

JN0-481인증덤프공부문제최신버전인증공부

최신 Accredited Professional Process-Automation 무료샘플문 제 (Q53-Q58):

질문 #53

What are three basic building blocks of Salesforce Flow?

- A. Element
- B. Variables
- C. Constants
- D. Connector
- E. Resource

정답[A,D,E]

질문 #54

Which Process Builder component determines when a process runs?

- A. Action
- B. Screen
- C. Criteria
- D. Trigger

정답[D]

질문 #55

Which of the following three statements are correct regarding Flow interviews?

- A. A flow interview always runs n single instance of n flow.
- B. Any flow interviews that are not in use should be deleted go that user's pending list includes only interviews that they ..
- C. A single flow can have up to 50 different versions.
- D. Only those flow interviews can be deactivated that have been paused at least once.
- E. Users can use browser's Back or Forward buttons to navigate through a flow

정답[D]

질문 #56

How many active versions of a flow can you have at a given time?

- A. 0
- B. Unlimited
- C. 1
- D. 2

정답[A]

참고: ITDumpsKR에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2026 Juniper JN0-481 시험 문제집이 있습니다:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=12DVXxyIAVu3lrQd5oosl6A7sOJzeaqQt>

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>> JN0-481인증덤프공부문제 <<

JN0-481인증덤프공부문제 시험 최신버전 자료

ITDumpsKR의 Juniper JN0-481 덤프는 Juniper JN0-481 시험문제 변경에 따라 주기적으로 업데이트를 진행하여 덤프가

항상 가장 최신버전이라도 업데이트를 진행하고 있습니다. 구매한 Juniper JN0-481 덤프가 업데이트되면 저희측에서 자동으로 구매시 사용한 메일주소에 업데이트된 최신버전을 발송해드리는데 해당 덤프의 구매시간이 1년미만인 분들은 업데이트서비스를 받을수 있습니다.

최신 JNCIS-DC JN0-481 무료샘플문제 (Q11-Q16):

질문 # 11

You are creating a template using Juniper Apstra

a. In this scenario, what is a rack-based design compared to a pod-based design?

- A. A rack-based design allows the operator to select a specified number of downlinked servers, whereas a pod-based design only allows the operator to select fixed "pods" of servers.
- **B. A rack-based design refers to a three-stage Clos, and a pod design refers to a five-stage Clos.**
- C. A rack-based design is suitable for physical servers, whereas a pod-based design is used for Kubernetes deployments.
- D. A rack-based design connects local servers only, whereas a pod-based design can include virtual workloads in a public cloud.

정답: B

설명:

In Apstra 5.1, templates are used to describe the intended structure of a data center fabric. A rack-based template is used to build the common 3-stage Clos model (spines connected to racks containing leaf/top-of-rack switches and endpoints). In this design, you define the spine logical devices, select one or more rack types, specify rack counts, and define the intended connectivity between spines and racks. This directly models a leaf-spine IP fabric typically used for EVPN-VXLAN in modern data centers.

A pod-based template, by contrast, is explicitly used to build 5-stage Clos networks. In Apstra's terminology, a pod-based template is essentially a "template of templates": it combines one or more rack-based templates (each representing a 3-stage pod) and adds an additional superspine layer to interconnect those pods into a larger, scalable fabric. This is the architectural distinction: rack-based describes the leaf-spine pod, while pod-based describes the multi-pod superspine architecture.

For Junos v24.4 EVPN-VXLAN deployments, the difference matters operationally because 5-stage fabrics introduce additional tiers and scaling considerations (for example, superspine connectivity and expanded ECMP domains). Apstra's template hierarchy ensures consistent intent modeling across both 3-stage and 5-stage topologies without requiring operators to manually redesign the fabric logic each time they scale out.

Verified Juniper sources (URLs):

<https://www.juniper.net/documentation/us/en/software/apstra5.1/apstra-user-guide/topics/concept/templates.html>

<https://www.juniper.net/documentation/us/en/software/apstra5.1/apstra-user-guide/topics/task/template-create-pod-based.html>

<https://www.juniper.net/documentation/us/en/software/apstra5.1/apstra-user-guide/topics/topic-map/5-stage-clos.html>

질문 # 12

What are three valid resource types supported within Juniper Apstra? (Choose three.)

- **A. ASN pools**
- B. interface pools
- **C. VNI pools**
- D. routing zone pools
- **E. integer pools**

정답: A,C,E

설명:

Juniper Apstra supports various resource types for managing and assigning infrastructure values across blueprints. Three valid resource types are:

- Integer Pools - Used for assigning numeric values like VLAN IDs.
- VNI Pools - Used to assign unique VXLAN Network Identifiers to virtual networks.
- ASN Pools - Used to assign Autonomous System Numbers for BGP sessions.

Routing zone pools and interface pools are not valid resource types in Apstra. Routing zones and interfaces are configured differently within the blueprint structure.

질문 # 13

You are installing a Juniper Apstra server in your data center. You have multiple users that will be expected to configure, manage, and carry out operational tasks in your data center. You have decided to implement remote user authentication for the role-based access control of your Apstra server. In this scenario, which three methods are supported? (Choose three.)

- A. SAML
- B. RADIUS
- C. TACACS+
- D. Auth0
- E. LDAP

정답: B,C,E

설명:

To implement remote user authentication for the role-based access control of your Apstra server, you can use one of the following methods: TACACS+, LDAP, or RADIUS. These are the protocols that Juniper Apstra supports to authenticate and authorize users based on roles assigned to individual users within an enterprise. You can configure the Apstra server to use one or more of these protocols as the authentication sources and specify the order of preference. You can also configure the Apstra server to use local user accounts as a fallback option if the remote authentication fails.

질문 # 14

The servers attached to your Juniper Apstra managed data center fabric are running VMware.

You want to get the details about which VMs are attached to which leaf interface.

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct?

- A. A policy needs to be defined in Interface Polices.
- B. An agent needs to be installed on each server.
- C. Only kvm-based VMs are supported.
- D. A Virtual Infra Manager must be defined.

정답: D

설명:

In Juniper Apstra, to see details about which VMs are attached to which leaf interface, Apstra requires integration with the Virtual Infrastructure Manager (VIM), such as VMware vCenter for ESXi environments. Without defining and integrating a VIM, the VMs tab (as shown in the exhibit) will not display any data, even if servers are connected and running.

질문 # 15

Which statement is correct about the Juniper Apstra Rendered configuration?

- A. It is built at commit time and stored in a MySQL database.
- B. It is rendered from the graph database and stored locally.
- C. It is dynamically rendered at commit time.
- D. It is stored in a NoSQL database and incrementally updated.

정답: C

설명:

The Juniper Apstra Rendered configuration is the configuration that is generated from the staged blueprint and applied to the devices in the network. The Rendered configuration is dynamically rendered at commit time, which means that it is created on the fly based on the latest changes and validations in the blueprint. The Rendered configuration is not stored in any database, but it can be viewed in the Apstra UI or downloaded as a file. The Rendered configuration reflects the desired state of the network as defined by the intent of the blueprint.

질문 # 16

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