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Pure Storage Portworx Enterprise Professional Exam

Pure Certified Portworx Enterprise Professional (PEP) Exam

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Pure Storage Portworx-Enterprise-Professional Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Operations and Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Storage Administrators and Kubernetes Operators and covers managing cluster operations and administering container storage environments using Portworx. Candidates demonstrate the ability to efficiently manage and operate storage clusters in production environments.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Observability and Troubleshooting: This section assesses the expertise of Support Engineers and System Administrators in monitoring storage deployments and troubleshooting issues. Candidates learn to use observability tools and techniques to maintain system health and resolve performance problems effectively.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Business Continuity: This domain measures the skills of Disaster Recovery Planners and IT Continuity Managers in implementing backup, recovery, and failover strategies. It ensures candidates understand how to sustain business operations and data availability using Portworx features.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Deploy and Install: This domain targets DevOps Engineers and Infrastructure Specialists and focuses on deploying and installing Portworx storage solutions. It includes configuring and setting up storage clusters to support containerized applications reliably and securely.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Security: This section focuses on Security Engineers and Compliance Officers responsible for enforcing security measures in container storage environments. Topics include managing encryption, access control, and compliance policies to protect stored data.

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Pure Storage Pure Certified Portworx Enterprise Professional (PEP) Exam Sample Questions (Q69-Q74):

NEW QUESTION # 69

What command should an administrator run to verify a Portworx upgrade on Kubernetes?

- A. `kubectl get nodes -o wide`
- B. `kubectl get storagenodes`
- C. `pxctl get storagenodes`

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

To verify a Portworx upgrade on Kubernetes, administrators use the `pxctl get storagenodes` command. This Portworx CLI command lists all storage nodes with detailed information including version, status, and health. By inspecting the version column, administrators can confirm whether all nodes have been successfully upgraded to the desired Portworx release. This command specifically queries Portworx daemons for accurate cluster version details, unlike `kubectl get nodes` which shows Kubernetes node info but not Portworx versioning. Portworx upgrade best practices stress using `pxctl` commands for detailed verification after an upgrade to ensure consistent cluster software versions and successful upgrade completion **【Pure Storage Portworx Upgrade Guide source】**.

NEW QUESTION # 70

What is the recommended practice for managing the lifecycle of snapshots in Portworx?

- A. Manually delete old snapshots to free up space.
- B. Retain all snapshots indefinitely.
- C. **Configure the retention policies.**

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

The recommended approach to managing Portworx snapshots is to configure retention policies that automatically govern the lifecycle of snapshots, including their expiration and deletion. These policies ensure that snapshots are retained only as long as needed, preventing uncontrolled accumulation that can consume excessive storage and degrade performance. By setting retention rules, administrators can automate snapshot cleanup, enforce compliance requirements, and optimize resource usage. Manual deletion is error-prone and inefficient at scale, and retaining all snapshots indefinitely can lead to capacity exhaustion and management challenges. Portworx documentation provides detailed guidance on defining snapshot retention schedules, including time-based expiration and count limits, enabling administrators to maintain a balance between data protection and storage efficiency **【Pure Storage Portworx Snapshot Management Guide source】**.

NEW QUESTION # 71

What is the correct procedure to upgrade a Portworx cluster from version 3.0 to 3.1 using the Portworx Operator?

- A. No manual upgrade is needed as Portworx will automatically upgrade to the latest version.
- B. **Edit the StorageCluster CR and update the `.spec.image` parameter from `portworx/oci-monitor:3.0` to `portworx/oci-`**

monitor:3.1.

- C. Execute the 'pxctl cluster upgrade -version 3.1' command.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Upgrading Portworx clusters managed by the Kubernetes Operator requires a declarative update to the StorageCluster Custom Resource Definition (CRD). Specifically, the administrator must edit the StorageCluster resource and update the .spec.image field to point to the new version image, such as changing portworx/oci-monitor:3.0 to portworx/oci-monitor:3.1. This change instructs the Operator to roll out the new image across the cluster nodes, performing a seamless upgrade with minimal downtime. The pxctl CLI does not perform upgrades in Operator-managed environments; it is primarily for direct cluster management. The Operator ensures orderly upgrade sequencing, node by node, handling pod restarts and health checks. Automatic upgrades without manual intervention are not currently supported to prevent unintentional disruptions. Official Portworx upgrade documentation details this procedure, emphasizing the importance of version pinning and controlled rollout for production stability and rollback capabilities during upgrades **【Pure Storage Portworx Upgrade Guide source】** .

NEW QUESTION # 72

Which platform is supported by Portworx for deployment?

- A. Docker Swarm
- **B. AWS**
- C. DCOS

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Portworx primarily supports deployment on Kubernetes and is well-integrated with major cloud platforms including Amazon Web Services (AWS). AWS offers native infrastructure and storage services that complement Portworx's capabilities for cloud-native storage, including integration with Elastic Block Store (EBS) and S3 Object Storage. While Portworx historically supported container orchestrators like Docker Swarm and Mesosphere DC/OS (DCOS), the primary and recommended platform for production deployments today is Kubernetes on cloud providers such as AWS, Azure, and Google Cloud. AWS's ecosystem allows Portworx to leverage scalable compute and storage infrastructure, advanced networking, and cloud security features, making it a preferred platform. Portworx official platform support documentation lists AWS as a key supported environment for its container storage solutions **【Pure Storage Portworx Platform Support Guide source】** .

NEW QUESTION # 73

What is a benefit of using Autopilot in Portworx environments?

- A. Provides enhanced security features for data protection.
- B. It facilitates the migration of containers across clusters.
- **C. It automates the expansion of storage volumes based on predefined rules.**

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Autopilot is a key feature in Portworx designed to automate operational tasks such as capacity management and volume resizing. One of its primary benefits is automating the expansion of storage volumes based on predefined rules and thresholds. This means that when a volume approaches its storage limit, Autopilot can automatically trigger volume expansion without manual intervention, ensuring applications have uninterrupted access to storage resources. This automation reduces operational overhead, eliminates manual errors, and helps maintain application performance and availability. While Autopilot doesn't directly handle container migration or security enhancements, its dynamic volume management capabilities play a critical role in operational efficiency and business continuity. The Portworx documentation highlights Autopilot as a tool for intelligent, policy-driven storage management that adapts to workload demands in real time **【Pure Storage Portworx Autopilot Guide source】** .

NEW QUESTION # 74

