

# 2025 The Open Group Unparalleled OGA-032: Reliable ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam Exam Prep



It can be said that all the content of the OGA-032 prepare questions are from the experts in the field of masterpieces, and these are understandable and easy to remember, so users do not have to spend a lot of time to remember and learn our OGA-032 exam questions. It takes only a little practice on a daily basis to get the desired results. Especially in the face of some difficult problems, the user does not need to worry too much, just learn the OGA-032 Practice Guide provide questions and answers, you can simply pass the OGA-032 exam.

The ArchiMate 3 Part 2 exam is divided into two sections, each with a duration of 90 minutes. The first section covers the language's core concepts and principles, including its structure, viewpoints, and layers. The second section focuses on the language's application in different scenarios, such as application architecture, data architecture, and business architecture. Candidates must pass both sections to receive the certification.

**>> Reliable OGA-032 Exam Prep <<**

## OGA-032 Valid Real Test, OGA-032 Test Vce

In order to meet the requirements of our customers, Our OGA-032 test questions carefully designed the automatic correcting system for customers. It is known to us that practicing the incorrect questions is very important for everyone, so our OGA-032 exam question provide the automatic correcting system to help customers understand and correct the errors. If you want to improve your correct rates of exam, we believe the best method is inscribed according to the fault namely this in appearing weak sports, specific aim ground consolidates knowledge is nodded. Our OGA-032 Guide Torrent will help you establish the error sets. We believe that it must be very useful for you to take your exam, and it is necessary for you to use our OGA-032 test questions.

## The Open Group ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam Sample Questions (Q10-Q15):

### NEW QUESTION # 10

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

The ArchiSurance Mobile consumer solution is used for selling and renewing insurance products, providing customer service, enabling accurate and convenient home recordkeeping, and capturing and processing claims. The solution consists of three applications. The Consultant application lets customers review their existing coverage, and update it based on common life events,

such as getting a new car, moving into a new home, or having a family member move in or out. If necessary, they can speak or chat with a customer service representative. The Home Manager application helps customers photograph and catalogue their valuable possessions in order to support the filing of accurate claims in case of loss or damage. The Claim Manager application enables customers to quickly file a claim for loss or damage to an insured auto, home or possession. It enables customers to describe the incident by referencing information captured with the Consultant and the Home Manager applications. In addition, it allows the customer to add photographs, audio, video and text to support a claim, submit the claim, and monitor its progress.

The ArchiSurance Mobile applications rely on a number of application services hosted by ArchiSurance. The first is an Auto Identification and Description (AID) service that the Consultant application uses to validate and complete auto information entered by customers. The second service, Home Identification and Description (HID) performs the same function for home information, and is used by the Home Manager application. The Consultant application also uses the Virtual Agent service to guide customers as they select coverage options, the Payment Processor service to arrange premium payments, and the Coverage Activator service to generate policies and put them in force.

ArchiSurance Mobile also relies on a number of technology services. The Home Manager application uses a Multimedia Repository service to store and retrieve information about insured homes. The Claim Manager application also uses this service for claim information entered by customers. All three ArchiSurance Mobile applications use a Personal Security service to register and authenticate customers, and to manage their profiles.

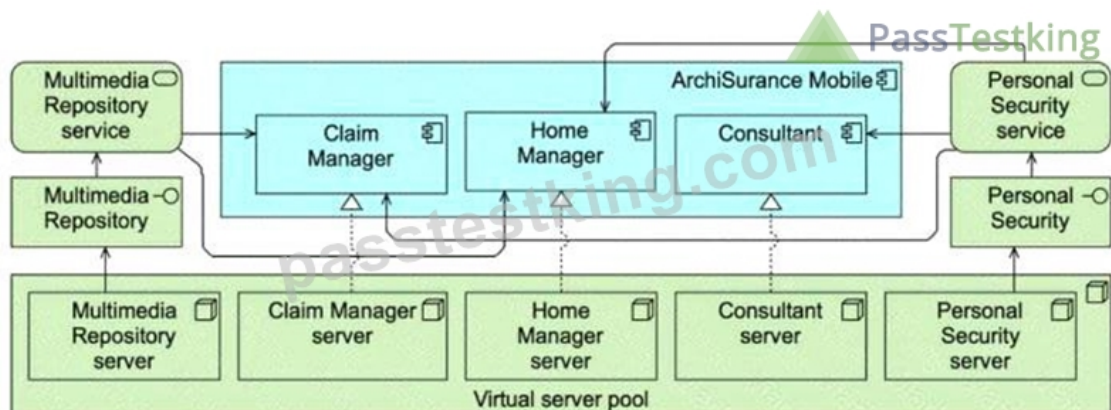
Each application service is realized by an application component with the same name. Each technology service is realized by a system software environment, having the same name. ArchiSurance hosts both the application components and system software environments in a virtualized server pool within its data center. Each service has its own virtual server. Each virtual server is connected to a data center network (DCN) which in turn connects to a commercial wide area network (WAN).

Refer to the Scenario

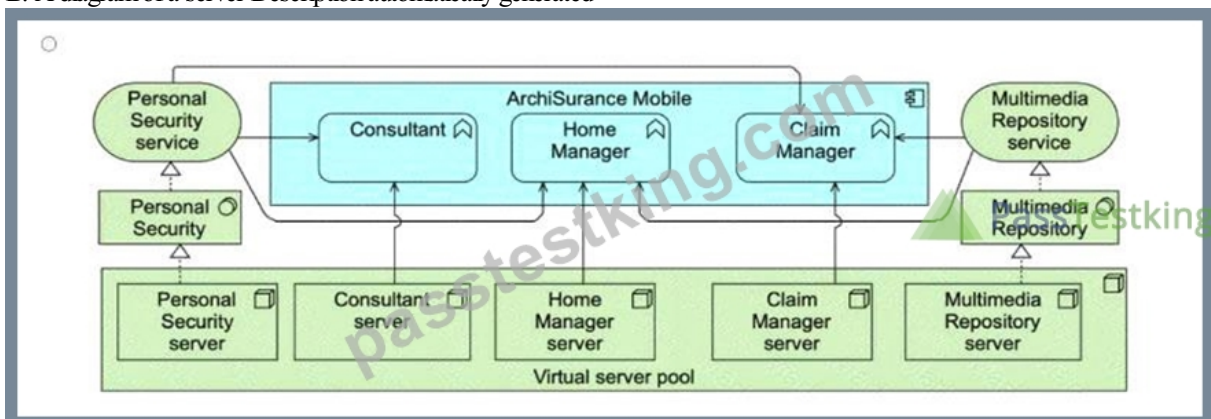
You have been asked to show the applications that make up the ArchiSurance Mobile solution and the technology that supports these applications.

Which of the following answers provides the best description? Note that it is not necessary to model the networks.

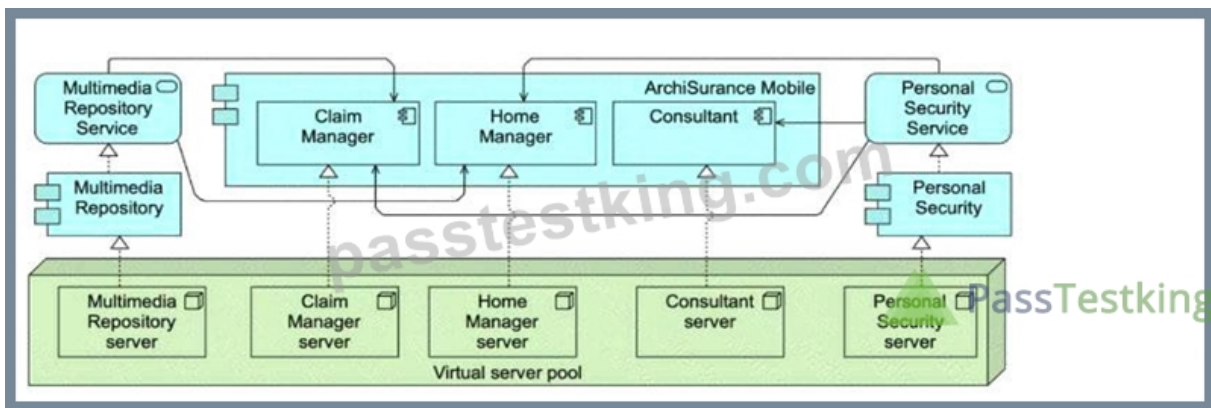
- A. A diagram of a computer server Description automatically generated



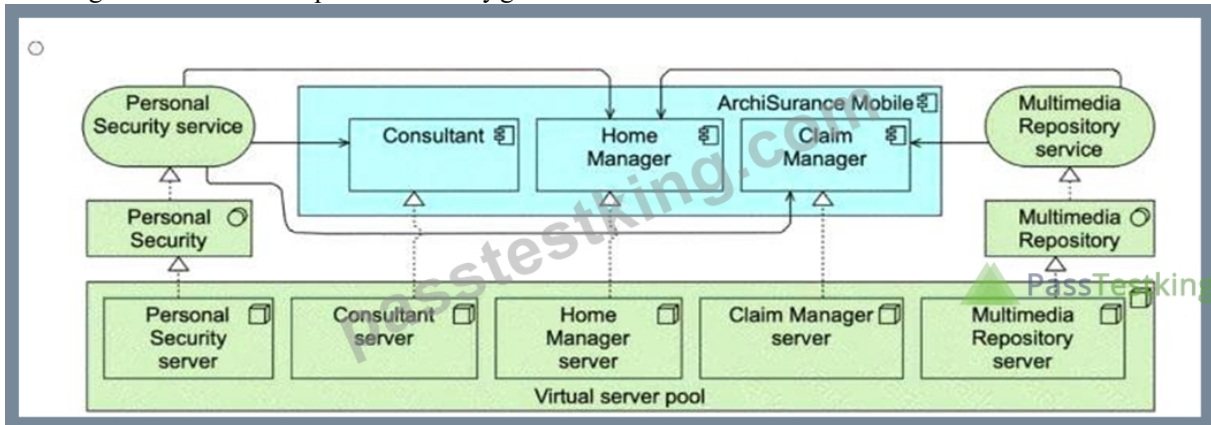
- B. A diagram of a server Description automatically generated



- C. A diagram of a server Description automatically generated



- D. A diagram of a server Description automatically generated



**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

In this scenario, the focus is on modeling the ArchiSurance Mobile solution, showing the applications that make up this solution and the technology infrastructure that supports them. This includes applications, application services, and the system software environments (technology services) upon which the applications rely.

Key ArchiMate® 3.2 Concepts Applied:

\* Application Components and Services:

\* Consultant Application: This allows customers to review, update coverage, and speak with customer service representatives. It uses the following application services:

\* Auto Identification and Description (AID) for validating auto information.

\* Virtual Agent for helping customers select options.

\* Payment Processor to arrange payments.

\* Coverage Activator to generate and activate policies.

\* Home Manager Application: This allows customers to catalogue possessions and use the Home Identification and Description (HID) service to validate home information.

\* Claim Manager Application: Enables filing of claims, referencing data from the Consultant and Home Manager applications and storing information (such as photos, videos) via the Multimedia Repository.

\* Technology Services:

\* Personal Security Service: Used for customer registration, authentication, and profile management across all three applications.

\* Multimedia Repository Service: Used to store and retrieve information related to home possessions and claim details, supporting both the Home Manager and Claim Manager applications.

\* Technology Infrastructure:

\* Each application component (Consultant, Home Manager, Claim Manager) is hosted on its own virtual server within a virtualized server pool.

\* Each technology service is realized by a corresponding system software environment (e.g., Multimedia Repository, Personal Security), each with its own virtual server.

\* The infrastructure is hosted in a data center, but the focus here is on the services rather than the network connections.

Why Option C is Correct:

\* Option C accurately represents the key applications (Consultant, Home Manager, Claim Manager) in connection with the appropriate technology services and their respective virtual servers.

\* The model shows the relationships between the applications and their dependencies on Personal Security and Multimedia Repository, aligning with the description provided.

- \* The virtual server pools depicted clearly, showing how the applications and services are realized within this infrastructure.
- \* The relationships between applications and application services (AID, HID, Virtual Agent, Payment Processor, Coverage Activator) are not modeled in full detail here, but they are implicitly understood through the applications.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- \* Option A and Option D both incorrectly depict some relationships between the applications and their supporting technology services or servers, or miss certain dependencies.
- \* Option B does not provide as clear a depiction of the virtualized infrastructure and how the applications relate to the Multimedia Repository and Personal Security services.

Conclusion:

Option C provides the most accurate and complete description of the ArchiSurance Mobile solution and the supporting technology, as required by the scenario. It correctly illustrates the relationships between the applications, the virtual servers, and the supporting technology services according to ArchiMate® 3.2 principles.

## NEW QUESTION # 11

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

The ArchiSurance senior management, board members, customers, and major stockholders have expressed long-standing concerns regarding the business continuity risks associated with relying on a single data center.

Located in an area prone to

flooding, earthquakes, and occasional water leaks from the cafeteria above, the current data center has significant vulnerabilities.

To address these concerns and mitigate the risks, ArchiSurance has developed a comprehensive plan to relocate its existing data center to two separate ready-to-use data centers in different cities. As a major undertaking, the approval of the Board of Directors is required to proceed with the project.

The primary objectives of the data center move are to reduce the risk of business interruptions, reduce both planned and unplanned downtime for critical applications, and provide reassurance to ArchiSurance stakeholders. Ensuring minimal disruption during the transition is crucial. However, several constraints make the planned migration to the new data centers particularly challenging. Certain critical ArchiSurance applications cannot be offline for more than one hour, and any planned downtime must be restricted to specific four-hour windows on weekends. Additionally, the migration cannot take place during quarterly or year-end closing periods to avoid disrupting critical processing operations.

ArchiSurance management has devised a multi-phase data center transformation program to facilitate a smooth transition. Each phase is critical for establishing stable and fully functional data center configurations throughout the transformation process.

The initial phase entails detailed scheduling and planning to develop a comprehensive transformation plan aligned with ArchiSurance's timing and scheduling requirements. During the second phase, ArchiSurance will procure the necessary hardware and software for the new data centers, while also seeking refunds for the hardware and software in the current data center once it is decommissioned. The third phase involves setting up the new data centers and conducting parallel testing of the new hardware and software alongside the existing production environment. The transition between the old and new data centers occurs in the fourth phase, followed by the fifth phase, which is the decommissioning of the old data center. This involves returning the hardware and software to obtain the contracted refunds. Each phase, from the second to the fifth, is initiated once specific conditions outlined in the previous phase have been met.

Refer to the Scenario

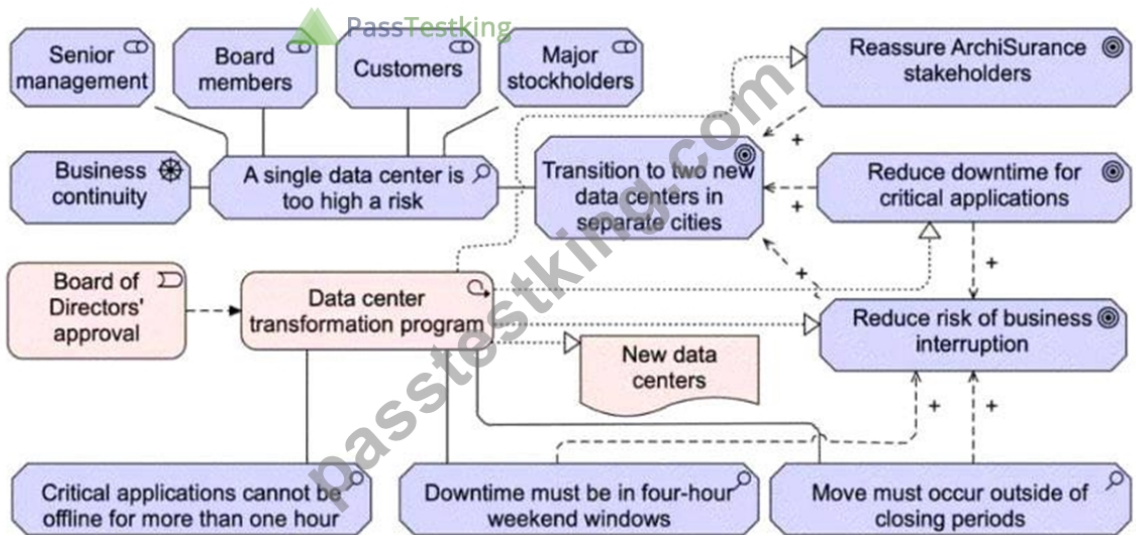
The IT department's leader has assigned you the task of creating a model to explain the rationale behind ArchiSurance's decision to transform its data center infrastructure. The model should show the concerns and motivations of the stakeholders involved.

Additionally, it should outline the specific goals to be achieved through the data center transformation program, the associated deliverables, and the limitations that must be considered throughout the program's implementation.

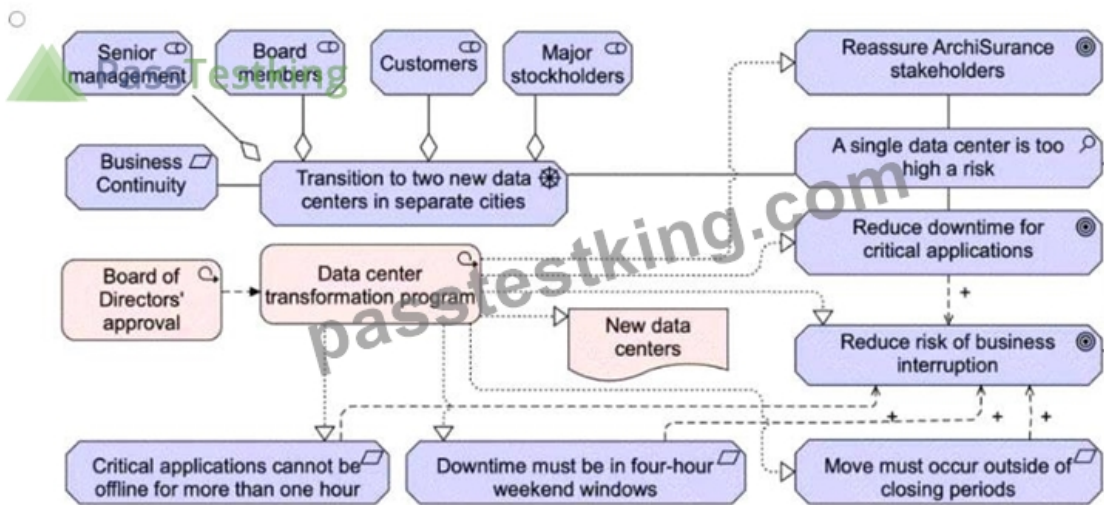
Which of the following answers provides the best explanation?

- A. A diagram of data center AI-generated content may be incorrect.

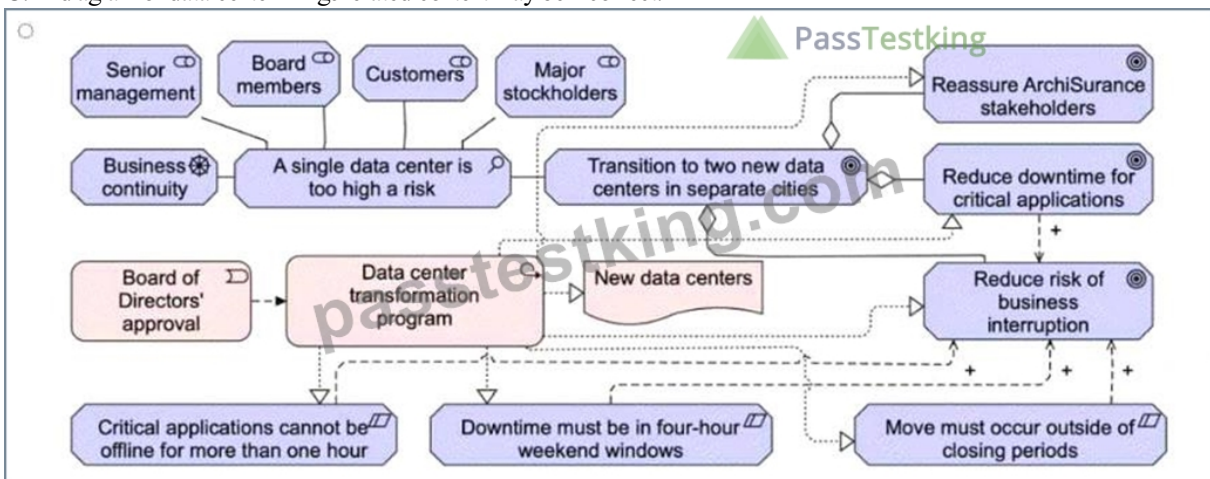




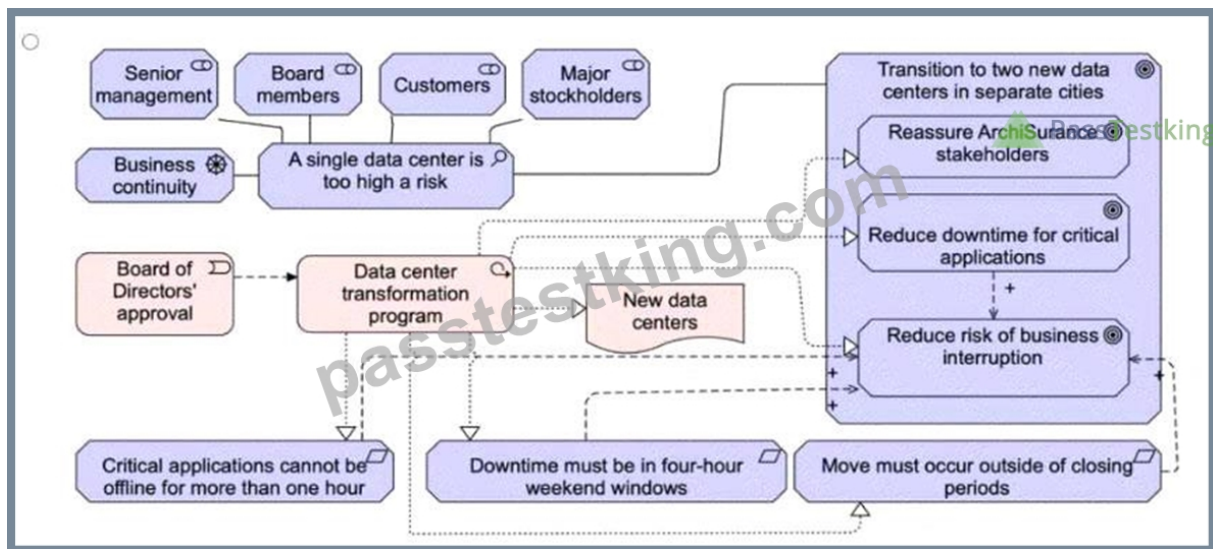
- B. A diagram of a data center AI-generated content may be incorrect.



- C. A diagram of data center AI-generated content may be incorrect.



- D. A diagram of a data center AI-generated content may be incorrect.



**Answer: A**

Explanation:

We need to identify the most accurate and complete model that explains:

- \* Stakeholder Concerns & Motivations- Including senior management, board members, customers, and stockholders.
- \* Objectives & Goals- Reducing business risks, minimizing downtime, and reassuring stakeholders.
- \* Deliverables- The transition to two new data centers and data center transformation program.
- \* Constraints & Requirements- Planned downtime limits, critical application uptime requirements, and scheduling constraints.

Why C is the Best Choice:

#Includes all stakeholder concerns- Clearly represents business continuity risks and the rationale for transitioning to two new data centers. #Clearly defines the objectives- Reducing downtime and risk of business interruption. #Shows key constraints-

- \* Critical applications cannot be offline for more than one hour.
- \* Downtime must be in four-hour weekend windows.
- \* The migration must avoid closing periods. #Links deliverables to objectives- The data center transformation program and new data centers are clearly positioned as solutions. #Represents dependencies correctly- Showing how each motivation leads to a goal, which leads to a deliverable.

Why Not A, B, or D?

- \* A: Does not establish a strong link between the concerns and the solution clearly enough.
- \* B: The structure does not align well with the scenario requirements, and some constraints and dependencies are missing.
- \* D: Overcomplicates some relationships and does not emphasize stakeholder concerns effectively.

## NEW QUESTION # 12

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

ArchiSurance has decided to leverage its financial expertise by offering defined contribution retirement plans.

Each trading day, ArchiSurance submits consolidated mutual fund trading transactions to a stock exchange on behalf of its retirement plan participants.

The daily mutual fund trading cycle consists of four key processes: Transaction capture, pricing, trading and reconciliation.

Transaction capture consists of two sub-processes: manual exchange and loans and distributions (L&D). For transaction capture, retirement plan participants use an online account management application to enter manual fund exchange transactions. For L&D, plan participants use a separate application to enter requests. The L&D application determines whether the request can be fulfilled based on the mutual fund balances held in each plan balances and a set of business rules. Each day's captured manual exchange transactions accumulate in a transaction database.

ArchiSurance contracts with a third-party information service to receive a file of mutual fund prices at the close of each trading day. The pricing application uses this file to convert captured transaction into trades, and then validates each trade against the mutual fund balances held in each plan. The pricing application generates a trade file with the minimum number of trades necessary. The trading application sends this file to an external trading service.

When the trading application

receives a confirmation file back from the trading service, it causes the reconciliation application to update the plan recordkeeping database.

The account management and L&D applications are hosted on separate application server clusters. Each cluster is a physically separate host that runs application server software on a set of virtualized hosts. All of these applications use a database server



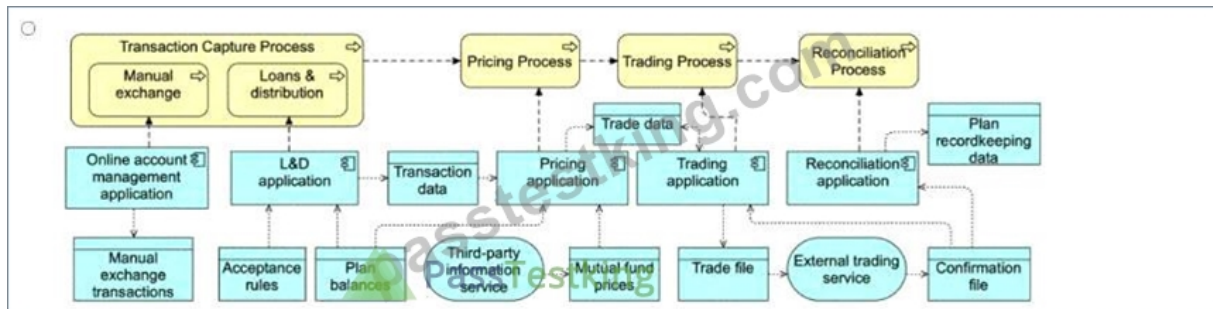
infrastructure that is hosted on another separate cluster of virtualized servers also on a dedicated physical host. The pricing, consolidation, trading and reconciliation applications, however, are batch applications that run on the ArchiSurance mainframe computer. All application hosts are connected via a converged data center network (DCN), which also connects them to a storage area network (SAN) as well as a wide area network (WAN) that is used to communicate with the external trading service. The SAN includes two physically separate storage arrays, one of which holds data for all databases, and another that holds data for all files.

Refer to the Scenario

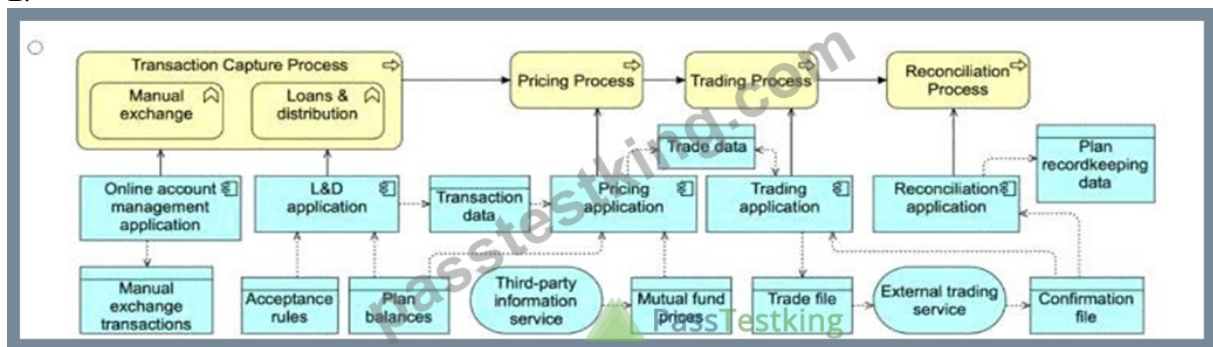
The systems analysts would like to better understand the business processes and applications for daily fund trading. You have been asked to describe the business processes and sub-processes, the applications that they use, the data objects accessed by those applications, and the external application services that access some of those data objects.

Which of the following is the best answer? Note that you are not required to model the business actors/roles.

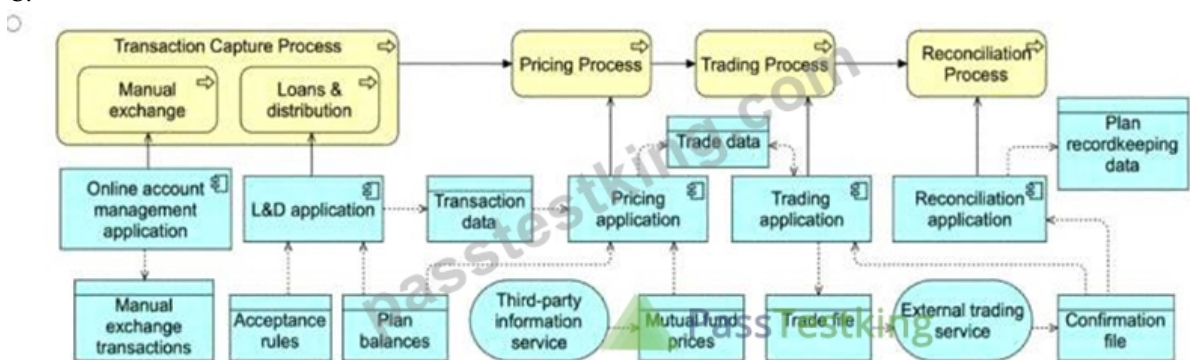
- A.



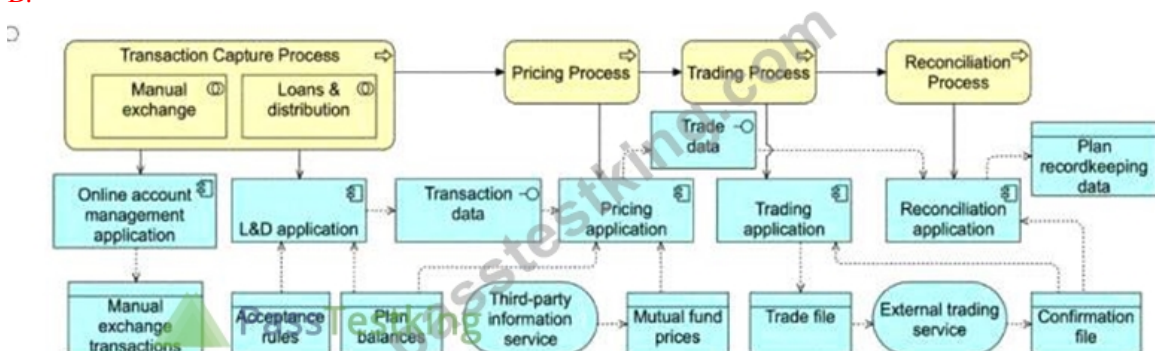
- B.



- C.



- D.



Answer: D

#### Explanation:

In this scenario, the goal is to model the business processes, their sub-processes, the applications supporting these processes, and the data objects these applications access. Additionally, external services that access some of these data objects need to be shown. This includes capturing the key processes and their dependencies, as well as understanding how the applications interact with data and external services.

#### Key ArchiMate® 3.2 Concepts Applied:

- \* Business Processes and Sub-Processes:
- \* Transaction Capture Process: Consists of two sub-processes:
  - \* Manual Exchange
  - \* Loans & Distribution (L&D) This process is responsible for capturing transactions from users through different applications (Online Account Management, L&D Application).
- \* Pricing Process: This process uses the Mutual Fund Prices from a third-party service and the Plan Balances to validate and price trades.
- \* Trading Process: This process generates a Trade File and interacts with an external Trading Service.
- \* Reconciliation Process: This final process updates the Plan Recordkeeping Data after confirming trades from the External Trading Service.
- \* Applications and Data:
- \* Online Account Management Application and L&D Application: These capture user inputs for transactions and maintain Transaction Data and Plan Balances.
- \* Pricing Application: Uses Mutual Fund Prices and Transaction Data to generate Trade Data.
- \* Trading Application: Submits Trade Data and receives a Confirmation File from the external Trading Service.
- \* Reconciliation Application: Uses the Confirmation File to update Plan Recordkeeping Data.
- \* External Application Services:
- \* Third-Party Information Service: Provides Mutual Fund Prices.
- \* External Trading Service: Processes trades and returns a Confirmation File.
- \* Data Objects:
- \* Transaction Data: Captured by the transaction capture processes.
- \* Mutual Fund Prices: Received from the third-party service.
- \* Trade Data: Generated by the pricing and trading applications.
- \* Plan Recordkeeping Data: Updated by the reconciliation process after trade confirmation.

#### Why Option B is Correct:

- \* Option B provides the most complete and accurate representation of the scenario. It captures the business processes (Transaction Capture, Pricing, Trading, Reconciliation) and their sub-processes, while showing the appropriate connections to the applications that support these processes.
- \* It clearly depicts the data objects (Transaction Data, Plan Balances, Trade File, Mutual Fund Prices, Plan Recordkeeping Data) and their flows between the processes and applications.
- \* The model also includes the external services (Third-Party Information Service and External Trading Service), showing how these interact with the internal applications and data objects.
- \* It accurately represents the flow of Trade Data from the Pricing Application to the Trading Application, and the use of Mutual Fund Prices by the Pricing Process.

#### Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- \* Option A and Option D miss some critical connections between the applications and the external services. They also lack clarity in how the data flows between the processes and applications.
- \* Option C does not adequately represent the interaction between the applications and the external services (e.g., Third-Party Information Service), which is a key requirement in this scenario.

#### Conclusion:

Option B provides the best and most accurate description of the business processes, applications, data objects, and external services involved in ArchiSurance's daily fund trading operations, following ArchiMate® 3.2 standards for modeling business processes and applications.

## NEW QUESTION # 13

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

The ArchiSurance enterprise document management solution includes a sophisticated ecosystem of applications and technologies. Designed with a strong emphasis on high availability, it plays a vital role in providing support for a diverse range of document types and managing a substantial volume of document-based transactions on a daily basis.

Recognizing its importance to the business, the document management solution is redundantly hosted at two geographically separate data center sites, both configured identically for seamless operations.

The system software at the core of the document management solution is comprised of three key modules.

The Document Engine serves as a repository, facilitating document storage, retrieval, and various other operations. The Workflow



Engine acts as a host for document management applications, while the Application Engine powers the most advanced and sophisticated applications within the system.

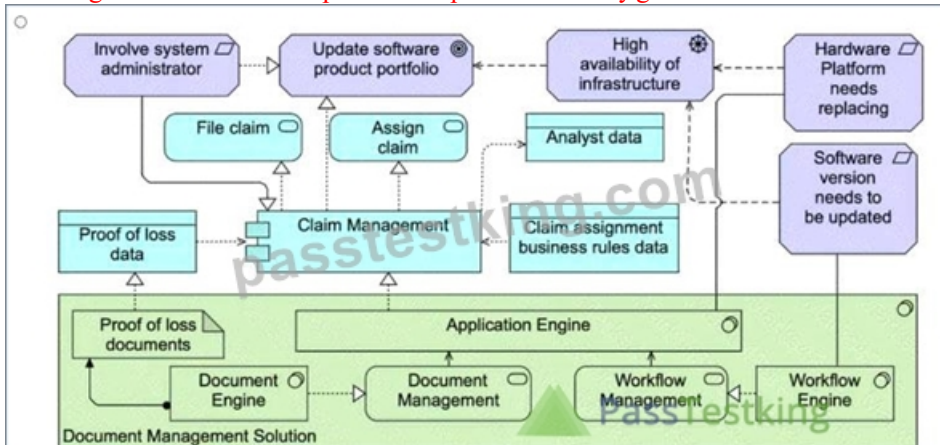
Two key factors have driven the Architecture Board's approval of a project aimed at updating this critical solution. Firstly, the supplier of the Workflow Engine has given notice of the end of support for the current software version, necessitating an upgrade. Secondly, the system administrator responsible for the Application Engine has flagged the need for hardware replacement on the server where the software is currently running. Given that the Claim Management application shares infrastructure with the Application Engine, the involvement of the system administrator responsible for this application is crucial in the project planning and execution.

Refer to the Scenario

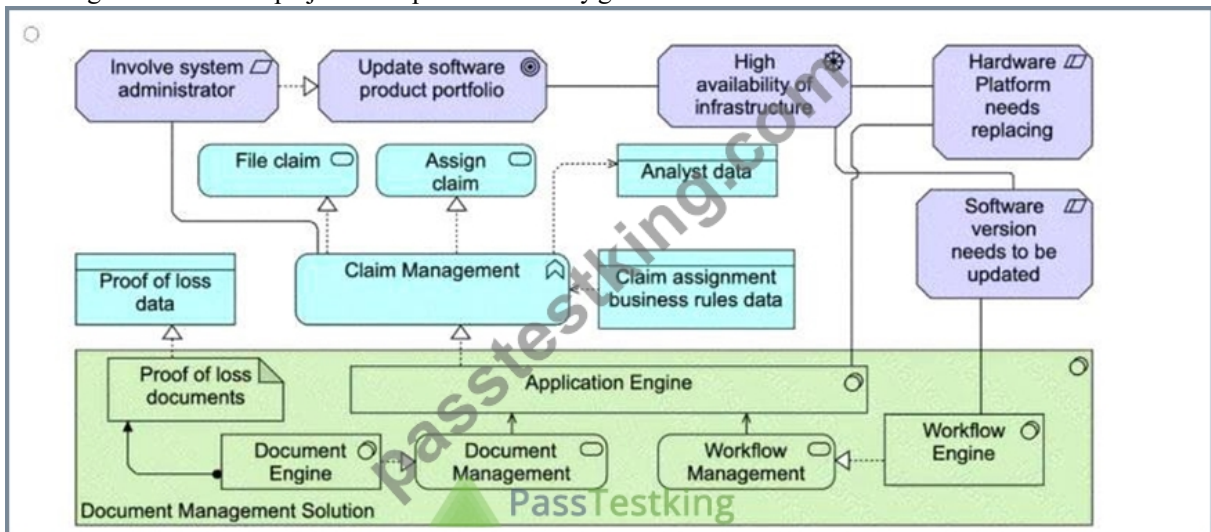
You are the Enterprise Architect within this organization. You have been assigned the task of modeling the applications and technology for this solution, as well as outlining the motivations driving the need for its update.

Based on the scenario, which answer provides the most complete and accurate description?

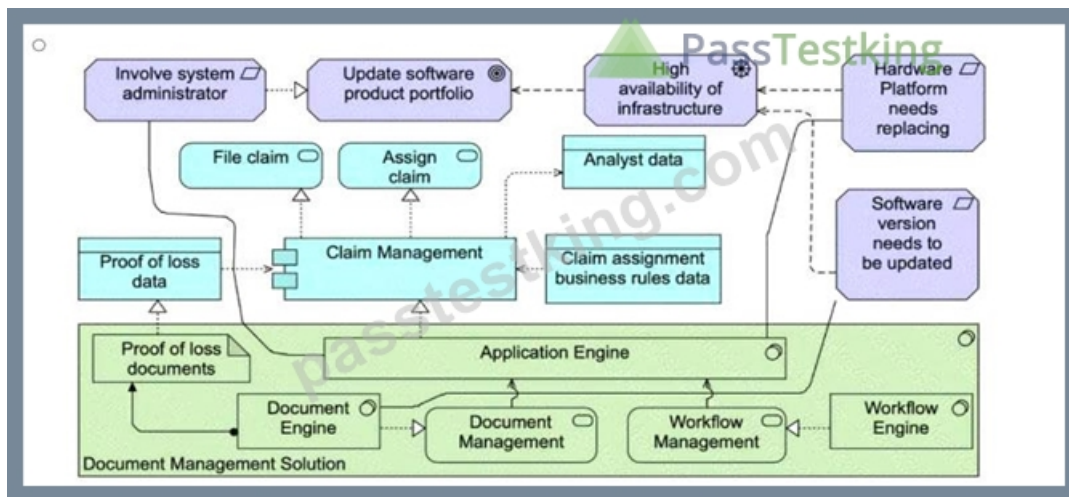
- A. A diagram of software development Description automatically generated



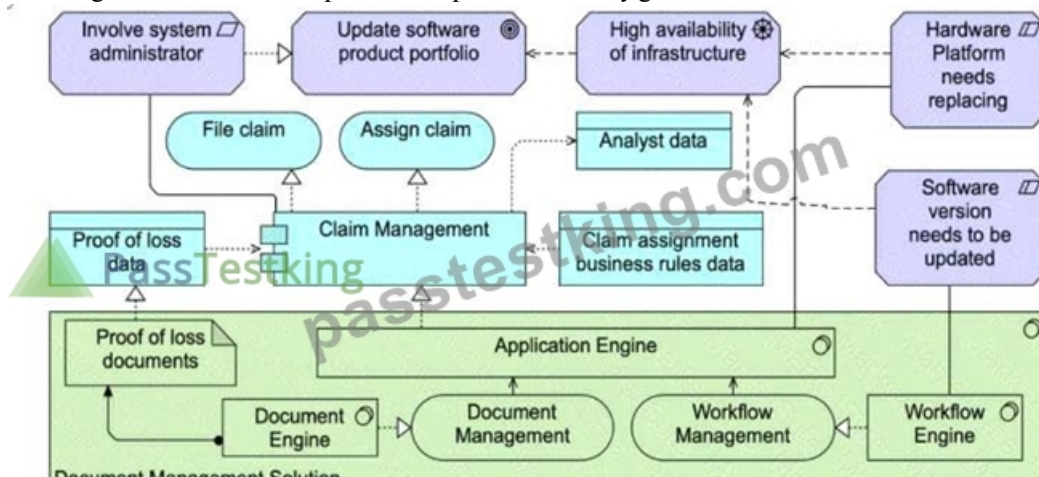
- B. A diagram of a software project Description automatically generated



- C. A diagram of software development Description automatically generated



- D. A diagram of software development Description automatically generated



**Answer: A**

Explanation:

This scenario revolves around ArchiSurance's document management solution and the motivations behind updating the solution due to software and hardware challenges. The task is to model both the applications and technology components involved, along with the motivations driving the need for an update.

Key ArchiMate® 3.2 Concepts Applied:

\* Applications and Components:

\* Claim Management Application: This application handles key processes such as filing claims and assigning claims, and it shares infrastructure with the Application Engine.

\* Document Management Solution: Includes several subsystems such as:

\* Document Engine: Manages document storage, retrieval, and processing operations.

\* Workflow Engine: Facilitates document workflows and supports document-related operations.

\* Application Engine: Hosts sophisticated applications like Claim Management.

\* Data Objects:

\* Proof of Loss Documents and Proof of Loss Data are critical components managed by the Document Management Solution. This data is processed and handled by both the Document Engine and the Claim Management application.

\* Technology and Infrastructure:

\* Hardware Platform Needs Replacing: The Application Engine runs on hardware that needs replacement. This drives a part of the motivation for updating the infrastructure.

\* Software Version Needs to Be Updated: The Workflow Engine is running on outdated software, necessitating an upgrade to ensure continued support and functionality.

\* High Availability of Infrastructure: Given that the system is redundantly hosted across two data centers, high availability is crucial for seamless operations. This includes continuous availability for the document management processes.

\* Motivations and Drivers:

\* The end-of-support notice from the Workflow Engine supplier requires an upgrade to maintain operational continuity.

\* The system administrator responsible for the Application Engine has raised concerns about hardware needing replacement, adding urgency to the infrastructure upgrade.

Why Option D is Correct:

- \* Option D provides the most comprehensive representation of the applications, infrastructure, and motivations for updating the solution.
- \* It clearly shows the Claim Management Application and its interaction with the Claim Assignment Business Rules Data, as well as how it relies on the Application Engine.
- \* The Document Management Solution and its subsystems (Document Engine, Workflow Engine, and Application Engine) are correctly depicted, with clear relationships to the data they manage (Proof of Loss Documents and Data).
- \* The motivations for change—specifically, the need to update the Workflow Engine software and replace the hardware platform—are clearly shown, alongside their impact on the overall system.
- \* The diagram shows the involvement of the system administrator in the update process, which is important for ensuring smooth project execution.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- \* Option A and Option B do not accurately capture all necessary relationships, particularly the connections between the Claim Management application and its reliance on the Application Engine infrastructure. They also miss some of the drivers related to the required hardware replacement.
  - \* Option C omits some key details regarding how the Claim Management Application and Document Management Solution components interact with the system, particularly the Claim Assignment Business Rules Data and Proof of Loss Data.
- Conclusion:

Option D is the best answer because it offers the most complete and accurate representation of the applications, technology infrastructure, and drivers for the update project. It clearly illustrates how the Claim Management and Document Management systems work together, along with the necessary infrastructure updates, in line with ArchiMate® 3.2 modeling standards.

## NEW QUESTION # 14

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

ArchiAir Catering Services (ACS) manages the catering services for ArchiAir, a leading airline. ACS is the sole catering supplier for all ArchiAir flights, and its services include full provisioning to the aircraft.

Currently, ACS operates three central production facilities, supported by distribution hubs and local pre-flight production facilities. The central production facilities are responsible for producing standardized non-food materials (such as plates, cutlery, and boxes), non-perishable food products, and key ingredients required by the local production facilities. These materials are subsequently distributed to the distribution hubs, which also serve as warehouses for the local production facilities. Within the local production facilities, multiple production machines are utilized, each featuring dedicated workstations for chefs and quality inspectors. Most of the local production facilities employ fully automated assembly lines, including built-in packaging stations. The loaded service trolleys are then transported to the aircraft using small lorries.

In response to investor pressure for ArchiAir to reduce its carbon footprint, the CEO of ACS has announced a plan to address this environmental concern. Subsequently, the Ministry of Social Welfare and Health has enacted a law mandating a reduction in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from all production facilities by the end of the year. Additionally, the airline's decision to raise ticket prices due to escalating fuel costs has led to a decrease in passenger numbers. This, in turn, impacts the volume of non-food materials required from ACS. An internal investigation has produced a report highlighting the potential benefits of centralizing production facilities and reducing the number of distribution centers. Such changes would result in lower CO<sub>2</sub> emissions while still effectively meeting all the requirements of ArchiAir.

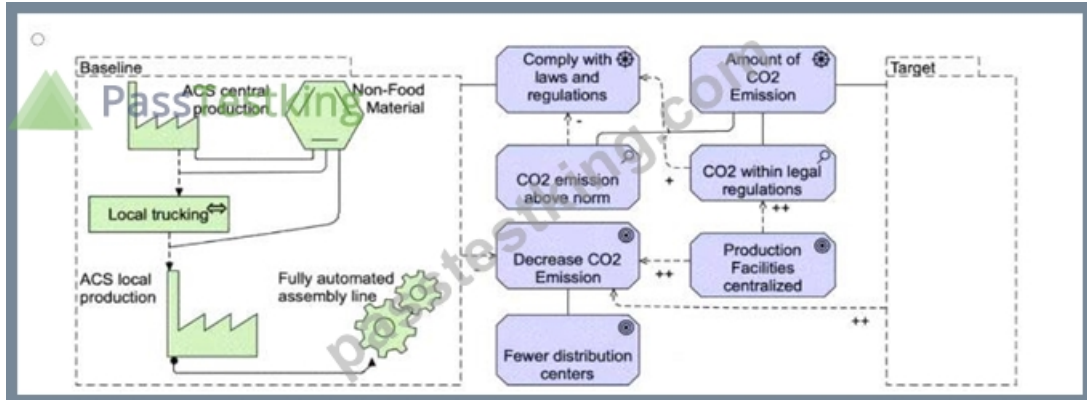
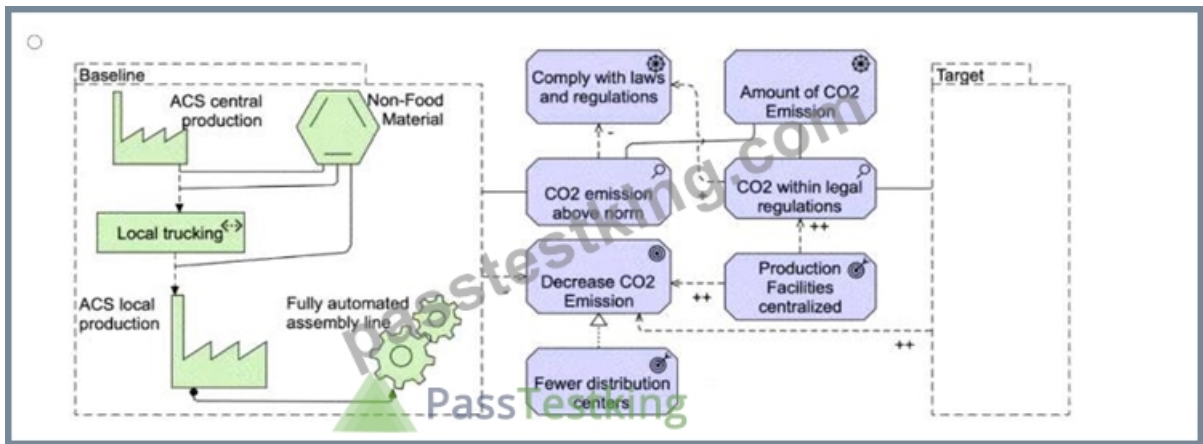
In addition to evaluating its supply chain to reduce its carbon footprint, ArchiAir is taking proactive steps to achieve a net zero carbon footprint for its IT operations. The Chief Information Officer (CIO) has identified two crucial requirements to support this endeavor. The first requirement involves switching to renewable energy for ACS facilities, which are often located in remote areas where traditional fuels are the primary source of energy. To align with sustainability goals, ArchiAir aims to transition these facilities to renewable energy sources. By utilizing renewable energy, ArchiAir can significantly reduce its reliance on traditional fuels and contribute to a greener operation. The second requirement pertains to the scalability of ArchiAir's IT operations, taking into account the airline's susceptibility to seasonal changes in demand. The CIO has observed notable disparities between sites that have additional blade servers and can scale their capacity, and sites that solely rely on the two mainframes housed in central facilities. A comprehensive report has revealed that the blade servers have a negligible impact on resource waste, whereas the mainframes are notorious for their power inefficiency, particularly during periods of low demand.

Refer to the Scenario

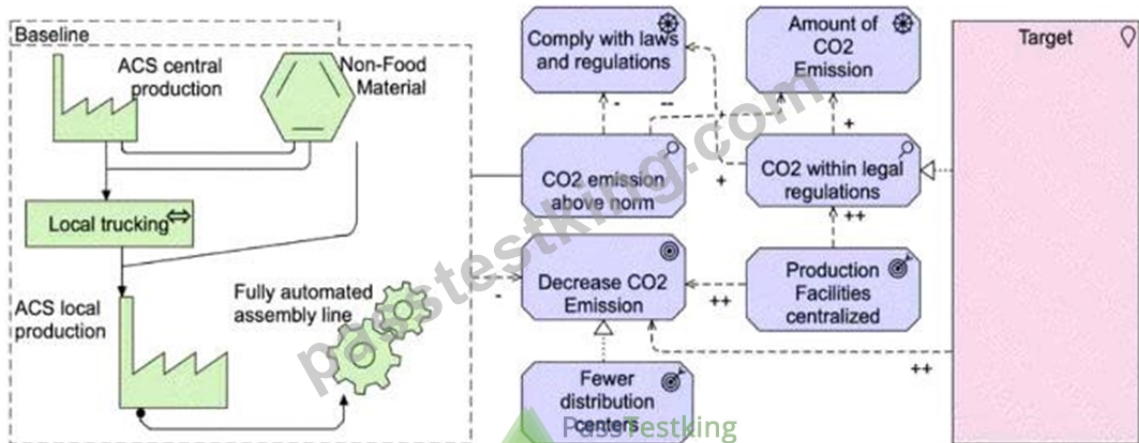
Which of the following answers best describes the proposed transition from baseline to target, including details of motivation for changes? Note that there is no need to show the details of the target state.

- A.

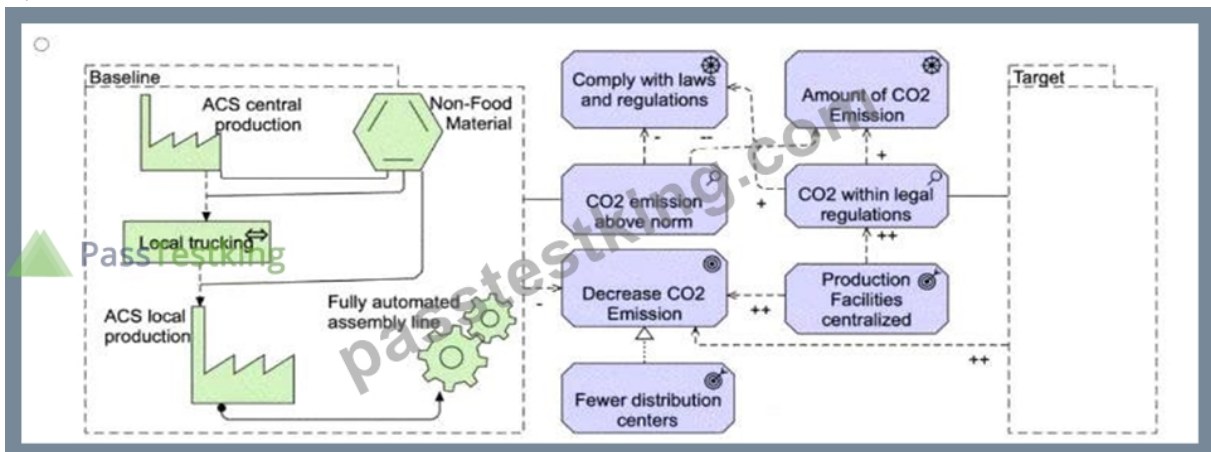




- B.
- C. A diagram of a process Description automatically generated



- D.



Answer: D

Explanation:

The correct answer is D, as it best describes the transition from the baseline to the target state, including the motivation for changes based on the scenario. Here's a detailed explanation of why D is the most accurate model:

\* Baseline and Target:

\* The Baseline state in all answers correctly depicts the current structure of ACS's operations, including the ACS Central Production, Local Trucking, ACS Local Production, and Fully Automated Assembly Line.

\* D captures the essential transition from this baseline state to the target state by illustrating how the organization is aiming to decrease CO2 emissions, as required by the new regulations, and how they intend to centralize production facilities.

\* Motivation for Changes (Decrease in CO2 Emissions):

\* The CEO's plan to reduce CO2 emissions is a critical driver for change. This is captured clearly in D, which shows the effects of Decreasing CO2 Emissions, Complying with Laws and Regulations, and Centralizing Production Facilities.

\* The Ministry of Social Welfare and Health's law mandating CO2 reductions is accurately reflected in D, showing compliance as part of the motivation.

\* D also depicts the motivation to centralize production facilities, which helps reduce CO2 emissions and aligns with the internal report suggesting that fewer distribution centers can meet ACS's needs effectively.

\* Business and Environmental Factors:

\* The scenario also points out that passenger numbers have decreased due to rising ticket prices, which reduces the demand for non-food materials from ACS. This factor is linked to the centralization effort, as reducing the need for distribution centers can reduce costs while still meeting business needs.

\* D reflects this by linking Fewer Distribution Centers and Centralized Production Facilities to both decreased emissions and operational efficiency.

\* Compliance with Laws and Regulations:

\* D shows a clear connection between compliance with CO2 Emission Laws and the Amount of CO2 Emissions generated by ACS, which is an essential driver of change in the scenario.

\* The need to ensure that emissions are within the legal limit is modeled effectively in D, reflecting the scenario's requirement to meet regulatory expectations by the end of the year.

\* Centralization of Production:

\* The scenario suggests that centralizing production is one way to reduce emissions and achieve operational efficiency. This is depicted clearly in D, where Production Facilities Centralized leads to both fewer distribution centers and a significant decrease in CO2 emissions.

\* D links the motivation for fewer distribution centers to environmental sustainability (CO2 reduction) as well as operational improvements.

\* Comprehensive ArchiMate® 3 Compliance:

\* D aligns well with ArchiMate® 3 standards. It models the Motivation Elements such as goals (e.g., Decrease CO2 Emissions), assessments (e.g., CO2 Emission Above Norm), and requirements (e.g., Comply with Laws and Regulations) accurately.

\* The relationships between these motivation elements are correctly depicted using ArchiMate® connectors like influences and associations, ensuring that the transition from baseline to target is clear and fully compliant with ArchiMate® 3 best practices.

Conclusion: Answer D provides the best representation of the proposed transition, focusing on the motivations for centralization and reduction of CO2 emissions. It accurately reflects the scenario's requirements, including legal compliance, environmental goals, and operational changes, all while following ArchiMate® 3 modeling standards.

## NEW QUESTION # 15

.....

PassTestking is within your reach to obtain the top-rated The Open Group OGA-032 Exam Questions. And it guarantees that you will pass the OGA-032 certification exam on the maiden attempt. Several aspiring candidates have already heard about the prestigious ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam OGA-032 Certification. But the real problem they face is their inability to find trustworthy, updated, and relevant ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam OGA-032 exam practice tests that can assist them.

**OGA-032 Valid Real Test:** <https://www.passtestking.com/TheOpenGroup/OGA-032-practice-exam-dumps.html>

- Valid Test OGA-032 Test ☐ OGA-032 New Test Materials ☐ Reliable Test OGA-032 Test ☐ Go to website { [www.dumps4pdf.com](http://www.dumps4pdf.com) } open and search for ► OGA-032 ◀ to download for free ☐ New OGA-032 Test Labs
- OGA-032 VCE Exam Guide - OGA-032 Latest Practice Questions - OGA-032 Online Exam Simulator ☐ Open website ► [www.pdfvce.com](http://www.pdfvce.com) ☐ and search for ☐ OGA-032 ☐ for free download ☐ OGA-032 Exam Paper Pdf
- Examcollection OGA-032 Dumps ☐ OGA-032 Complete Exam Dumps ☐ Reliable Test OGA-032 Test ☐ Search on { [www.torrentvalid.com](http://www.torrentvalid.com) } for ► OGA-032 ☐ ☐ ☐ to obtain exam materials for free download ☐ Certification OGA-032 Sample Questions
- ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam Learn Materials Can Definitely Exert Positive Effect on Your Exam ☐ Download ► OGA-032

- Free PDF Quiz OGA-032 - Valid Reliable ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam Exam Prep ☐ Search for ☐ OGA-032 ☐ and download it for free on ☀ www.dumpsquestion.com ☐☀ ☐ website 📖Examcollection OGA-032 Dumps
- OGA-032 Exam Cram ☐ Certification OGA-032 Sample Questions ☐ Certification OGA-032 Sample Questions ☐ Easily obtain free download of ➡ OGA-032 ☐ by searching on ➡ www.pdfvce.com ☐ ☐OGA-032 New Test Materials
- Valid OGA-032 Exam Pass4sure ☐ OGA-032 Exam Cram ♣ OGA-032 Examcollection Free Dumps ☐ Search for ➡ OGA-032 ☐ and download it for free immediately on ( www.getvalidtest.com ) ☐☐OGA-032 Exam Cram
- Improve Your Chances of Success with The Open Group's Realistic OGA-032 Exam Questions and Accurate Answers ☐ Go to website [ www.pdfvce.com ] open and search for { OGA-032 } to download for free ☐OGA-032 Latest Study Plan
- OGA-032 Latest Study Plan ☐ OGA-032 Latest Study Plan ☐ OGA-032 Exam Cram ☐ Search for ☀ OGA-032 ☐☀☐ and download exam materials for free through ➡ www.examdisscuss.com ☐☐☐ ☐Latest OGA-032 Exam Discount
- Valid Test OGA-032 Test ☐ OGA-032 New Test Materials ☐ New OGA-032 Test Objectives ☐ Enter ☐ www.pdfvce.com ☐ and search for ➡ OGA-032 ☐ to download for free ☐New OGA-032 Test Labs
- Hot The Open Group Reliable OGA-032 Exam Prep Carefully Researched by The Open Group Experienced Trainers ☐ Enter ➡ www.pass4test.com ☐ and search for ☐ OGA-032 ☐ to download for free ☐Reliable OGA-032 Mock Test
- myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, www.mycareerpoint.in, www.olt.wang, ospms.com, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, learn.eggdemy.com, ncon.edu.sa, kareyed271.fireblogz.com, Disposable vapes