

100-160 Certification Practice, 100-160 Vce Torrent



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Cisco 100-160 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Endpoint Security Concepts: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Endpoint Security Specialist and includes securing individual devices, understanding protections such as antivirus, patching, and access control at the endpoint level, essential for maintaining device integrity.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Vulnerability Assessment and Risk Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Risk Management Analyst and entails identifying and assessing vulnerabilities, understanding risk priorities, and applying mitigation strategies that help manage threats proactively within an organization's systems
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Basic Network Security Concepts: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Network Defender and focuses on understanding network-level protections, including firewalls, VPNs, and intrusion detectionprevention systems, providing insight into how threats are mitigated within network environments.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Essential Security Principles: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cybersecurity Technician and covers foundational cybersecurity concepts such as the CIA triad (confidentiality, integrity, availability), along with basic threat types and vulnerabilities, laying the conceptual groundwork for understanding how to protect information systems.

Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incident Handling: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Incident Responder and centers on recognizing security incidents, responding appropriately, and containing threats—forming the essential foundation of incident response procedures.
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>> 100-160 Certification Practice <<

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Cisco Certified Support Technician (CCST) Cybersecurity Sample Questions (Q120-Q125):

NEW QUESTION # 120

Move each definition from the list on the left to the correct CIA Triad term on the right.

Note: You will receive partial credit for each correct answer.

Answer:

Explanation:

NEW QUESTION # 121

Which protocol is responsible for resolving IP addresses to domain names?

- A. DNS
- B. HTTP
- C. TCP
- D. UDP

Answer: A

Explanation:

DNS (Domain Name System) is responsible for resolving IP (Internet Protocol) addresses to domain names. It translates human-readable domain names, such as www.example.com, into IP addresses, which are numerical identifiers used to locate and identify devices on a network.

NEW QUESTION # 122

Which of the following strategies is recommended for managing communication proactively after an event?

- A. Implementing multi-factor authentication
- **B. Conducting a forensic analysis**
- C. Keeping antivirus software up to date
- D. Regularly backing up data

Answer: B

Explanation:

Conducting a forensic analysis is a recommended strategy for managing communication proactively after an event. When a security incident occurs, it is essential to investigate the nature of the incident, determine its impact, and identify the root cause. Conducting a forensic analysis helps uncover valuable information such as the method of attack, affected systems, and potential weaknesses that can be addressed to prevent similar incidents in the future. This proactive approach facilitates the development of a more robust security posture.

NEW QUESTION # 123

Which of the following is a primary purpose of software inventory in a cybersecurity program?

- A. Analyzing network traffic for potential threats
- B. Monitoring user access and permissions
- **C. Identifying vulnerabilities and patch requirements**
- D. Ensuring compliance with software licensing agreements

Answer: C

Explanation:

Software inventory is an essential component of a cybersecurity program as it helps in identifying the software applications installed on devices within the network. By maintaining an accurate software inventory, organizations can identify vulnerabilities and track patch requirements to keep their systems secure and up to date.

NEW QUESTION # 124

Which of the following is a security best practice for securing data in the cloud?

- A. Using weak passwords
- B. Allowing unrestricted access to data
- C. Storing sensitive data in clear text
- **D. Implementing multi-factor authentication**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Option 1: Incorrect. Storing sensitive data in clear text is not a security best practice. It leaves the data vulnerable to unauthorized access and breaches.

Option 2: Correct. Implementing multi-factor authentication is a security best practice for securing data in the cloud. This adds an extra layer of protection by requiring users to provide additional verification beyond just a password.

Option 3: Incorrect. Allowing unrestricted access to data is not a security best practice. Access to data should be properly controlled and limited to authorized individuals or groups.

Option 4: Incorrect. Using weak passwords is not a security best practice. Strong and complex passwords should be used to prevent unauthorized access to data.

NEW QUESTION # 125

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