1z0-1124-25試験参考書、1z0-1124-25試験準備、1z0-1124-25テスト問題集
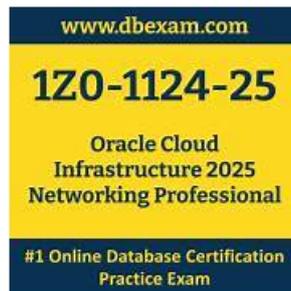
P.S. JpexamがGoogle Driveで共有している無料かつ新しい1z0-1124-25ダンプ：https://drive.google.com/open?id=11FDzjyGGiX6Cd8lfb0zoXX0vB4fxaoQu

多分、1z0-1124-25テスト質問の数が伝統的な問題の数倍である。Oracle　1z0-1124-25試験参考書は全ての知識を含めて、全面的です。そして、1z0-1124-25試験参考書の問題は本当の試験問題とだいたい同じことであるとわかります。1z0-1124-25試験参考書があれば,ほかの試験参考書を勉強する必要がないです。

Oracle 1z0-1124-25 認定試験の出題範囲：

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	• Design and Deploy OCI Virtual Cloud Networks (VCN): This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cloud Network Engineer and covers the design and configuration of Virtual Cloud Networks in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. It includes understanding VCN and subnet characteristics, implementing both IPv4 and IPv6 addressing, identifying the distinct roles of OCI gateways, and recognizing endpoint types and their application within networking architectures. Knowledge of Object Storage endpoints is also referenced.
トピック 2	• Plan and Design OCI Networking Solutions and App Services: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Solutions Architect and focuses on planning comprehensive networking and application service strategies. It includes understanding IP management practices, choosing procedural steps for deployments, and evaluating OCI load balancers, DNS configurations, and traffic steering options. Basic familiarity with DNS Security Extensions (DNSsec) is acknowledged as a placeholder for future integration.
トピック 3	• Transitive Routing: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Network Security Engineer and focuses on the interpretation and synthesis of transitive routing configurations. It includes understanding how DRG, Local Peering Gateways (LPG), and network appliances interact in a routed network and implementing those configurations effectively.

トピック 4	• Migrate Workloads to OCI: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cloud Migration Specialist and focuses on identifying the best networking connectivity strategies when migrating workloads to Oracle Cloud. It includes scenarios involving on-premises infrastructure, other cloud providers, and multicloud environments, ensuring proper connectivity and minimal downtime during transitions.
トピック 5	• Implement and Operate Secure OCI Networking and Connectivity Solutions: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cloud Security Specialist and centers around securing networking configurations and interconnectivity in OCI. It involves applying IAM policies for tenancy communication, using bastion services in multi-tier setups, exploring CloudShell capabilities, and evaluating network security layers like OCI Network Firewall, Web Application Firewall (WAF), edge services, and certificates. This section also references obsolete content related to IaC and OKE in networking architectures while touching on zero-trust packet routing models.

>> 1z0-1124-25資格復習テキスト <<

最新-正確的な1z0-1124-25資格復習テキスト試験-試験の準備方法1z0-1124-25出題範囲

1z0-1124-25学習教材は、試験にすばやく合格し、希望する証明書を取得するのに役立ちます。その後、あなたは良い仕事を得るためにもう一つのチップを持っています。1z0-1124-25学習教材を使用すると、より高い出発点に立って、1z0-1124-25試験に他の人よりも一歩早く合格し、他の人よりも早くチャンスを活用できます。このペースの速い社会では、あなたの時間はとても貴重です。1人の力だけに頼る場合、あなたが優位に立つことは困難です。1z0-1124-25の学習に関する質問は、最も満足のいくアシスタントになります。

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2025 Networking Professional 認定 1z0-1124-25 試験問題 (Q53-Q58):

質問 # 53
You are designing a hybrid cloud architecture connecting your on-premises network to OCI. You have established a Site-to-Site VPN between your on-premises network and an OCI DRG. You have two VCNs attached to the DRG: VCN-A (10.0.0.0/16) and VCN-B (10.1.0.0/16). You need to ensure that only VCN-A can communicate with the on-premises network (192.168.1.0/24), while VCN-B should remain isolated. What is the MOST effective and secure method to achieve this connectivity requirement using DRG route tables?

- A. Create a single DRG route table. Add a route rule to the DRG route table for 192.168.1.0/24 pointing to the VPN attachment. Associate this route table with the VCN-A attachment. Associate a default DRG route table that contains no routes for the VPN attachment with the VCN-Battachment.
- B. Create two DRG route tables: DRG-RT-A and DRG-RT-B. In DRG-RT-A, add a route rule for 192.168.1.0/24 pointing to the VPN attachment. Associate DRG-RT-A with the VCN-A attachment. In DRG-RT-B, add a route rule for 192.168.1.0/24 pointing to the VPN attachment and associate DRG- RT-B with the VCN-B attachment. Then, use security lists to block all traffic between VCN-B and the on-premises network.
- C. Create two DRG route tables: DRG-RT-A and DRG-RT-B. In DRG-RT-A, add a route rule for 192.168.1.0/24 pointing to the VPN attachment. Associate DRG-RT-A with the VCN-A attachment. Associate DRG-RT-B (containing no routes for 192.168.1.0/24) with the VCN-B attachment.
- D. Create a single DRG route table. Add a route rule to the DRG route table for 192.168.1.0/24 pointing to the VPN attachment. Associate this route table with both the VCN-A and VCN-B attachments. Implement Network Security Groups (NSGs) on VCN-B to block all traffic to and from 192.168.1.0/24.

正解：C

解説：
* Objective: Allow VCN-A to access on-premises (192.168.1.0/24) via VPN, isolate VCN-B using DRG route tables effectively and securely.
* Option A: Single route table for both VCNs with NSGs on VCN-B to block traffic. This works but relies on NSGs, which are secondary to routing. Routing-level isolation is more secure and efficient.
* Option B: Single route table for VCN-A with the VPN route, default table (no VPN route) for VCN-B.
This isolates VCN-B effectively at the routing level, but managing one table across all attachments can complicate scaling.

* Option C: Two route tables, both with VPN routes, then blocking VCN-B with security lists. This is inefficient-routes are advertised unnecessarily, relying on security lists instead of routing isolation.
* Option D: Two route tables-DRG-RT-A with VPN route for VCN-A, DRG-RT-B with no VPN route for VCN-B. This ensures VCN-B has no path to on-premises at the DRG level, providing the strongest isolation.
* Conclusion: Option D is the most effective and secure, leveraging routing for isolation rather than secondary security controls. Oracle documentation states:
* "DRG route tables control traffic between VCN attachments and external connections (e.g., VPN).
Associate a unique route table with each attachment to enforce specific routing policies."
* "To isolate a VCN, ensure its DRG route table contains no routes to the destination."Option D aligns with this approach.
Reference:Dynamic Routing Gateway Overview - Oracle Help Center(docs.oracle.
com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/managingDRGs.htm).

質問 # 54
Your company is migrating its on-premises data center to OCI. A critical security requirement is to maintain centralized logging and auditing of all network traffic traversing the OCI Network Firewall. You need to ensure that every session that passes through the firewall is logged and can be analyzed for security events.
Which OCI service should you configure in conjunction with the Network Firewall to achieve this centralized logging?

* A. OCI Logging Analytics.
* B. OCI Cloud Guard.
* C. OCI Audit Service.
* D. OCI Service Connector Hub with OCI Logging.

正解：D

解説：
* Requirement:Centralized logging of Network Firewall traffic for analysis.
* OCI Services:
* Audit Service:Logs API calls, not network traffic.
* Logging Analytics:Analyzes logs but needs log ingestion.
* Service Connector Hub with Logging:Moves firewall logs to OCI Logging.
* Cloud Guard:Monitors security posture, not detailed logging.
* Evaluate Options:
* A:Audit Service is for API events; incorrect.
* B:Logging Analytics requires log source; incomplete.
* C:Service Connector Hub with Logging captures and stores firewall logs; best fit.
* D:Cloud Guard is for threat detection, not logging; incorrect.
* Conclusion:Service Connector Hub with OCI Logging meets the requirement.
OCI Network Firewall logs require integration with OCI Logging. The Oracle Networking Professional study guide states, "Service Connector Hub can be configured to transfer Network Firewall logs to OCI Logging for centralized storage and analysis, meeting auditing requirements" (OCI Networking Documentation, Section:
Network Firewall Logging). This ensures every session is logged and auditable.

質問 # 55
You are designing a highly available web application on OCI. The application needs to be accessible globally with traffic being routed to the nearest region based on user location. Additionally, you need to implement sophisticated traffic management policies, such as A/B testing and weighted traffic distribution based on application version. You also require protection against DDoS attacks.
Which OCI load balancing solution is best suited for these requirements?

* A. Network Load Balancer
* B. Regional Load Balancer
* C. Flexible Load Balancer
* D. Global Load Balancer with Traffic Management Steering Policies

正解：D

解説：
* Requirements:Global access, geo-routing, advanced traffic management, DDoS protection.
* Load Balancer Options:

* Regional LB:Single-region, no global routing or advanced policies.
* NLB:Layer 4, no HTTP-based traffic management or DDoS features.
* Global LB with Steering Policies:Layer 7, supports geo-routing and policies.
* Flexible LB:Not a specific OCI service.
* Assess Fit:
* A:Lacks global and advanced features; unsuitable.
* B:No Layer 7 or DDoS protection; incorrect.
* C:Meets all requirements with geo-routing, steering policies, and WAF integration; best fit.
* D:Non-existent service; incorrect.
* Conclusion:Global LB with steering policies is the best solution.
The Global Load Balancer with Traffic Management Steering Policies supports global applications. The Oracle Networking Professional study guide explains, "Global Load Balancer enables geo-based routing and advanced traffic policies like A/B testing and weighted distribution, integrating with OCI WAF for DDoS protection" (OCI Networking Documentation, Section: Load Balancing - Traffic Management). This aligns with all specified requirements.

質問 # 56
You are a Network Engineer designing a hybrid cloud architecture for a large enterprise. The company requires secure and private connectivity between their on-premises network and their OCI VCN. They have sensitive data that cannot traverse the public internet. Which OCI VCN gateway is most appropriate for establishing this connection, ensuring end-to-end data encryption and isolation from the public internet?

- A. An Internet Gateway configured with default route rules.
- B. A Service Gateway configured to access Oracle Services.
- C. A NAT Gateway configured with public IPs for all subnets.
- D. A Dynamic Routing Gateway (DRG) connected to a FastConnect circuit.

正解：D

解説：
* Requirements:Private, encrypted connectivity to on-premises, no public internet.
* Gateway Options:
* Service Gateway:For OCI services, not on-premises.
* Internet Gateway:Public internet access, unsuitable.
* DRG with FastConnect:Private on-premises connectivity.
* NAT Gateway:Outbound internet, not private to on-premises.
* Evaluate Options:
* A:Limited to OCI services; incorrect.
* B:Uses public internet; violates policy.
* C:FastConnect via DRG ensures private, encrypted link; correct.
* D:Public IPs contradict requirement; incorrect.
* Conclusion:DRG with FastConnect is the most appropriate.
FastConnect provides private connectivity via DRG. The Oracle Networking Professional study guide states,
"A Dynamic Routing Gateway with FastConnect establishes a dedicated, private connection to on-premises networks, ensuring data encryption and isolation from the public internet" (OCI Networking Documentation, Section: FastConnect). This meets security and privacy needs.

質問 # 57
You are responsible for maintaining the network connectivity between OCI and Azure using the OCI-Azure Interconnect. You need to perform planned maintenance on your on-premises network, which will temporarily disrupt the BGP (Border Gateway Protocol) sessions between your on-premises network and both OCI and Azure. You want to ensure that traffic between OCI and Azure continues to flow without interruption during the maintenance window. Which action is MOST important to take before starting the maintenance to ensure continuous connectivity between OCI and Azure?

- A. Configure static routes in OCI and Azure to directly route traffic between the VCNs/VNets without relying on BGP.
- B. Disable the BGP sessions on both OCI and Azure before starting the maintenance.
- C. Notify Oracle and Microsoft support teams about the planned maintenance window.
- D. Increase the BGP keepalive timers on both OCI and Azure to prevent the sessions from timing out.

正解：A

解説：
* Goal: Ensure OCI-Azure traffic during BGP disruption.
* Option A: Static routes bypass BGP dependency, maintaining connectivity-correct.
* Option B: Disabling BGP stops routing-incorrect.
* Option C: Notification doesn't ensure connectivity-incorrect.
* Option D: Keepalive timers delay detection, not prevent disruption-incorrect.
* Conclusion: Option A is most critical.
Oracle notes:
* "For uninterrupted OCI-Azure Interconnect traffic during BGP maintenance, configure static routes between VCNs and VNets."This supports Option A. Reference:OCI-Azure Interconnect - Oracle Help Center(docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/ociazureinterconnect.htm).

質問＃58

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