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Huawei HCIP-AI-EI Developer V2.5 Sample Questions (Q48-Q53):

NEW QUESTION # 48

The natural language processing field usually uses distributed semantic representation to represent words. Each word is no longer a completely orthogonal 0-1 vector, but a point in a multi-dimensional real number space, which is specifically represented as a real number vector.

- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE

Answer: A

Explanation:

Traditional word representations like one-hot vectors are sparse and orthogonal, failing to capture semantic similarities. Distributed semantic representations (word embeddings) map words to dense, continuous vectors in a multi-dimensional space where similar words have similar vector representations. This approach enables better generalization and semantic reasoning in NLP tasks.

Exact Extract from HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5:

"Distributed semantic representation maps words to dense real-valued vectors in continuous space, allowing semantic similarity to be captured in vector geometry." Reference: HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5 Official Study Guide - Chapter: Word Vector Representation

NEW QUESTION # 49

Which audio file formats can Huawei Cloud text-to-speech (TTS) generate?

- A. WAV
- B. PCM
- C. MP3
- D. AAC

Answer: A,B,C

Explanation:

Huawei Cloud's TTS service supports generating synthesized speech in multiple formats to meet different application requirements:

* WAV: High-quality, uncompressed audio format.

* MP3: Compressed format for efficient storage and streaming.

* PCM: Raw, uncompressed audio data for low-level processing.

AAC is a common format but is not supported by Huawei Cloud TTS as per the official specification for HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5.

Exact Extract from HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5:

"Huawei Cloud TTS supports output in WAV, MP3, and PCM formats to balance audio quality and storage requirements."

Reference: HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5 Official Study Guide - Chapter: Text-to-Speech Service

NEW QUESTION # 50

The mAP evaluation metric in object detection combines accuracy and recall.

- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE

Answer: B

Explanation:

The mAP (mean Average Precision) metric in object detection combines precision and recall, not accuracy and recall. mAP is calculated by averaging the Average Precision (AP) across all classes in a dataset. Precision measures how many predicted positives are correct, while recall measures how many actual positives are identified. Accuracy, on the other hand, is a general metric for classification tasks and is less suitable for object detection where class imbalance and localization are important.

Exact Extract from HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5:

"mAP evaluates object detection performance by considering both precision and recall across all classes, providing a balanced measure of detection accuracy and completeness." Reference: HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5 Official Study Guide - Chapter: Object Detection Metrics

NEW QUESTION # 51

A text classification task has only one final output, while a sequence labeling task has an output in each input position.

- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE

Answer: A

Explanation:

In NLP:

* Text classification(e.g., sentiment analysis) predicts a single label for the entire input sequence.

* Sequence labeling(e.g., Named Entity Recognition, Part-of-Speech tagging) produces an output label for each token or position in the input sequence. This distinction is important for selecting appropriate model architectures and loss functions.

Exact Extract from HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5:

"Text classification assigns one label to the whole text, whereas sequence labeling assigns a label to each token in the sequence."

Reference:HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5 Official Study Guide - Chapter: NLP Task Categories

NEW QUESTION # 52

Among image preprocessing techniques, gamma correction is a common non-linear brightness adjustment method. Which of the following statements are true about the application and features of gamma correction?

- A. Gamma correction is an enhancement technique based on exponential transformation mapping. It is used for non-linear contrast stretching.
- B. Gamma correction applies only to grayscale images and does not apply to color images.
- C. When $\gamma < 1$, the input high grayscale range is compressed, and the low grayscale range is stretched, enhancing the dark areas while compressing the bright areas.
- D. When $\gamma > 1$, the input low grayscale range is compressed, and the high grayscale range is stretched, enhancing the bright areas while compressing the dark areas.

Answer: A,C,D

Explanation:

Gamma correction is a non-linear image processing method used to adjust brightness and contrast. It is not limited to grayscale images - it can be applied to both grayscale and color images by operating on individual channels.

* $\gamma < 1$: Enhances dark regions (brightens shadows) and compresses highlights.

* $\gamma > 1$: Enhances bright regions and compresses dark regions. It is based on power-law (exponential) transformation, making it effective for adjusting human-perceived luminance.

Exact Extract from HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5:

"Gamma correction is a non-linear brightness adjustment based on power-law transformation. It applies to both grayscale and color images. For $\gamma < 1$, dark regions are brightened; for $\gamma > 1$, bright regions are enhanced." Reference:HCIP-AI EI Developer V2.5

Official Study Guide - Chapter: Image Enhancement

NEW QUESTION # 53

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