

EMEA-Advanced-Support Prüfungsfragen, EMEA-Advanced-Support Fragen und Antworten, Fortinet EMEA Advanced Support Exam



Fortinet EMEA-Advanced-Support Fortinet EMEA Advanced Support Exam

**Questions & Answers PDF
(Demo Version – Limited Content)**

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Die Zertifizierungsantworten zur Fortinet EMEA-Advanced-Support Zertifizierungsprüfung von ITZert werden von IT-Eliten seit mehr als 10 Jahre durch ihre Forschung und Praxis gesammelt. ITZert hat viele neueste und genaueste Prüfungsunterlagen. ITZert ist für Ihren Erfolg vorhanden. Es bedeutet, dass Sie Erfolg wählen, wenn Sie ITZert wählen. Wenn Sie Fortinet EMEA-Advanced-Support Zertifizierungsprüfungen leicht bestehen wollen, ist ITZert die einzige Wahl für Sie.

ITZert bietet verschiedene Schulungsunterlagen und Ressourcen zur Vorbereitung der Fortinet EMEA-Advanced-Support Prüfung. Es umfasst Kurse, Praxis-Test, Online Test Engine und einen Teil kostenloser PDF-Download.

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Fortinet EMEA Advanced Support Exam EMEA-Advanced-Support Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q31-Q36):

31. Frage

Which FortiGate feature allows for policy-based routing?

- A. SD-WAN Rules
- B. Dynamic Routes
- C. Static Routes
- **D. Policy Routes**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

Policy Routes in FortiGate allow routing decisions based on criteria like source, destination, or service, overriding the default routing table. SD-WAN Rules (A) are for WAN optimization, Static Routes (C) are fixed, and Dynamic Routes (D) are protocol-based, not policy-based. Exact extract: "Policy Routes allow FortiGate to make routing decisions based on user-defined criteria, such as source/destination IPs or services, overriding standard routing."

32. Frage

Which FortiGate feature allows inspection of encrypted SSL/TLS traffic?

- **A. SSL Inspection**
- B. Deep Packet Inspection
- C. Web Filtering
- D. Application Control

Antwort: A

Begründung:

FortiGate's SSL Inspection feature decrypts and inspects SSL/TLS traffic to detect threats or enforce policies, using techniques like full SSL inspection or certificate inspection. Deep Packet Inspection (A) is a broader term, Application Control (C) identifies apps, and Web Filtering (D) blocks URLs, not specific to SSL. Exact extract: "SSL Inspection allows FortiGate to decrypt and inspect SSL/TLS traffic to detect hidden threats or enforce security policies, supporting full or certificate-based inspection."

33. Frage

Client is connected to firewall via link with MTU 1500 bytes, server is connected to firewall via link with MTU 1496 bytes. The firewall is rewriting both sender and receiver tcp-mss to 1450 bytes. What maximum size of IP packets are we going to see when client connects to server?

- A. 1496 bytes
- B. 1450 bits
- C. 1496 bits
- D. 1500 bits
- E. 1500 bytes
- **F. 1450 bytes**

Antwort: F

Begründung:

The TCP MSS (Maximum Segment Size) defines the maximum TCP payload size, excluding headers. When the firewall sets MSS to 1450 bytes, the TCP segment size is limited to this value. For IP packets, the total size includes the TCP header (20 bytes) and IP header (20 bytes), so $1450 \text{ (MSS)} + 20 \text{ (TCP)} + 20 \text{ (IP)} = 1490$ bytes, which fits within both link MTUs (1500 and 1496 bytes). Thus, the maximum IP packet size is not limited by the link MTUs but by the MSS, adjusted for headers. Options C and F (bits) are incorrect units; A and B exceed the MSS limit. Exact extract: "The TCP MSS is adjusted to prevent fragmentation... FortiGate can rewrite the MSS in TCP SYN packets to ensure the total IP packet size (including IP and TCP headers) does not exceed the configured value."

34. Frage

What tool would you use to verify a certificate?

- A. Certtester
- B. Hping
- C. Nessus
- **D. OpenSSL**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

OpenSSL is a widely used command-line tool for verifying certificates, checking validity, chains, and details like subject, issuer, and expiration. It is supported in Fortinet troubleshooting and certificate management.

Nessus is for vulnerability scanning, Hping for packet crafting, Certtester is not standard. Exact extract:

Description. This article describes how to verify by OpenSSL if the format of the certificate is correct when getting an error message like ... How to verifying the Certificate by CA Certificate on openssl command. You can verify the certificate's validity by CA certificate. Example 1: ... Navigate to System-> Certificate -> Create/Import. Select Import Certificate -> Select Type Certificate. Upload server.pem Upload ca.key.

Description, This article describes how to sign and generate certificates using OpenSSL in Windows OS that can be used for SSL VPN and IPSec VPN ... This section discusses the following tasks you can perform on the System > Certificate > Manage Certificates page.

35. Frage

Link aggregation allows network devices to _____

- **A. Increase bandwidth by binding physical interfaces into a single channel**
- B. None of the above
- C. Restrict the bandwidth
- D. Increase bandwidth of an interface

Antwort: A

Begründung:

Link aggregation, also known as IEEE 802.3ad or 802.1ax, enables the binding of multiple physical interfaces to form a single logical interface, which increases the overall bandwidth and provides redundancy. This is achieved by combining the bandwidth of the individual links into one aggregated link. For example, if two

1Gbps interfaces are aggregated, the logical link can provide up to 2Gbps bandwidth. This configuration is commonly used in FortiGate devices to enhance network performance without replacing hardware. The option B correctly describes this by stating "Increase bandwidth by binding physical interfaces into a single channel," which aligns with the official description. Incorrect options include A, which is vague and does not specify the method of binding multiple interfaces; C, which is the opposite of the purpose; and D, which is invalid.

Exact extract: Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad/802.1ax) enables you to bind two or more physical interfaces together to form an aggregated (combined) link. This new link ... Link aggregation combines multiple physical interfaces into a single logical interface, increasing bandwidth and link redundancy. Traffic is distributed evenly.

36. Frage

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Ihre Schätzung für menschliche Cloud-Mitarbeiter, etwa eine EMEA-Advanced-Support Million, stimmt mit unseren Ergebnissen

