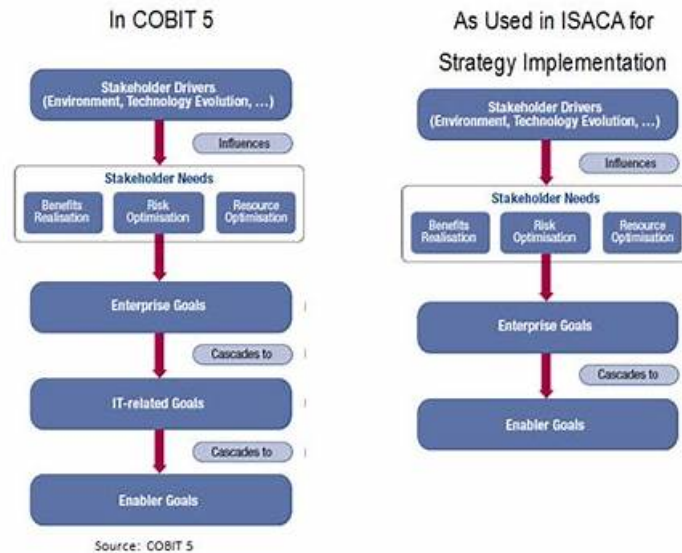


ISACA COBIT-Design-and-Implementation最新題庫 & COBIT-Design-and-Implementation真題

Figure 1—COBIT 5 Goals Cascade



BONUS!!! 免費下載NewDumps COBIT-Design-and-Implementation考試題庫的完整版: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1DauotHA1NqsVsJ6l3gkm8yKku0yHrgVX>

我們的ISACA COBIT-Design-and-Implementation考古題資料是多功能的，簡單容易操作，亦兼容。通過使用我們上述題庫資料幫助你完成高品質的COBIT-Design-and-Implementation認證，無論你擁有什么設備，我們題庫資料都支持安裝使用。最新的COBIT-Design-and-Implementation考題資料不僅能幫助考生提高IT技能，還能保證你的利益，提供給你最好的服務，NewDumps將成為你一個值得信賴的伙伴。一年之內，你還享有更新你擁有題庫的權利，你就可以得到最新版的ISACA COBIT-Design-and-Implementation試題。

NewDumps 擬真試題覆蓋範圍可以達到近98%，含蓋PDF格式。成功的幫助你在短時間內通過 COBIT-Design-and-Implementation 考試，取得 ISACA 認證。我們的 COBIT-Design-and-Implementation 擬真試題已經被很多考生使用，并得到了眾多的好評。而且現在購買還有機會贈送打折碼哦。作為臺灣地區最專業的IT認證題庫提供商，我們對所有購買 COBIT-Design-and-Implementation 題庫的客戶提供跟蹤服務，在您購買後享受半年的免費升級考題服務。

>> ISACA COBIT-Design-and-Implementation最新題庫 <<

COBIT-Design-and-Implementation真題，COBIT-Design-and-Implementation考題免費下載

選擇最適合的ISACA COBIT-Design-and-Implementation題庫學習資料，并來獲得認證，它能加速您在信息技術行業里快速成長，也是加薪升遷的成功選擇。在取得您第一個COBIT-Design-and-Implementation認證后，您還可以參加其它的IT認證考試，NewDumps的考古題能幫助獲得更多的成功。我們擁有超過十年的IT認證經驗，在我們的支援下，您可以順利的ISACA COBIT-Design-and-Implementation考試。我們還承諾，對於使用我們COBIT-Design-and-Implementation考古題失敗的考生，將提供100%無條件退款。

最新的 COBIT Design and Implementation COBIT-Design-and-Implementation 免費考試真題 (Q67-Q72):

問題 #67

An enterprise has been consistently growing over the years and has decided to adapt the COBIT framework from the growth perspective of the balanced scorecard dimensions. Which of the following enterprise goals is MOST relevant to select?

- A. Managed business risk

- B. Optimization of business process costs
- **C. Product and business innovation**
- D. Customer-oriented service culture

答案： C

解題說明：

The COBIT 2019 framework aligns enterprise goals with balanced scorecard (BSC) dimensions. Under the growth and innovation BSC perspective, one of the core enterprise goals listed is:

"Product and business innovation" - which directly supports strategic growth by encouraging new products, services, and ways of operating.

This goal aligns with an enterprise that is expanding and looking to leverage innovation to sustain growth.

Other options like risk management or cost optimization fit different BSC dimensions (e.g., financial, internal process).

Reference: COBIT 2019 Design Guide, Appendix A (Enterprise Goals Table)

問題 #68

An enterprise is considering threat landscape as a design factor for its governance system. Which of the following would be a reason to classify the threat landscape as high?

- A. IT trends that could be used in favor of the enterprise
- **B. Geopolitical situations affecting the enterprise**
- C. Service delivery problems by IT outsourcers
- D. Potential new competitors entering the market

答案： B

解題說明：

An enterprise would classify the threat landscape as high if geopolitical situations are affecting the enterprise.

Geopolitical factors can introduce significant risks, such as instability, regulatory changes, or economic sanctions, which can have a profound impact on the enterprise's operations and strategic goals.

In COBIT 2019, the threat landscape design factor considers various external threats that could impact the enterprise. Geopolitical situations are a significant external factor that can elevate the threat landscape due to potential disruptions and increased risks.

COBIT 2019 Framework References:

* COBIT 2019 Design Guide, Chapter 2: Discusses the importance of assessing external threats, including geopolitical situations, when evaluating the threat landscape.

* COBIT 2019 Implementation Guide, Chapter 7: Emphasizes the need to consider external factors such as geopolitical risks in the governance system design.

Classifying the threat landscape as high due to geopolitical situations ensures that the enterprise proactively addresses these risks and implements appropriate governance and risk management strategies to mitigate potential impacts.

問題 #69

Which of the following is a success factor in management's ability to maintain momentum after the successful implementation of an EGIT program plan?

- A. Focusing resources on service delivery rather than process improvement
- **B. Continuing to regularly communicate the need for good governance**
- C. Operating EGIT independently and outside the course of normal business practice
- D. Delegating responsibility for EGIT to external resources

答案： B

解題說明：

The COBIT 2019 Implementation Guide stresses:

"Management must continue to communicate the benefits and need for governance to sustain support and ensure long-term success."

Sustained communication helps embed governance practices into the culture of the organization.

Reference: COBIT 2019 Implementation Guide, Phase 7

問題 #70

Which of the following will BEST enable management to identify all additional resources required to implement planned I&T changes?

- A. Creating a capability maturity model
- B. Defining improvement opportunities
- C. Performing a SWOT analysis
- **D. Conducting a gap analysis**

答案： D

解題說明：

In Phase 3 (Where do we want to be?) and Phase 4 (What needs to be done?) of the COBIT 2019 implementation lifecycle, the Implementation Guide highlights gap analysis as a critical activity. A gap analysis compares the current state against the desired target state to identify missing capabilities, skills, processes, tools, and resources.

Defining improvement opportunities identifies areas for enhancement but does not quantify resource needs.

SWOT analysis provides strategic insight but lacks operational specificity. Capability maturity models assess current capability levels but do not directly identify what additional resources are required to close gaps.

Gap analysis, however, explicitly reveals what is missing-people, skills, funding, tools, or organizational structures-allowing management to plan resource acquisition accurately.

Therefore, conducting a gap analysis is the most effective method for identifying additional resources needed to implement planned I&T changes.

問題 #71

Which of the following is an important component for an enterprise strategy archetype of cost leadership as defined by COBIT 2019?

- A. Organizational structures
- B. Enterprise architect
- **C. Support for the portfolio management role with an investment office**
- D. Skills and competencies

答案： C

解題說明：

COBIT 2019 defines enterprise strategy archetypes as a formal design factor used to tailor governance systems. One of these archetypes is cost leadership, which emphasizes operational efficiency, predictable outcomes, cost control, and disciplined investment decisions.

The Design Guide explains that for cost leadership strategies, governance systems must strongly support portfolio management and investment decision-making to ensure that resources are allocated efficiently and that spending aligns with enterprise priorities. An investment office or equivalent function enables structured evaluation, prioritization, and control of I&T-enabled investments, which is critical for maintaining low operational costs.

While skills, organizational structures, and enterprise architecture are relevant across all strategies, they are not distinguishing components for cost leadership. What differentiates cost leadership is the governance focus on financial discipline, value tracking, and investment optimization.

Therefore, support for the portfolio management role through an investment office is the most important and distinguishing component aligned with a cost leadership strategy in COBIT 2019.

問題 #72

.....

我的很多IT行業的朋友為了通過ISACA COBIT-Design-and-Implementation 認證考試花費了很多時間和精力，但是他們沒有選擇培訓班或者網上培訓，所以對他們而言通過考試是比較有難度的，一般他們的一次性通過的幾率很小。幸運地是NewDumps提供了最可靠的培訓工具。NewDumps提供的培訓材料包括ISACA COBIT-Design-and-Implementation 認證考試的類比測試軟體和相關類比試題，練習題和答案。我們可以提供最佳最新的ISACA COBIT-Design-and-Implementation 認證考試的練習題和答案來滿足你的需求。

COBIT-Design-and-Implementation真題 : <https://www.newdumps.com/COBIT-Design-and-Implementation-exam-new-dumps.html>

庫: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1DauotHA1NqsVsJ6l3gkm8yKku0yHrgVX>