

Huawei H19-308_V4.0考古題分享，H19-308_V4.0題庫更新



2026 VCESoft最新的H19-308_V4.0 PDF版考試題庫和H19-308_V4.0考試問題和答案免費分享：https://drive.google.com/open?id=1E5U0bPTOfERP5ZZSZ_S3bH8OgRA_j_4q

還在為怎樣才能順利通過Huawei H19-308_V4.0 認證考試而苦惱嗎？還在苦苦等待Huawei H19-308_V4.0 認證考試的最新資料嗎？VCESoft研究出了最新的Huawei H19-308_V4.0 認證考試相關資料。想通過Huawei H19-308_V4.0 認證考試考試嗎？快將VCESoft的Huawei H19-308_V4.0認證考試的最新練習題及答案加入你的購物車吧！VCESoft已經在網站上為你免費提供部分Huawei H19-308_V4.0 認證考試的練習題和答案，你可以免費下載作為嘗試。相信你對我們的產品會很滿意的。利用它你可以很輕鬆地通過考試。我們承諾，如果你使用了VCESoft的最新的Huawei H19-308_V4.0 認證考試練習題和答案卻考試失敗，VCESoft將會全額退款給你。

VCESoft是個為很多參加IT相關認證考試的考生提供方便的網站。很多選擇使用VCESoft的產品的考生一次性通過了IT相關認證考試，經過他們回饋證明了我們的VCESoft提供的幫助是很有效的。VCESoft的專家團隊是由資深的IT人員組成的一個龐大的團隊，他們利用自己的專業知識和豐富的行業經驗研究出來的H19-308_V4.0認證考試的培訓資料對你們通過H19-308_V4.0認證考試很有幫助的。VCESoft提供的H19-308_V4.0認證考試的類比測試軟體和相關試題是對H19-308_V4.0的考試大綱做了針對性的分析而研究出來的，是絕對可以幫你通過你的第一次參加的H19-308_V4.0認證考試。

>> Huawei H19-308_V4.0考古題分享 <<

Huawei H19-308_V4.0題庫更新 - H19-308_V4.0熱門題庫

Huawei H19-308_V4.0考古題是最新有效的學習資料，由專家認證，涵蓋真實考試內容。擁有高品質的考題資料，能幫助考生通過第一次嘗試的H19-308_V4.0考試。我們的H19-308_V4.0在線測試引擎版本不光可以模擬真實的考試環境，還支持設備離線使用，方便考生隨時隨地的學習理解。選擇最新版本的Huawei H19-308_V4.0考古題，如果你考試失敗了，我們將全額退款給你，因為我們有足夠的信心讓你通過H19-308_V4.0考試。

Huawei H19-308_V4.0 考試大綱：

主題	簡介
主題 1	• OceanStor New Hybrid Flash Storage: OceanStor Hybrid Flash combines flash and disk storage to balance performance and cost-effectiveness. This architecture optimizes resources by placing performance-sensitive data on flash and capacity-oriented data on disk.
主題 2	• Backup and Disaster Recovery: Backup and disaster recovery strategies protect organizations from data loss through redundant copies of critical information. Comprehensive backup solutions ensure business continuity and enable rapid recovery to minimize downtime.

主題 3	Object Storage Basis: Object storage manages data as discrete units with metadata and unique identifiers for efficient retrieval. This scalable architecture suits unstructured data, cloud applications, and big data analytics requiring massive capacity.
主題 4	OceanProtect Backup Storage: OceanProtect offers comprehensive data protection with efficient backup, recovery, and retention features. This solution ensures security through encryption and deduplication while reducing storage costs.
主題 5	SAN Storage Basis: Storage Area Networks provide high-speed, block-level storage over dedicated networks for enterprise applications requiring low latency. SAN enables multiple servers to share storage resources while supporting advanced features like snapshots and replication.
主題 6	OceanStor Dorado: OceanStor Dorado is Huawei's all-flash storage solution for mission-critical applications demanding ultra-low latency. This platform leverages NVMe technology and intelligent management to accelerate digital transformation.
主題 7	OceanStor Pacific: OceanStor Pacific is Huawei's distributed storage for massive-scale data management and cloud-native applications. It provides scalability, resilience, and performance for big data, AI workloads, and large-scale storage.

最新的 HCS-Pre-sales H19-308_V4.0 免費考試真題 (Q134-Q139):

問題 #134

What are the minimum secure snapshot intervals for the new-gen OceanStor hybrid flash storage? (Select all that apply)

- A. SAN: 3 seconds
- B. SAN: 15 seconds
- C. NAS: 15 seconds
- D. NAS: 3 seconds

答案: A,C

解題說明:

Huawei's new-generation OceanStor hybrid flash storage systems (such as the 5000 and 6000 series) provide high-density snapshot capabilities to ensure data resilience against logical errors or malicious attacks. According to the technical specifications for these systems, the minimum intervals for secure snapshots differ between file and block services.

For SAN (Block) storage, the system can support high-frequency snapshots with a minimum interval of 3 seconds. This low interval allows for near-continuous data protection, enabling recovery points that are extremely close to the moment of a failure or attack. For NAS (File) storage, the minimum secure snapshot interval is 15 seconds. While slightly longer than the SAN interval, this still provides superior granularity for file-level recovery compared to traditional backup schedules that often run only once per day or hour. These "HyperSnap" and "HyperCDP" features ensure that mission-critical applications can be rolled back to a healthy state within seconds, significantly reducing the Recovery Point Objective (RPO) for both structured and unstructured data.

問題 #135

iSCSI is a file protocol.

- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE

答案: B

解題說明:

iSCSI is a block protocol, not a file protocol. It transports SCSI commands over IP networks, allowing remote access to block storage devices as if they were locally attached. File protocols, such as NFS and SMB, operate at a higher level, allowing file-level access, whereas iSCSI provides block-level access.

問題 #136

What are the main application scenarios for SAN storage? (Select all that apply)

- A. Mass file sharing
- B. VMware virtualization
- C. Database
- D. Big data storage

答案: B,C

解題說明:

Storage Area Network (SAN) storage is designed to provide block-level data access to servers, appearing to the operating system as a locally attached hard drive. Huawei OceanStor SAN solutions (both FC-SAN and IP-SAN) are optimized for high-performance, low-latency applications.

Databases (Option C), such as Oracle, SQL Server, and DB2, are primary use cases for SAN storage because they require high IOPS and low latency for transactional processing. The block-level access allows the database management system to have granular control over data placement and caching. VMware virtualization (Option B) is another core scenario. SANs provide the shared storage necessary for advanced features like VMotion, High Availability (HA), and Distributed Resource Scheduler (DRS). In these environments, multiple ESXi hosts connect to a centralized SAN to access VMFS (Virtual Machine File System) volumes. While Option A (Big Data) and Option D (File Sharing) often use Distributed Storage (OceanStor Pacific) or NAS, the high-concurrency, structured nature of Databases and Virtualization makes them the definitive scenarios for SAN.

問題 #137

RTO is short for Recovery Time Objective. A smaller value is preferred.

- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE

答案: A

解題說明:

RTO defines the maximum acceptable time to restore services after a failure. Smaller RTO values indicate faster recovery, which is preferred.

問題 #138

There are two cross-site multi-active DR modes: replication multi-active and cross-site EC. Both modes support multi-site active-active. The difference is that in replication multi-active mode, each site has one data copy. However, cross-site EC distributes a piece of data to multiple sites and there is only one data copy among the sites.

- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE

答案: A

解題說明:

Replication multi-active mode keeps one complete data copy at each site, enabling multiple active sites with full data redundancy. In contrast, cross-site EC (Erasure Coding) splits data across multiple sites so that only one distributed data copy exists among the sites, reducing storage overhead while still providing data resilience.

問題 #139

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VCESoft可以為你提供捷徑，給你節約好多時間和精力換。VCESoft會為你的Huawei H19-308_V4.0認證考試提供很好的培訓工具，有效的幫助你通過Huawei H19-308_V4.0認證考試。如果你在其他網站也看到了可以提供相關資料，你可以繼續往下看，你會發現其實資料主要來源於VCESoft，而且VCESoft提供的資料最全面，而且更新得最快。

H19-308_V4.0題庫更新: https://www.vcesoft.com/H19-308_V4.0-pdf.html

- 順便提一下，可以從雲存儲中下載VCESoft H19-308_V4.0考試題庫的完整版：https://drive.google.com/open?id=1E5U0bPTOfFeRP5ZZSZ_S3bH8OgRA_j4q

順便提一下，可以從雲存儲中下載VCESoft H19-308_V4.0考試題庫的完整版：https://drive.google.com/open?id=1E5U0bPTOfFeRP5ZZSZ_S3bH8OgRA_j4q