

Latest CMMC-CCP Mock Exam, CMMC-CCP Reliable Test Bootcamp



DOWNLOAD the newest Test4Cram CMMC-CCP PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1VhAqUbm-0E9OsKdLkv80HUGm6r5IgvU>

Test4Cram Cyber AB CMMC-CCP Practice Test dumps can help you pass IT certification exam in a relaxed manner. In addition, if you first take the exam, you can use software version dumps. Because the SOFT version questions and answers completely simulate the actual exam. You can experience the feeling in the actual test in advance so that you will not feel anxious in the real exam. After you use the SOFT version, you can take your exam in a relaxed attitude which is beneficial to play your normal level.

Though our CMMC-CCP training guide is proved to have high pass rate, but If you try our CMMC-CCP exam questions but fail in the final exam, we can refund the fees in full only if you provide us with a transcript or other proof that you failed the exam. We believe that our business will last only if we treat our customers with sincerity and considerate service. So, please give the CMMC-CCP Study Materials a chance to help you.

>> Latest CMMC-CCP Mock Exam <<

CMMC-CCP Actual Questions Update in a High Speed - Test4Cram

At the same time, CMMC-CCP study material also has a timekeeping function that allows you to be cautious and keep your own speed while you are practicing, so as to avoid the situation that you can't finish all the questions during the exam. With CMMC-CCP Learning Materials, you only need to spend half your money to get several times better service than others. And you can get the CMMC-CCP certification with little effort and money.

Cyber AB CMMC-CCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CMMC Governance and Source Documents: This section of the exam measures the capabilities of legal or compliance advisors, covering key regulatory frameworks that govern cybersecurity compliance. Topics include Federal Contract Information, Controlled Unclassified Information, the role of NIST SP 800-171, DFARS, FAR, and the structure and requirements of CMMC v2.0, including self-assessments and certification levels.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Scoping: This section of the exam measures the analytical skills of cybersecurity practitioners, highlighting their ability to properly define assessment scope. Candidates must demonstrate knowledge of identifying and classifying Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) assets, recognizing the difference between in-scope, out-of-scope, and specialized assets, and applying logical and physical separation techniques to determine accurate scoping for assessments

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMMC Assessment Process (CAP): This section of the exam measures the planning and execution skills of audit and assessment professionals, covering the end-to-end CMMC Assessment Process. This includes planning, executing, documenting, reporting assessments, and managing Plans of Action and Milestones (POA&M) in alignment with DoD and CMMC-AB methodology.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMMC Ecosystem: This section of the exam measures the skills of consultants and compliance professionals and focuses on the different roles and responsibilities across the CMMC ecosystem. Candidates must understand the functions of entities such as the Department of Defense, CMMC-AB, Organizations Seeking Certification, Registered Practitioners, and Certified CMMC Professionals, as well as how the ecosystem supports cybersecurity standards and certification.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMMC Model Construct and Implementation Evaluation: This section of the exam measures the evaluative skills of cybersecurity assessors, focusing on the application and assessment of the CMMC model. It includes understanding its levels, domains, practices, and implementation criteria, and how to assess whether organizations meet the required cybersecurity practices using evidence-based evaluation.

Cyber AB Certified CMMC Professional (CCP) Exam Sample Questions (Q197-Q202):

NEW QUESTION # 197

Which term describes the process of granting or denying specific requests to obtain and use information, related information processing services, and enter specific physical facilities?

- A. Discretionary access control
- B. Access control
- C. Physical access control
- D. Mandatory access control

Answer: B

Explanation:

Understanding Access Control in CMMC Access control refers to the process of granting or denying specific requests to:

- * Obtain and use information
- * Access information processing services
- * Enter specific physical locations

The Access Control (AC) domain in CMMC is based on NIST SP 800-171 (3.1 Access Control family) and includes requirements to:

#Implement policies for granting and revoking access.

#Restrict access to authorized personnel only.

#Protect physical and digital assets from unauthorized access.

Since the question broadly asks about the process of granting or denying access to information, services, and physical locations, the correct answer is A. Access Control.

* B. Physical access control #Incorrect. Physical access control is a subset of access control that only applies to physical locations (e.g., keycards, security guards, biometrics). The question includes information and services, making general access control the correct choice.

* C. Mandatory access control (MAC) #Incorrect. MAC is a specific type of access control where access is strictly enforced based on security classifications (e.g., Top Secret, Secret, Confidential). The question does not specify MAC, so this is incorrect.

* D. Discretionary access control (DAC) #Incorrect. DAC is another specific type of access control, where owners of data decide who can access it. The question asks generally about granting/denying access, making access control (A) the best answer.

Why the Other Answers Are Incorrect

* CMMC 2.0 Model - AC.L2-3.1.1 to AC.L2-3.1.22- Covers access control requirements, including controlling access to information, services, and physical spaces.

* NIST SP 800-171 (3.1 - Access Control Family)- Defines the general principles of access control.

CMMC Official References Thus, option A (Access Control) is the correct answer, as it best aligns with CMMC access control requirements.

NEW QUESTION # 198

An Assessment Team is conducting interviews with team members about their roles and responsibilities. The team member responsible for maintaining the antivirus program knows that it was deployed but has very little knowledge on how it works. Is this adequate for the practice?

- **A. No, the team member must know how the antivirus program is deployed and maintained.**
- B. Yes, antivirus programs are automated to run independently.
- C. No, the team member's interview answers about deployment and maintenance are insufficient.
- D. Yes, the antivirus program is available, so it is sufficient.

Answer: A

Explanation:

For a practice to be adequately implemented in a CMMC Level 2 assessment, the responsible personnel must demonstrate knowledge of deployment, maintenance, and operation of security tools such as antivirus programs. Simply having the tool in place is not sufficient—there must be evidence that it is properly configured, updated, and monitored to protect against threats.

Step-by-Step Breakdown: #1. Relevant CMMC and NIST SP 800-171 Requirements

* CMMC Level 2 aligns with NIST SP 800-171, which includes:

* Requirement 3.14.5 (System and Information Integrity - SI-3):

* "Employ automated mechanisms to identify, report, and correct system flaws in a timely manner."

* Requirement 3.14.6 (SI-3(2)):

* "Employ automated tools to detect and prevent malware execution."

* These requirements imply that the person responsible for antivirus must understand how it is deployed and maintained to ensure compliance.

#2. Why the Team Member's Knowledge is Insufficient

* Antivirus tools require regular updates, configuration adjustments, and monitoring to function properly.

* The responsible team member must:

* Know how the antivirus was deployed across systems.

* Be able to confirm updates, logs, and alerts are monitored.

* Understand how to respond to malware detections and failures.

* If the team member lacks this knowledge, assessors may determine the practice is not fully implemented.

#3. Why the Other Answer Choices Are Incorrect:

* (A) Yes, the antivirus program is available, so it is sufficient. #

* Incorrect: Just having antivirus software installed does not prove compliance. It must be managed and maintained.

* (B) Yes, antivirus programs are automated to run independently. #

* Incorrect: While automation helps, security tools require oversight, updates, and configuration.

* (D) No, the team member's interview answers about deployment and maintenance are insufficient. #

* Partially correct but incomplete: The main issue is that the team member must have sufficient knowledge, not just that their answers are weak.

Final Validation from CMMC Documentation: The CMMC Assessment Guide for SI-3 and SI-3(2) states that personnel must understand the function, deployment, and maintenance of security tools to ensure proper implementation.

Thus, the correct answer is:

NEW QUESTION # 199

Prior to initiating an OSC's CMMC Assessment, the Lead Assessor briefed the team on the most important requirements of the assessment. The assessor also insisted that the same results of the findings summary, practice ratings, and Level recommendations must be submitted to the C3PAO for initial processes and review. After several weeks of assessment, the C3PAO completes the internal review, the recommended results are then submitted through the C3PAO for final quality review and rating approval. Which document stipulates these reporting requirements?

- **A. CMMC Assessment reporting requirements**
- B. DFARS 52.204-21 assessment reporting requirements
- C. DFARS clause 252.204-7012 assessment reporting requirements
- D. NIST SP 800-171 Revision 2 assessment reporting requirements

Answer: A

Explanation:

The correct answer is A. CMMC Assessment Reporting Requirements because this document specifically outlines the structured process that Certified Third-Party Assessment Organizations (C3PAOs) must follow when conducting and reporting CMMC assessments.

- * Understanding the CMMC Assessment Process
 - * The Lead Assessor briefs the team on the assessment requirements and the evaluation criteria before the assessment begins.
 - * Throughout the assessment, findings summaries, practice ratings, and level recommendations are documented and reported.
 - * These findings are internally reviewed by the C3PAO before they are formally submitted for quality review and final rating approval.
 - * Key Document Stipulating Reporting Requirements: CMMC Assessment Reporting Requirements
 - * This document specifically details how assessments must be reported within the CMMC ecosystem.
 - * It describes the structured process for assessment submission, internal C3PAO reviews, and quality checks by the CMMC-AB before an organization can receive a final certification decision.
 - * It ensures that results are consistent, transparent, and aligned with DoD cybersecurity compliance expectations.
 - * Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
 - * B. DFARS 52.204-21 Assessment Reporting Requirements
 - * This clause only specifies basic safeguarding of Federal Contract Information (FCI) but does not dictate the reporting process for CMMC assessments.
 - * C. NIST SP 800-171 Revision 2 Assessment Reporting Requirements
 - * While NIST SP 800-171 Rev. 2 outlines security controls, it does not define how CMMC assessments must be conducted and reported.
 - * D. DFARS Clause 252.204-7012 Assessment Reporting Requirements
 - * This DFARS clause focuses on incident reporting and cyber incident response requirements but does not detail the CMMC assessment reporting process.
 - * CMMC Assessment Reporting Requirements, issued by The Cyber AB and DoD, governs how C3PAOs must report assessment results.
 - * CMMC Assessment Process (CAP) also outlines reporting workflows for certification.
- Step-by-Step Breakdown: Official Reference: Thus, the CMMC Assessment Reporting Requirements document is the authoritative source that dictates the reporting procedures for CMMC assessments.

NEW QUESTION # 200

A Lead Assessor is performing a CMMC readiness review. The Lead Assessor has already recorded the assessment risk status and the overall assessment feasibility. At MINIMUM, what remaining readiness review criteria should be verified?

- A. Determine the practice pass/fail results.
- **B. Determine the logistics, Assessment Team, and the evidence readiness.**
- C. Determine the preliminary recommended findings.
- D. Determine the initial model practice ratings and record them.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 201

When are data and documents with legacy markings from or for the DoD required to be re-marked or redacted?

- **A. When a document is being shared outside of the organization**
- B. When the document is considered secret
- C. When a derivative document's original information is not CUI
- D. When under the control of the DoD

Answer: A

Explanation:

- * Background on Legacy Markings and CUI
- * Legacy markings refer to classification labels used before the implementation of the Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) Program under DoD Instruction 5200.48.
- * Documents with legacy markings (such as "For Official Use Only" (FOUO) or "Sensitive But Unclassified" (SBU)) must be reviewed for re-marking or redaction to align with CUI requirements.
- * When Must Legacy Markings Be Updated?
- * If the document is retained internally (Answer A - Incorrect): Documents under DoD control do not require immediate re-marking unless they are being shared externally.
- * If the document is classified as Secret (Answer B - Incorrect): This question is about CUI, not classified information. Secret-level documents follow different marking rules under DoD Manual 5200.01.
- * If a document is being shared externally (Answer C - Correct):

