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Palo Alto Networks XDR Analyst Certification
Explained: What to Expect and How to Prepare?

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Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Incident Handling and Response: This domain focuses on investigating alerts using forensics, causality chains and timelines, analyzing security incidents, executing response actions including automated remediation, and managing exclusions.
Topic 2	• Data Analysis: This domain encompasses querying data with XQL language, utilizing query templates and libraries, working with lookup tables, hunting for IOCs, using Cortex XDR dashboards, and understanding data retention and Host Insights.
Topic 3	• Endpoint Security Management: This domain addresses managing endpoint prevention profiles and policies, validating agent operational states, and assessing the impact of agent versions and content updates.
Topic 4	• Alerting and Detection Processes: This domain covers identifying alert types and sources, prioritizing alerts through scoring and custom configurations, creating incidents, and grouping alerts with data stitching techniques.

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Palo Alto Networks XDR Analyst Sample Questions (Q43-Q48):

NEW QUESTION # 43
Which type of BIOC rule is currently available in Cortex XDR?

- A. Network
- B. Discovery
- C. Threat Actor
- D. Dropper

Answer: B

Explanation:
The type of BIOC rule that is currently available in Cortex XDR is Discovery. A Discovery BIOC rule is a rule that detects suspicious or malicious behavior on endpoints based on the Cortex XDR data. A Discovery BIOC rule can use various event types, such as file, injection, load image, network, process, registry, or user, to define the criteria for the rule. A Discovery BIOC rule can also use operators, functions, and variables to create complex logic and conditions for the rule. A Discovery BIOC rule can generate alerts when the rule is triggered, and these alerts can be grouped into incidents for further investigation and response12.
Let's briefly discuss the other options to provide a comprehensive explanation:
A . Threat Actor: This is not the correct answer. Threat Actor is not a type of BIOC rule that is currently available in Cortex XDR. Threat Actor is a term that refers to an individual or a group that is responsible for a cyberattack or a threat campaign. Cortex XDR does not support creating BIOC rules based on threat actors, but it can provide threat intelligence and context from various sources, such as Unit 42, AutoFocus, or Cortex XSOAR3.
C . Network: This is not the correct answer. Network is not a type of BIOC rule that is currently available in Cortex XDR. Network is an event type that can be used in a Discovery BIOC rule to define the criteria based on network attributes, such as source IP, destination IP, source port, destination port, protocol, or domain. Network is not a standalone type of BIOC rule, but a part of the Discovery BIOC rule2.
D . Dropper: This is not the correct answer. Dropper is not a type of BIOC rule that is currently available in Cortex XDR. Dropper is a term that refers to a type of malware that is designed to download and install other malicious files or programs on a compromised system. Cortex XDR does not support creating BIOC rules based on droppers, but it can detect and prevent droppers using various methods, such as behavioral threat protection, exploit prevention, or WildFire analysis4.
In conclusion, the type of BIOC rule that is currently available in Cortex XDR is Discovery. By using Discovery BIOC rules, you can create custom detection rules that match your specific use cases and scenarios.
Reference:
Create a BIOC Rule
BIOC Rule Event Types
Threat Intelligence and Context
Malware Prevention

NEW QUESTION # 44
What functionality of the Broker VM would you use to ingest third-party firewall logs to the Cortex Data Lake?

- A. Pathfinder
- B. DB Collector
- C. Syslog Collector
- D. Netflow Collector

Answer: C

Explanation:
The Broker VM is a virtual machine that acts as a data broker between third-party data sources and the Cortex Data Lake. It can ingest different types of data, such as syslog, netflow, database, and pathfinder. The Syslog Collector functionality of the Broker VM allows it to receive syslog messages from third-party devices, such as firewalls, routers, switches, and servers, and forward them to the Cortex Data Lake. The Syslog Collector can be configured to filter, parse, and enrich the syslog messages before sending them to the Cortex Data Lake. The Syslog Collector can also be used to ingest logs from third-party firewall vendors, such as Cisco, Fortinet, and Check Point, to the Cortex Data Lake. This enables Cortex XDR to analyze the firewall logs and provide visibility and threat detection across the network perimeter. Reference:

Cortex XDR Data Broker VM
Syslog Collector
Supported Third-Party Firewall Vendors

NEW QUESTION # 45
An attacker tries to load dynamic libraries on macOS from an unsecure location. Which Cortex XDR module can prevent this attack?

- A. Kernel Integrity Monitor (KIM)
- B. Dylib Hijacking
- C. Hot Patch Protection
- D. DDL Security

Answer: B

Explanation:
The correct answer is D. Dylib Hijacking. Dylib Hijacking, also known as Dynamic Library Hijacking, is a technique used by attackers to load malicious dynamic libraries on macOS from an unsecure location. This technique takes advantage of the way macOS searches for dynamic libraries to load when an application is executed. To prevent such attacks, Palo Alto Networks offers the Dylib Hijacking prevention capability as part of their Cortex XDR platform. This capability is designed to detect and block attempts to load dynamic libraries from unauthorized or unsecure locations1.
Let's briefly discuss the other options to provide a comprehensive explanation:
A . DDL Security: This is not the correct answer. DDL Security is not specifically designed to prevent dynamic library loading attacks on macOS. DDL Security is focused on protecting against DLL (Dynamic Link Library) hijacking on Windows systems2.
B . Hot Patch Protection: Hot Patch Protection is not directly related to preventing dynamic library loading attacks. It is a security feature that protects against runtime patching or modification of code in memory, often used by advanced attackers to bypass security measures3. While Hot Patch Protection is a valuable security feature, it is not directly relevant to the scenario described.
C . Kernel Integrity Monitor (KIM): Kernel Integrity Monitor is also not the correct answer. KIM is a module in Cortex XDR that focuses on monitoring and protecting the integrity of the macOS kernel. It detects and prevents unauthorized modifications to critical kernel components4. While KIM plays an essential role in overall macOS security, it does not specifically address the prevention of dynamic library loading attacks.
In conclusion, Dylib Hijacking is the Cortex XDR module that specifically addresses the prevention of attackers loading dynamic libraries from unsecure locations on macOS. By leveraging this module, organizations can enhance their security posture and protect against this specific attack vector.
Reference:
Endpoint Protection Modules
DDL Security
Hot Patch Protection
Kernel Integrity Monitor

NEW QUESTION # 46
What are two purposes of "Respond to Malicious Causality Chains" in a Cortex XDR Windows Malware profile? (Choose two.)

- A. Automatically close the connections involved in malicious traffic.
- B. Automatically kill the processes involved in malicious activity.
- C. Automatically terminate the threads involved in malicious activity.
- D. Automatically block the IP addresses involved in malicious traffic.

Answer: B,D

Explanation:
The "Respond to Malicious Causality Chains" feature in a Cortex XDR Windows Malware profile allows the agent to take automatic actions against network connections and processes that are involved in malicious activity on the endpoint. The feature has two modes: Block IP Address and Kill Process1.
The two purposes of "Respond to Malicious Causality Chains" in a Cortex XDR Windows Malware profile are:
Automatically kill the processes involved in malicious activity. This can help to stop the malware from spreading or doing any further damage.
Automatically block the IP addresses involved in malicious traffic. This can help to prevent the malware from communicating with its command and control server or other malicious hosts.

The other two options, automatically close the connections involved in malicious traffic and automatically terminate the threads involved in malicious activity, are not specific to "Respond to Malicious Causality Chains". They are general security measures that the agent can perform regardless of the feature.
Reference:
Cortex XDR Agent Security Profiles
Cortex XDR Agent 7.5 Release Notes
PCDRA: What are purposes of "Respond to Malicious Causality Chains" in ...

NEW QUESTION # 47
Which of the following policy exceptions applies to the following description?
'An exception allowing specific PHP files'

- A. Behavioral threat protection rule exception
- B. Process exception
- C. Local file threat examination exception
- D. Support exception

Answer: C

Explanation:
The policy exception that applies to the following description is B, local file threat examination exception. A local file threat examination exception is an exception that allows you to exclude specific files or folders from being scanned by the Cortex XDR agent for malware or threats. You can use this exception to prevent false positives, performance issues, or compatibility problems with legitimate files or applications. You can define the local file threat examination exception by file name, file path, file hash, or digital signer. For example, you can create a local file threat examination exception for specific PHP files by entering their file names or paths in the exception configuration. Reference:
Local File Threat Examination Exceptions
Create a Local File Threat Examination Exception

NEW QUESTION # 48
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