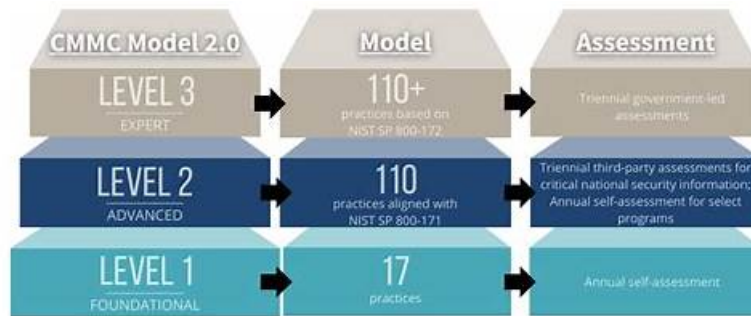


Cyber AB CMMC-CCP시험합격덤프 - CMMC-CCP적 중을높은인증시험덤프



그리고 DumpTOP CMMC-CCP 시험 문제집의 전체 버전을 클라우드 저장소에서 다운로드할 수 있습니다:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=12eWcvc9tUBtp1-dJjtK0hsD3wffHt5nu>

DumpTOP 는 아주 우수한 IT인증자료사이트입니다. 우리DumpTOP에서 여러분은Cyber AB CMMC-CCP인증시험관
 려 스킬과시험자료를 얻을수 있습니다. 여러분은 우리DumpTOP 사이트에서 제공하는Cyber AB CMMC-CCP관련
 자료의 일부분문제와답등 샘플을 무료로 다운받아 체험해볼 수 있습니다. 그리고DumpTOP에서는Cyber AB
 CMMC-CCP자료구매 후 추후 업데이트되는 동시에 최신버전을 무료로 발송해드립니다. 우리는Cyber AB CMMC-
 CCP인증시험관련 모든 자료를 여러분들에서 제공할 것입니다. 우리의 IT전문 팀은 부단한 업계경험과 연구를 이
 용하여 정확하고 디테일 한 시험문제와 답으로 여러분을 어시스트 해드리겠습니다.

DumpTOP 의 Cyber AB인증 CMMC-CCP덤프는 PDF버전과 소프트웨어버전 두가지 버전으로 되어있는데 소프트웨
 어버전은 시뮬레이션버전입니다. 소프트웨어버전의 문제를 푸는 과정은 시험현장을 연상케하여 시험환경에 먼저
 적응하여 실제시험에서 높은 점수를 받도록 도와드릴수 있습니다.

>> Cyber AB CMMC-CCP시험합격덤프 <<

CMMC-CCP적중을 높은 인증시험덤프 & CMMC-CCP덤프최신자료

최근 더욱 많은 분들이Cyber AB인증CMMC-CCP시험에 도전해보려고 합니다. DumpTOP에서는 여러분의 시간
 와 돈을 절약해드리기 위하여 저렴한 가격에 최고의 품질을 지닌 퍼펙트한Cyber AB인증CMMC-CCP시험덤프를
 제공해드려 고객님의 시험준비에 편안함을 선물해드립니다. DumpTOP제품을 한번 믿어보세요.

Cyber AB CMMC-CCP 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scoping: This section of the exam measures the analytical skills of cybersecurity practitioners, highlighting their ability to properly define assessment scope. Candidates must demonstrate knowledge of identifying and classifying Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) assets, recognizing the difference between in-scope, out-of-scope, and specialized assets, and applying logical and physical separation techniques to determine accurate scoping for assessments
주제 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CMMC-AB Code of Professional Conduct (Ethics): This section of the exam measures the integrity of cybersecurity professionals by evaluating their understanding of the CMMC-AB Code of Professional Conduct. It emphasizes ethical responsibilities, including confidentiality, objectivity, professionalism, conflict-of-interest avoidance, and respect for intellectual property, ensuring candidates can uphold ethical standards throughout their CMMC-related duties.

주제 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMMC Governance and Source Documents: This section of the exam measures the capabilities of legal or compliance advisors, covering key regulatory frameworks that govern cybersecurity compliance. Topics include Federal Contract Information, Controlled Unclassified Information, the role of NIST SP 800-171, DFARS, FAR, and the structure and requirements of CMMC v2.0, including self-assessments and certification levels.
주제 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMMC Ecosystem: This section of the exam measures the skills of consultants and compliance professionals and focuses on the different roles and responsibilities across the CMMC ecosystem. Candidates must understand the functions of entities such as the Department of Defense, CMMC-AB, Organizations Seeking Certification, Registered Practitioners, and Certified CMMC Professionals, as well as how the ecosystem supports cybersecurity standards and certification.

최신 Cyber AB CMMC CMMC-CCP 무료 샘플문제 (Q187-Q192):

질문 # 187

When are data and documents with legacy markings from or for the DoD required to be re-marked or redacted?

- A. When under the control of the DoD
- **B. When a document is being shared outside of the organization**
- C. When a derivative document's original information is not CUI
- D. When the document is considered secret

정답: B

질문 # 188

The Lead Assessor interviews a network security specialist of an OSC. The incident monitoring report for the month shows that no security incidents were reported from OSC's external SOC service provider. This is provided as evidence for RA.L2-3.11.2: Scan for vulnerabilities in organizational systems and applications periodically and when new vulnerabilities affecting those systems and applications are identified. Based on this information, the Lead Assessor should conclude that the evidence is:

- **A. inadequate because it is irrelevant to the practice.**
- B. inadequate because the OSC's service provider should be interviewed.
- C. adequate because it fits well for expected artifacts.
- D. adequate because no security incidents were reported.

정답: A

설명:

Understanding RA.L2-3.11.2: Vulnerability ScanningTheRA.L2-3.11.2practice requires organizations to:

#Regularly scan for vulnerabilitiesin systems and applications.

#Perform scans when new vulnerabilities are identified.

#Use vulnerability scanning tools or servicesto proactively detect security weaknesses.

* Anincident monitoring reporttrackssecurity incidents, notvulnerability scanning activities.

* Vulnerability scanning reportsshould include:#A list of vulnerabilities detected.#Remediation actions taken.#Scan frequency and schedule.

* Theabsence of reported security incidentsdoesnotconfirm that vulnerability scans were performed.

Why Is an Incident Monitoring Report Irrelevant?

* A. Inadequate because it is irrelevant to the practice # Correct

* A lack of reported security incidents does not confirm that vulnerability scanning was performed.

* B. Adequate because it fits well for expected artifacts # Incorrect

* Incident monitoring reportsare not expected artifactsfor this control. Vulnerability scan reportsare required instead.

* C. Adequate because no security incidents were reported # Incorrect

* The absence of incidents does not mean the OSC is performing vulnerability scanning. This isnot valid evidence.

* D. Inadequate because the OSC's service provider should be interviewed # Incorrect

* While interviewing the provider may be useful, themain issue is that the provided evidence is irrelevant. Thecorrect evidence (vulnerability scan reports) is missing.

Why is the Correct Answer "A. Inadequate because it is irrelevant to the practice"?

- * NIST SP 800-171 (Requirement 3.11.2 - Vulnerability Scanning)
 - * Defines the requirement to scan for vulnerabilities periodically and when new threats emerge.
 - * CMMC Assessment Guide for Level 2
 - * Specifies that evidence for RA.L2-3.11.2 should include vulnerability scan reports, not incident monitoring reports.
 - * CMMC 2.0 Model Overview
 - * Confirms that organizations must proactively identify vulnerabilities through scanning, not just rely on incident detection.
- CMMC 2.0 References Supporting This answer:

질문 # 189

Plan of Action defines the clear goal or objective for the plan. What information is generally NOT a part of a plan of action?

- A. Budget requirements to implement the plan's remediation actions
- **B. Ownership of who is accountable for ensuring plan performance**
- C. Completion dates
- D. Milestones to measure progress

정답: B

질문 # 190

For the purpose of determining scope, what needs to be included as part of the assessment but would NOT receive a CMMC certification unless an enterprise assessment is conducted?

- A. Government property
- **B. ESP**
- C. Test equipment
- D. People

정답: B

설명:

Per the CMMC Scoping Guidance, External Service Providers (ESPs) must be included in scope if they process, store, or transmit CUI or FCI on behalf of the OSC. However, ESPs do not themselves receive a separate CMMC certification unless they undergo their own assessment or an enterprise-level certification is conducted. Their environment is assessed only as part of the OSC's scope.

Reference Documents:

- * CMMC Scoping Guidance for Level 2
- * CMMC Model v2.0 Overview

질문 # 191

The Advanced Level in CMMC will contain Access Control (AC) practices from:

- **A. Levels 1,2, and 3.**
- B. Level 3.
- C. Levels 1 and 2.
- D. Level 1.

정답: A

설명:

Understanding Access Control (AC) in CMMC Advanced (Level 3) The CMMC Advanced Level (Level 3) is designed for organizations handling high-value Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) and aligns with a subset of NIST SP 800-172 for advanced cybersecurity protections.

Access Control (AC) Practices in CMMC Level 3 #CMMC Level 1 includes basic AC practices from FAR

52.204-21 (e.g., restricting access to authorized users).

#CMMC Level 2 includes all Access Control (AC) practices from NIST SP 800-171 (e.g., managing privileged access).

#CMMC Level 3 expands on Levels 1 and 2, incorporating additional protections from NIST SP 800-172, such as enhanced monitoring and adversary deception techniques.

* CMMC Level 3 builds upon all previous levels, including Access Control (AC) practices from Levels 1 and 2.

<https://drive.google.com/open?id=12eWcvc9tUBtp1-dJjtK0hsD3wFfHt5nu>