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EC-COUNCIL 312-49v11 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|---------|---|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Understanding Hard Disks and File Systems: This domain covers storage media characteristics, disk logical structures, operating system boot processes (Windows, Linux, macOS), file systems analysis, encoding standards, and examination of common file formats. |
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Email and Social Media Forensics: This domain addresses email crime investigation including message analysis, U.S. email laws, social media activity tracking, footage extraction, and social network graph analysis. |

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| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Malware Forensics: This domain addresses malware investigation including controlled lab setup, static analysis, system and network behavior analysis, suspicious document examination, and ransomware investigation techniques. |
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Investigating Web Attacks: This domain covers web application forensics including IIS and Apache log analysis, OWASP Top 10 risks, and investigation of attacks like XSS, SQL injection, path traversal, command injection, and brute-force attempts. |
| Topic 5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dark Web Forensics: This domain addresses dark web investigation focusing on Tor browser artifact identification, memory dump analysis, and extracting evidence of dark web activities. |
| Topic 6 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IoT Forensics: This domain addresses IoT device investigation including architecture, OWASP IoT threats, forensic processes, wearable and smart device analysis, hardware-level techniques (JTAG, chip-off), and drone data extraction. |
| Topic 7 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linux and Mac Forensics: This domain addresses forensic methodologies for Linux and macOS systems including data collection, memory forensics, log analysis, APFS examination, and platform-specific investigation tools. |

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EC-COUNCIL Computer Hacking Forensic Investigator (CHFI-v11) Sample Questions (Q195-Q200):

NEW QUESTION # 195

In the wake of a cyberattack, a large e-commerce platform experiences widespread system downtime, leading to significant financial losses and tarnished customer trust. As they scramble to regain control, it becomes evident that sensitive customer data has been compromised, posing a threat to data security and the platform's reputation. Amidst the aftermath of the cyberattack on the e-commerce platform, which of the following consequences is not the result of a lack of forensic readiness?

- A. System downtime
- B. Data manipulation, deletion, and theft
- C. Inability to collect legally sound evidence
- D. Limited collaboration with legal and IT

Answer: A

Explanation:

According to the CHFI v11 objectives under Computer Forensics Fundamentals, Forensic Readiness, and Incident Response Integration, forensic readiness refers to an organization's ability to efficiently collect, preserve, analyze, and present digital evidence while minimizing the cost and impact of investigations. A lack of forensic readiness primarily affects how well an organization can respond to, investigate, and legally defend itself after an incident—not whether the incident causes operational disruption. System downtime (Option B) is a direct operational impact of a cyberattack, such as a DDoS attack, ransomware infection, or system compromise. While poor preparedness may prolong recovery, downtime itself is not caused by the absence of forensic readiness; it is caused by the attack's technical and operational effects. Therefore, system downtime is not a consequence of lacking forensic readiness.

In contrast, the other options are well-documented consequences of poor forensic readiness in CHFI v11.

Lack of preparation often results in inability to collect legally sound evidence (Option D), which affects court admissibility. Limited collaboration with legal and IT teams (Option C) occurs when roles, procedures, and escalation paths are not predefined.

Additionally, without proper controls and monitoring, data manipulation, deletion, and theft (Option A) may go undetected or untraceable.

The CHFI Exam Blueprint v4 emphasizes forensic readiness as a strategic capability focused on evidence integrity, compliance, and investigative efficiency, not on preventing or causing system downtime, making Option B the correct and exam-aligned answer.

NEW QUESTION # 196

Sarah, a security analyst, is reviewing the security audit logs from a Windows machine to detect unauthorized activities. She comes across an event with the ID 4663 in the Windows Event Viewer, which corresponds to a specific type of system interaction. After further analysis, she determines that this event is related to an activity involving critical system objects.

What does Event ID 4663 specifically indicate in relation to Windows security?

- A. A system object was deleted.
- **B. An attempt to open an object for modification.**
- C. A user logged in to access the system configuration.
- D. An attempt to interact with a protected object, such as a registry key or file.

Answer: B

Explanation:

This question aligns with CHFI v1.1 objectives under Operating System Forensics, specifically Windows Security Event Log analysis and object access auditing. In Windows systems, Event ID 4663 is generated when an attempt is made to access an object (such as a file, folder, registry key, or other securable object) and detailed auditing is enabled. CHFI v1.1 emphasizes the importance of this event in identifying unauthorized or suspicious access attempts to sensitive system resources.

Event ID 4663 provides granular information about the type of access requested, such as read, write, modify, delete, or permission changes. This makes it particularly valuable in forensic investigations, as it allows investigators to determine whether a user or process attempted to modify critical system objects, which is often indicative of malicious activity, privilege abuse, or insider threats. While deletion events are logged separately (e.g., Event ID 4660), and general logon activity is captured by different event IDs (such as 4624), Event ID 4663 focuses specifically on object access attempts. Option C is partially descriptive but too broad; the defining characteristic of Event ID 4663 is the attempt to open an object with specific access rights, making option A the most precise and CHFI v1.1-aligned answer.

NEW QUESTION # 197

During a securities-fraud litigation in New York, a corporation initiates an eDiscovery program. Before any data collection begins, the team must define the scenarios for evidence gathering, including what will be collected, where it resides, and how it will be preserved, to ensure admissibility and compliance. Which role is responsible for this task?

- **A. Legal Expert or eDiscovery Attorney**
- B. Project Manager
- C. Team Leads
- D. IT Support Personnel

Answer: A

Explanation:

The best answer is C because defining what must be collected, where relevant electronically stored information exists, and how it should be preserved for litigation is fundamentally a legal-scoping responsibility. CHFI v1.1 places strong emphasis on eDiscovery process flow, the Electronic Discovery Reference Model cycle, legal issues, evidence admissibility, and the relationship between forensic handling and judicial use. That means the person who frames collection scope and preservation requirements must understand legal relevance, regulatory exposure, privilege, and defensibility. IT support personnel may help identify systems and retrieve data, but they do not normally decide legal collection boundaries. Team leads may coordinate execution, and project managers may track schedules and resources, yet neither is the primary authority on admissibility and legal sufficiency. The legal expert or eDiscovery attorney is the role best positioned to define the collection scenario in a way that aligns business systems with litigation duties. In CHFI-style reasoning, whenever the task centers on determining what evidence should be collected for legal proceedings and how to preserve it to satisfy compliance requirements, the legal expert or eDiscovery attorney is the most appropriate answer.

NEW QUESTION # 198

What malware analysis operation can the investigator perform using the jv16 tool?

- A. Installation Monitor
- **B. Registry Analysis/Monitoring**
- C. Network Traffic Monitoring/Analysis
- D. Files and Folder Monitor

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 199

What is the name of the standard Linux command that can be used to create bit-stream images?

- **A. dd**
- B. image
- C. MD5
- D. mcopy

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 200

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