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Workday Pro Integrations Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q66-Q71):

NEW QUESTION # 66

Refer to the scenario. You are implementing a Core Connector: Worker integration to send employee data to a third-party active employee directory. The external vendor requires the following:

The Employee's Active Directory User Principal Name.

A mapping from Worker Type values to external worker type codes.

A specific filename format that includes a timestamp and sequence number.

You also need to ensure the document transformation occurs before the file is delivered to the endpoint. You must include an Employee's Active Directory User Principal Name (generated by a Calculated Field).

How do you ensure this field is pulled into the output?

- A. Configure an integration field attribute.
- B. Configure an integration attribute.
- C. Configure an integration map.
- **D. Configure an integration field override.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

To surface a Calculated Field in a Core Connector: Worker (CCW) outbound, you use an Integration Field Override to substitute the connector's default source with your calculated value. An integration map (Option A) is intended to translate or normalize code values (for example, mapping internal Worker Type codes to the vendor's codes), not to replace the source of a field. Integration attributes (Option D) and integration field attributes (Option C) manage connector behavior and attributes, but they do not replace a field's data source with a calculated field. Therefore, the correct method to "pull" a calculated field into the CCW output is an Integration Field Override (Option B).

Why the other elements in the scenario matter (and how they're handled) - with exact extracts from your materials:

Mapping Worker Type to external codes → Integration Maps (supports, but not the asked action): Your deployment guides call out maintaining and using Integration System Maps for code translations. This is exactly where you'd map "Worker Type" to the external system's codes, but it is not how you inject a calculated field into the payload.

"Maintenance of Integration System Maps"

"WORKDAY SETUP - NON STATIC MAPS" and "WORKDAY SETUP - STATIC MAPS" (table of contents for configuration of maps) Filename requires timestamp/sequence number → Sequence Generator (supports the scenario): Your Time Tracking/PECI deployment guide explicitly includes a Sequence Generator configuration that's used with certified connectors to build compliant, unique file names (often with timestamps and/or sequence numbers) before delivery.

"3.6 Sequence Generator" (configuration item for certified integrations used in file naming) Transformation before delivery → Standard integration flow (transform then deliver): The same deployment materials describe document/file delivery mechanics (for example, SFTP), which occur after the integration produces/transforms the document. This supports the scenario requirement that transformation happens prior to transmission.

"4. FILE DELIVERY SERVICE ... 4.4 SFTP Configuration" (document delivery occurs after the integration generates/transforms the output) Security posture for integrations (context): For outbound/system users and secure delivery, the Workday Authentication & Security guide documents integration-appropriate authentication (e.g., X.509) and general integration security steps - relevant background for productionizing CCW but not directly affecting how to bring a calculated field into the payload.

"X509 Recommended for web services users and integrations that use an integration system user account." Putting it all together for the scenario:

Use Integration Field Override to point the CCW field to your Calculated Field for UPN → (Correct answer: B).

Use Integration Maps to translate Worker Type to the vendor's codes (supports the mapping requirement).

Configure filename rules via Sequence Generator to include timestamp and sequence in the produced file name (supports the file-naming requirement).

Ensure the document transformation runs as part of the integration generation step and then deliver via SFTP (file delivery service).

Reference (Workday Pro: Integrations-aligned materials):

GPC_PECI_TimeTracking_DeploymentGuide_CloudPay.pdf - Sections "3.6 Sequence Generator" and "4. File Delivery Service" (delivery occurs after file generation/transform).

GPC_PECI_DeploymentGuide_CloudPay_2.9.pdf - Map configuration sections ("WORKDAY SETUP - NON STATIC MAPS", "WORKDAY SETUP - STATIC MAPS").

GPC_PECI_UserGuide_CloudPay_2.1.1.pdf - "Maintenance of Integration System Maps." Admin-Guide-Authentication-and-Security.pdf - Integration security notes, including X.509 recommendation for integrations.

NEW QUESTION # 67

You are creating an outbound connector using the Core Connector: Organization Outbound template. The vendor has provided the following requirements for how the data should appear in the output file.

Organization Type	Output Value
Cost Center	CC
Pay Group	PAY
Supervisory	S
Any Other Value should be assigned as	OTHER

The vendor would also like to change the default document retention policy of 30 days to 7 days. What tasks do you need to use to configure this in your connector?

- A. Configure Integration Field Overrides and Configure Integration Attributes
- B. Configure Integration Maps and Configure Integration Field Attributes
- C. Configure Integration Maps and Configure Integration Attributes
- D. Configure Integration Field Overrides and Configure Integration Field Attributes

Answer: A

Explanation:

When creating an outbound connector using the Workday Core Connector: Organization Outbound template, you need to configure the connector to meet specific vendor requirements, such as formatting output data and adjusting document retention policies. Let's break down the question and analyze the requirements and options based on Workday's integration framework, specifically focusing on the Core Connector and its configuration tasks.

Understanding the Requirements

* **Output Data Formatting:** The vendor has provided a table specifying how organization types should appear in the output file (e.g., Cost Center as "CC", Pay Group as "PAY", Supervisory as "S", and any other value as "OTHER"). This indicates a need to transform or map Workday organization data into specific output values, which is typically handled by configuring how fields are processed or mapped in the integration.

* **Document Retention Policy Change:** The vendor wants to change the default document retention policy from 30 days to 7 days. In Workday, document retention policies for integrations (e.g., files stored on SFTP or other delivery methods) are managed through integration settings, specifically attributes related to file retention or delivery options.

Analyzing Workday Core Connector: Organization Outbound

The Core Connector: Organization Outbound template is a pre-built Workday integration template used to extract organization-related data (e.g., cost centers, pay groups, supervisory organizations) and send it to an external system. It leverages Workday's integration framework, including integration maps, field overrides, and attributes, to customize data output and behavior.

* **Integration Maps:** Used to define how data is transformed or mapped from Workday to the output format, often involving XSLT or predefined mappings.

* **Integration Field Overrides:** Allow you to override or customize how specific fields are displayed or formatted in the output, such as mapping "Cost Center" to "CC" as per the vendor's table.

* **Integration Attributes:** Control broader integration settings, such as delivery methods, file formats, and retention policies (e.g., document retention duration).

* **Integration Field Attributes:** Typically focus on specific field-level properties but are less commonly used for retention policies or broad mappings compared to the above options.

Evaluating the Vendor's Output Requirements

The table provided (Cost Center # "CC", Pay Group # "PAY", Supervisory # "S", any other value #

"OTHER") suggests a need to transform or override the default output values for organization types. This is a field-level customization, best handled by Integration Field Overrides, which allow you to specify custom values or formats for specific fields in the output.

* For example, in the Core Connector, you can use Integration Field Overrides to map the Workday organization type (e.g., "Cost_Center") to the vendor's desired output ("CC"). This is a common practice for outbound integrations where external systems require specific formatting.

Evaluating the Retention Policy Change

The default document retention policy of 30 days needs to be changed to 7 days. In Workday, retention policies for integration output files (e.g., files delivered via SFTP or email) are configured as part of the integration's attributes, not field-level settings.

* **Integration Attributes** are used to manage integration-wide settings, including delivery options, file retention periods, and other global configurations. You can specify the retention period (e.g., 7 days) in the attributes section of the Core Connector configuration.

* This is distinct from field-level overrides or maps, as retention is not tied to individual data fields but to the integration's output management.

Analyzing the Options

Now, let's evaluate each option to determine which tasks are needed to meet both requirements:

* **A. Configure Integration Maps and Configure Integration Attributes**

* **Integration Maps:** These are used for broader data transformations or mappings, such as converting Workday XML to another

format or defining complex data relationships. While they could theoretically handle the output value mappings (e.g., Cost Center # "CC"), they are typically more complex and less granular than field overrides for simple value changes.

- * Integration Attributes: Correct for configuring the retention policy (e.g., changing from 30 to 7 days), as attributes manage integration-wide settings like retention.

- * Why Not Sufficient?: Integration Maps are overkill for simple field value overrides like the vendor's table, and field-level customization is better handled by Integration Field Overrides for precision and ease.

- * B. Configure Integration Field Overrides and Configure Integration Field Attributes

- * Integration Field Overrides: Correct for mapping specific field values (e.g., Cost Center # "CC"), as they allow granular control over output formats for individual fields.

- * Integration Field Attributes: These are less commonly used and typically focus on field-specific properties (e.g., data type, length), not broad integration settings like retention policies.

Retention is not managed at the field level, so this is incorrect for the retention requirement.

- * Why Not Sufficient?: Integration Field Attributes do not handle retention policies, making this option incomplete.

- * C. Configure Integration Field Overrides and Configure Integration Attributes

- * Integration Field Overrides: Perfect for mapping the vendor's output values (e.g., Cost Center # "CC", Pay Group # "PAY", etc.), as they allow precise control over field-level output formatting.

- * Integration Attributes: Correct for configuring the retention policy (e.g., changing from 30 to 7 days), as attributes manage integration-wide settings like file retention.

- * Why Sufficient?: This combination addresses both requirements-field-level output formatting and integration-wide retention policy changes-making it the most accurate choice.

- * D. Configure Integration Maps and Configure Integration Field Attributes

- * Integration Maps: As explained, these are better for complex transformations, not simple field value overrides like the vendor's table. They could work but are less efficient than field overrides.

- * Integration Field Attributes: As noted, these do not handle retention policies or broad integration settings, making them incorrect for the retention requirement.

- * Why Not Sufficient?: This combination fails to address retention effectively and uses Integration Maps when Integration Field Overrides would be more appropriate for the output formatting.

Conclusion

Based on the analysis, the vendor's requirements for output formatting (mapping organization types to specific values) and changing the retention policy (from 30 to 7 days) are best met by:

- * Integration Field Overrides: To customize the output values for organization types (e.g., Cost Center # "CC") as shown in the table.

- * Integration Attributes: To adjust the document retention policy from 30 days to 7 days.

NEW QUESTION # 68

Refer to the following XML to answer the question below.

```
1. <wd:Get_Job_Profiles_Response xmlns:wd="urn:com.workday/bavc" wd:version="v43.0">
2.   <wd:Response_Data>
3.     <wd:Job_Profile>
4.       <wd:Job_Profile_Reference>
5.         <wd:ID wd:type="WID">174c31eca2f24ed9b6174ca7d2aeb98c</wd:ID>
6.         <wd:ID wd:type="Job_Profile_ID">Senior_Benefits_Analyst</wd:ID>
7.       </wd:Job_Profile_Reference>
8.       <wd:Job_Profile_Data>
9.         <wd:Job_Code>Senior Benefits Analyst</wd:Job_Code>
10.        <wd:Effective_Date>2024-05-15</wd:Effective_Date>
11.        <wd:Education_Qualification_Replacement_Data>
12.          <wd:Degree_Reference>
13.            <wd:ID wd:type="WID">61393c9b1d094d44a7318c4d3caebce</wd:ID>
14.            <wd:ID wd:type="Degree_ID">MBA</wd:ID>
15.          </wd:Degree_Reference>
16.          <wd:Field_Of_Study_Reference>
17.            <wd:ID wd:type="WID">42e42dfd4b0c49b5842114f67369a96f</wd:ID>
18.            <wd:ID wd:type="Field_Of_Study_ID">Economics</wd:ID>
19.          </wd:Field_Of_Study_Reference>
20.          <wd:Required>0</wd:Required>
21.        </wd:Education_Qualification_Replacement_Data>
22.        <wd:Education_Qualification_Replacement_Data>
23.          <wd:Degree_Reference>
24.            <wd:ID wd:type="WID">8db9b8e5f53c4c4b7f7a984c6afde28</wd:ID>
25.            <wd:ID wd:type="Degree_ID">B_S</wd:ID>
26.          </wd:Degree_Reference>
27.          <wd:Required>1</wd:Required>
28.        </wd:Education_Qualification_Replacement_Data>
29.      </wd:Job_Profile_Data>
30.    </wd:Job_Profile>
31.  </wd:Response_Data>
32. </wd:Get_Job_Profiles_Response>
```

You are an integration developer and need to write XSLT to transform the output of an EIB which is making a request to the Get Job Profiles web service operation. The root template of your XSLT matches on the <wd:

Get_Job_Profiles_Response> element. This root template then applies templates against <wd:Job_Profile>.

What XPath syntax would be used to select the value of the ID element which has a wd:type attribute named Job_Profile_ID when the <xsl:value-of> element is placed within the template which matches on <wd:Job_Profile>?

- A. wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']
- B. wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID/wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'
- **C. wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']**
- D. wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID/@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'

Answer: C

Explanation:

As an integration developer working with Workday, you are tasked with transforming the output of an Enterprise Interface Builder (EIB) that calls the Get_Job_Profiles web service operation. The provided XML shows the response from this operation, and you need to write XSLT to select the value of the <wd:ID> element where the wd:type attribute equals "Job_Profile_ID." The root template of your XSLT matches on <wd:Get_Job_Profiles_Response> and applies templates to <wd:Job_Profile>. Within this template, you use the <xsl:value-of> element to extract the value. Let's analyze the XML structure, the requirement, and each option to determine the correct XPath syntax.

Understanding the XML and Requirement

The XML snippet provided is a SOAP response from the Get_Job_Profiles web service operation in Workday, using the namespace xmlns:wd="urn:com.workday/bsvc" and version wd:version="v43.0". Key elements relevant to the question include:

- * The root element is <wd:Get_Job_Profiles_Response>.
- * It contains <wd:Response_Data>, which includes <wd:Job_Profile> elements.
- * Within <wd:Job_Profile>, there is <wd:Job_Profile_Reference>, which contains multiple <wd:ID> elements, each with a wd:type attribute:

* <wd:ID wd:type="WID">1740d3eca2f2ed9b6174ca7d2ae88c8c</wd:ID>

* <wd:ID wd:type="Job_Profile_ID">Senior_Benefits_Analyst</wd:ID>

The task is to select the value of the <wd:ID> element where wd:type="Job_Profile_ID" (e.g., "Senior_Benefits_Analyst") using XPath within an XSLT template that matches <wd:Job_Profile>. The <xsl:value-of> element outputs the value of the selected node, so you need the correct XPath path from the <wd:Job_Profile> context to the specific <wd:ID> element with the wd:type attribute value "Job_Profile_ID." Analysis of Options Let's evaluate each option based on the XML structure and XPath syntax rules:

* Option A: wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID/wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'

* This XPath attempts to navigate from wd:Job_Profile_Reference to wd:ID, then to wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'. However, there are several issues:

* wd:type='Job_Profile_ID' is not valid XPath syntax. In XPath, to filter based on an attribute value, you use the attribute selector [@attribute='value'], not a direct comparison like wd:

type='Job_Profile_ID'.

* wd:type is an attribute of <wd:ID>, not a child element or node. This syntax would not select the <wd:ID> element itself but would be interpreted as trying to match a nonexistent child node or property, resulting in an error or no match.

* This option is incorrect because it misuses XPath syntax for attribute filtering.

* Option B: wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID/@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'

* This XPath navigates to wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID and then selects the @wd:type attribute, comparing it to "Job_Profile_ID" with =@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'. However:

* The =@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID' syntax is invalid in XPath. To filter based on an attribute value, you use [@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'] as a predicate, not an equality comparison in this form.

* This XPath would select the wd:type attribute itself (e.g., the string "Job_Profile_ID"), not the value of the <wd:ID> element. Since <xsl:value-of> expects a node or element value, selecting an attribute directly would not yield the desired "Senior_Benefits_Analyst" value.

* This option is incorrect due to the invalid syntax and inappropriate selection of the attribute instead of the element value.

* Option C: wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']

* This XPath navigates from wd:Job_Profile_Reference to wd:ID and uses the predicate [@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'] to filter for <wd:ID> elements where the wd:type attribute equals "Job_Profile_ID."

* In the XML, <wd:Job_Profile_Reference> contains:

* <wd:ID wd:type="WID">1740d3eca2f2ed9b6174ca7d2ae88c8c</wd:ID>

* <wd:ID wd:type="Job_Profile_ID">Senior_Benefits_Analyst</wd:ID>

* The predicate [@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'] selects the second <wd:ID> element, whose value is "Senior_Benefits_Analyst."

* Since the template matches <wd:Job_Profile>, and <wd:Job_Profile_Reference> is a direct child of <wd:Job_Profile>, this path is

correct:

* `<wd:Job_Profile>#<wd:Job_Profile_Reference>#<wd:ID[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']>`.

* When used with `<xsl:value-of select='wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']'>`, it outputs "Senior_Benefits_Analyst," fulfilling the requirement.

* This option is correct because it uses proper XPath syntax for attribute-based filtering and selects the desired `<wd:ID>` value.

* Option D: `wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID/[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']`

* This XPath is similar to Option C but includes an extra forward slash before the predicate: `wd:ID/[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']`. In XPath, predicates like `[@attribute='value']` are used directly after the node name (e.g., `wd:ID[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']`), not separated by a slash. The extra slash is syntactically incorrect and would result in an error or no match, as it implies navigating to a child node that doesn't exist.

* This option is incorrect due to the invalid syntax.

Why Option C is Correct

Option C, `wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']`, is the correct XPath syntax because:

* It starts from the context node `<wd:Job_Profile>` (as the template matches this element) and navigates to `<wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID>`, using the predicate `[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']` to filter for the `<wd:ID>` element with `wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'`.

* It correctly selects the value "Senior_Benefits_Analyst," which is the content of the `<wd:ID>` element where `wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'`.

* It uses standard XPath syntax for attribute-based filtering, aligning with Workday's XSLT implementation for web service responses.

* When used with `<xsl:value-of>`, it outputs the required value, fulfilling the question's requirement.

Practical Example in XSLT

Here's how this might look in your XSLT:

```
<xsl:template match='wd:Job_Profile'>
  <xsl:value-of select='wd:Job_Profile_Reference/wd:ID[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']'>
</xsl:template>
```

This would output "Senior_Benefits_Analyst" for the `<wd:ID>` element with `wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'` in the XML.

Verification with Workday Documentation

The Workday Pro Integrations Study Guide and SOAP API Reference (available via Workday Community) detail the structure of the Get_Job_Profiles response and how to use XPath in XSLT for transformations. The XML structure shows

`<wd:Job_Profile_Reference>` containing `<wd:ID>` elements with `wd:type` attributes, and the guide emphasizes using predicates like `[@wd:type='value']` to filter based on attributes. This is a standard practice for navigating Workday web service responses.

Workday Pro Integrations Study Guide References

* Section: XSLT Transformations in EIBs - Describes using XSLT to transform web service responses, including selecting elements with XPath and attribute predicates.

* Section: Workday Web Services - Details the Get_Job_Profiles operation and its XML output structure, including `<wd:Job_Profile_Reference>` and `<wd:ID>` with `wd:type` attributes.

* Section: XPath Syntax - Explains how to use predicates like `[@wd:type='Job_Profile_ID']` for attribute-based filtering in Workday XSLT.

* Workday Community SOAP API Reference - Provides examples of XPath navigation for Workday web service responses, including attribute selection.

Option C is the verified answer, as it correctly selects the `<wd:ID>` value with `wd:type='Job_Profile_ID'` using the appropriate XPath syntax within the `<wd:Job_Profile>` template context.

NEW QUESTION # 69

What are the two valid data source options for an Outbound EIB?

- A. XpressO Report or Custom Report
- B. Web Service or Business Process
- C. Custom Report or Workday Web Service
- D. Custom Report or Business Process

Answer: C

Explanation:

An Outbound EIB (Enterprise Interface Builder) requires a data source to extract information from Workday. The two valid data source types are:

Custom Report (Advanced or Simple)

Workday Web Service (WWS)

From Workday documentation:

"Outbound EIBs support either a Custom Report marked as Web Service Enabled, or a Workday Public Web Service (WWS) operation, as the data source." Custom Reports allow user-defined data with filtering.

Web Services allow access to standard operations like Get_Workers.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- A . Business Process is not a data source type.
- B . XpressO Reports are not supported for integrations.
- C . Business Processes cannot feed EIBs directly as data sources.

NEW QUESTION # 70

Your manager has asked for a value on their dashboard for how many days away the birthdays are of their direct reports. The format of the output should be [Worker's Name]'s birthday is in [X] days, where you must calculate the number of days until a Worker's next birthday. An example output is "Logan McNeil's birthday is in 103 days." Which calculated field functions do you need to accomplish this?

- A. Increment or Decrement Date, Format Number, Text Constant, Concatenate Text
- **B. Date Difference, Format Number, Text Constant, Concatenate Text**
- C. Format Date, Increment or Decrement Date, Extract Single Instance, Format Text
- D. Build Date, Format Date, Extract Single Instance, Format Text

Answer: B

Explanation:

The requirement is to create a calculated field for a dashboard that displays a worker's name and the number of days until their next birthday in the format "[Worker's Name]'s birthday is in [X] days" (e.g., "Logan McNeil's birthday is in 103 days"). This involves calculating the difference between today's date and the worker's next birthday, then formatting the output as a text string. Let's break down the necessary functions:

* Date Difference: To calculate the number of days until the worker's next birthday, you need to determine the difference between the current date and the worker's birthdate in the current or next year (whichever is upcoming). The Date Difference function calculates the number of days between two dates. In this case:

* Use the worker's "Date of Birth" field (from the Worker business object).

* Adjust the year of the birthdate to the current year or next year (if the birthday has already passed this year) using additional logic.

* Calculate the difference from today's date to this adjusted birthday date. For example, if today is February 21, 2025, and Logan's birthday is June 4 (adjusted to June 4, 2025), Date Difference returns 103 days.

* Format Number: The result of Date Difference is a numeric value (e.g., 103). To ensure it displays cleanly in the output string (without decimals or unnecessary formatting), Format Number can be used to convert it to a simple integer string (e.g., "103").

* Text Constant: To build the output string, static text like "s birthday is in " and " days" is needed. The Text Constant function provides fixed text values to include in the final concatenated result.

* Concatenate Text: The final step is to combine the worker's name (e.g., "Logan McNeil"), the static text, and the calculated days into one string. Concatenate Text merges multiple text values into a single output, such as "Logan McNeil" + "s birthday is in " + "103" + " days".

* Option Analysis:

* A. Format Date, Increment or Decrement Date, Extract Single Instance, Format Text: Incorrect.

Format Date converts dates to strings but doesn't calculate differences. Increment or Decrement Date adjusts dates but isn't suited for finding days until a future event. Extract Single Instance is for multi-instance fields, not relevant here. Format Text adjusts text appearance, not numeric calculations.

* B. Build Date, Format Date, Extract Single Instance, Format Text: Incorrect. Build Date creates a date from components, useful for setting the next birthday, but lacks the difference calculation.

Format Date and Extract Single Instance don't apply to the core need.

* C. Date Difference, Format Number, Text Constant, Concatenate Text: Correct. These functions cover calculating the days, formatting the number, adding static text, and building the final string.

* D. Increment or Decrement Date, Format Number, Text Constant, Concatenate Text: Incorrect.

Increment or Decrement Date can't directly calculate days to a future birthday without additional complexity; Date Difference is more appropriate.

* Implementation:

* Use Date Difference to calculate days from today to the next birthday (adjusting the year dynamically with additional logic if needed).

* Apply Format Number to ensure the result is a clean integer.

* Use Text Constant for static text ("s birthday is in " and " days").

* Use Concatenate Text to combine Worker Name, static text, and the formatted number.

References from Workday Pro Integrations Study Guide:

- * Workday Calculated Fields: Section on "Date Functions" explains Date Difference for calculating time spans.
- * Report Writer Fundamentals: Covers Concatenate Text and Text Constant for string building in reports.

NEW QUESTION # 71

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I used to create grass with polka-dotted brushes that faded out as I Workday-Pro-Integrations stroked across the canvas. He has lectured at the University of California on signal processing, chip design, and theoretical physics.

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