management, and supply constraints. Candidates will be evaluated on their ability to model supply networks and optimize resource allocation.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Master Data: This section is relevant to master data specialists and focuses on managing essential data for planning activities. It includes an understanding of product, location, and resource master data within SAP. Candidates will be tested on how to maintain accurate and consistent data to support planning functions.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solution Architecture & Data Integration: This exam section is aimed at solution architects who work with SAP data integration. It covers the fundamental concepts of integrating external data sources with SAP, ensuring seamless data flow between systems. Candidates need to understand how to maintain system architecture for optimized performance and reliability.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planning Operators & Application Jobs: This section is designed for demand planners and focuses on the configuration and execution of planning operators and application jobs. It includes an understanding of how these tools automate planning processes and improve system performance. Candidates will be tested on their ability to configure and execute jobs that support various planning functions.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User Interface: This section assesses the knowledge of business users in navigating and utilizing the SAP interface effectively. It covers how to interact with different features, customize views, and leverage UI functionalities for efficient planning and reporting. Candidates are expected to demonstrate proficiency in accessing and interpreting data within the system.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key Figures & Attributes: This section of the exam measures the skills of supply chain analysts and focuses on the key figures and attributes used in planning. It covers how to define and configure key figures to ensure accurate data representation and decision-making. Candidates are also tested on their ability to manage attributes that support various planning scenarios.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demand Planning: This section measures the skills of demand planners and focuses on the core concepts of demand planning. It includes understanding forecasting techniques, demand sensing, and demand propagation. Candidates are tested on their ability to manage demand signals and align planning with business objectives.

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SAP Certified Associate - SAP IBP for Supply Chain Sample Questions (Q33-Q38):

NEW QUESTION # 33

For which of the following application jobs can you enter planning filters as parameters? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Purge Non-Conforming Data
- B. Purge Master Data
- C. Purge Key Figure Data
- D. Create Time Periods for Time Profiles

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

Application jobs in SAP IBP (via the Application Jobs app) automate tasks, and some allow planning filters to limit their scope.

* Option A: Purge Master Data This is correct. The Purge Master Data job accepts planning filters (e.g., specific Products or Locations) to selectively delete master data, per SAP IBP's job documentation.

* Option B: Purge Key Figure Data This is correct. The Purge Key Figure Data job uses planning filters to target specific keyfigure data (e.g., by Region), a standard feature, per SAP IBP's data management guides.

* Option C: Purge Non-Conforming Data This is incorrect. This job removes inconsistent data (e.g., orphaned records), but it doesn't use planning filters as parameters; it's system-driven.

* Option D: Create Time Periods for Time Profiles This is incorrect. This job generates time periods for a time profile and doesn't involve planning filters, which apply to planning objects, not time setup.

Thus, A and B support planning filters, per SAP IBP's official job capabilities.

NEW QUESTION # 34

You are setting up planning with lot sizes. What are some of the properties of lot sizes that you need to be aware of? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Lot sizes are time-independent master data settings
- B. Periodic lot size setting overrides the minimum lot size
- C. Lot sizes are applicable for production and handling quantities
- D. Lot sizes are applicable for production and transportation quantities

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Lot sizes in SAP IBP are critical for supply planning, defining the minimum or fixed quantities for production or transportation to optimize resource use and costs. They are typically configured as master data attributes in planning areas supporting time-series-based supply planning.

* Option A: Lot sizes are applicable for production and handling quantities This is misleading. In SAP IBP, lot sizes apply to production (e.g., Production Source of Supply) and transportation (e.g., Transportation Lane), but "handling quantities" is not a standard term in SAP IBP's supply planning context. Handling might imply warehouse operations, which are out of scope for lot size settings.

* Option B: Periodic lot size setting overrides the minimum lot size This is incorrect. SAP IBP does not define "periodic lot size" as overriding minimum lot size in its standard configuration. Minimum lot size (e.g., Minimum Production Lot Size) is a fixed constraint enforced by the supply planning heuristic or optimizer, and periodic settings (e.g., planning frequency) do not override it.

* Option C: Lot sizes are time-independent master data settings This is correct. In SAP IBP, lot sizes (e.g., Minimum Lot Size, Maximum Lot Size) are defined as attributes of master data types like Production Source of Supply or Transportation Lane. These are static, time-independent values unless explicitly modeled as time-dependent key figures, which is not the default behavior. This aligns with SAP IBP's master data framework.

* Option D: Lot sizes are applicable for production and transportation quantities This is correct.

SAP IBP's supply planning supports lot sizes for both production (e.g., via Production Source Header) and transportation (e.g., via Transportation Lane). For example, a minimum lot size ensures that production runs or shipments meet a threshold, optimizing efficiency, as per SAP IBP's supply planning documentation.

Thus, C and D accurately reflect SAP IBP's lot size properties, emphasizing their role as time-independent master data affecting production and transportation.

NEW QUESTION # 35

You are adding a value-based filter to a planning view. Which of the following conditions apply? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. The alerts dashboard is not available if a value-based filter is set for the open planning view
- B. You can only apply one value-based filter per planning view
- C. You can add (or delete) planning objects to a planning view after these filters are applied
- D. These filters can be used together with attribute totals in the same planning view

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

Value-based filters in SAP IBP planning views (Excel add-in) restrict data based on key figure values (e.g., "Sales > 1000"). Their behavior is defined by SAP IBP's UI capabilities.

* Option A: These filters can be used together with attribute totals in the same planning view. This is correct. Value-based filters (e.g., filtering high-demand products) coexist with attribute totals (e.g., summing by Region), allowing combined analysis in the same view, per SAP IBP's planning view flexibility.

* Option B: The alerts dashboard is not available if a value-based filter is set for the open planning view. This is incorrect. The alerts dashboard remains accessible regardless of filters in the planning view. Alerts are independent of view-specific filters.

* Option C: You can add (or delete) planning objects to a planning view after these filters are applied. This is correct. Planning objects (e.g., Product-Location combinations) can be maintained (added/deleted) via master data apps or Excel, and the planning view reflects updates even with filters applied, per SAP IBP's dynamic data handling.

* Option D: You can only apply one value-based filter per planning view. This is incorrect. Multiple value-based filters can be applied (e.g., "Sales > 1000 AND Inventory < 500"), offering layered filtering in SAP IBP.

Thus, A and C are valid conditions for value-based filters, per SAP IBP's planning view documentation.

NEW QUESTION # 36

You want to maintain key figure values for a new attribute and value combination, using SAP IBP, add-in for Microsoft Excel, and you are receiving an error related to missing combinations. How can you resolve this problem? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Use the Manage Master Data app to create missing combinations
- B. Use the Copy Operator to create the missing combinations
- C. Use the function New Planning Object in Excel UI to create missing combination
- D. Use the Data Integration app to upload the missing combinations

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

Errors for missing combinations in SAP IBP Excel occur when key figure data references non-existent planning objects (e.g., Product-Location pairs), per SAP IBP's documentation.

* Option A: Use the Data Integration app to upload the missing combinations. This is correct. The Data Integration Jobs app can import new planning object combinations (e.g., via CSV), resolving the error, per SAP IBP's data management guides.

* Option B: Use the Manage Master Data app to create missing combinations. This is incorrect. The Manage Master Data app edits existing master data, not compound combinations directly for planning objects.

* Option C: Use the function New Planning Object in Excel UI to create missing combination. This is correct. The "New Planning Object" feature in the Excel add-in creates missing combinations (e.g., PERPRODLOC) on the fly, per SAP IBP's Excel capabilities.

* Option D: Use the Copy Operator to create the missing combinations. This is incorrect. The Copy Operator transfers key figure data, not creates new planning object combinations.

Thus, A and C resolve the issue, per SAP IBP's official tools and processes.

NEW QUESTION # 37

Which constraints are taken into account by the Time-Series-Based Supply Planning Heuristic (Infinite)?

Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. Aggregated constraints
- B. Transportation lead time
- C. Maximum lot size
- D. Adjusted transportation receipts
- E. Minimum lot size

Answer: B,D,E

Explanation:

The Time-Series-Based Supply Planning Heuristic (Infinite) in SAP IBP generates an unconstrained supply plan, ignoring capacity limits (e.g., resource availability) but respecting logistical and material constraints.

"Infinite" indicates infinite capacity, not infinite disregard for all constraints.

* Option A: Adjusted transportation receipts. This is correct. Adjusted transportation receipts (e.g., confirmed receipts adjusted for delays) are considered as inputs to ensure the heuristic aligns supply with available stock movements, a standard feature in SAP IBP's time-series planning.

* Option B: Aggregated constraints. This is incorrect. Aggregated constraints (e.g., total capacity across locations) imply finite limits,

* Option C: Maximum lot size This is incorrect. While maximum lot size is a constraint in finite heuristics or optimization, the infinite heuristic does not cap production or transportation quantities, focusing instead on minimums and lead times.

* Option E: Minimum lot size. This is correct. Minimum lot size (from Production Source or Transportation Lane) ensures that planned quantities meet minimum thresholds, a constraint enforced even in infinite planning to reflect realistic batch sizes.

NEW QUESTION # 38

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