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Palo Alto Networks NetSec Analyst Exam

Palo Alto Networks Network Security Analyst

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Palo Alto Networks NetSec-Analyst Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Management and Operations: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Operations Professionals and covers the use of centralized management tools to maintain and monitor firewall environments. It focuses on Strata Cloud Manager, folders, snippets, automations, variables, and logging services. Candidates are also tested on using Command Center, Activity Insights, Policy Optimizer, Log Viewer, and incident-handling tools to analyze security data and improve the organization overall security posture. The goal is to validate competence in managing day-to-day firewall operations and responding to alerts effectively.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policy Creation and Application: This section of the exam measures the abilities of Firewall Administrators and focuses on creating and applying different types of policies essential to secure and manage traffic. The domain includes security policies incorporating App-ID, User-ID, and Content-ID, as well as NAT, decryption, application override, and policy-based forwarding policies. It also covers SD-WAN routing and SLA policies that influence how traffic flows across distributed environments. The section ensures professionals can design and implement policy structures that support secure, efficient network operations.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Technical Support Analysts and covers the identification and resolution of configuration and operational issues. It includes troubleshooting misconfigurations, runtime errors, commit and push issues, device health concerns, and resource usage problems. This domain ensures candidates can analyze failures across management systems and on-device functions, enabling them to maintain a stable and reliable security infrastructure.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Object Configuration Creation and Application: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Security Analysts and covers the creation, configuration, and application of objects used across security environments. It focuses on building and applying various security profiles, decryption profiles, custom objects, external dynamic lists, and log forwarding profiles. Candidates are expected to understand how data security, IoT security, DoS protection, and SD-WAN profiles integrate into firewall operations. The objective of this domain is to ensure analysts can configure the foundational elements required to protect and optimize network security using Strata Cloud Manager.

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Palo Alto Networks Network Security Analyst Sample Questions (Q306-Q311):

NEW QUESTION # 306

When creating a Source NAT policy, which entry in the Translated Packet tab will display the options Dynamic IP and Port, Dynamic, Static IP, and None?

- A. IP Address
- B. Address Type
- C. Interface
- **D. Translation Type**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 307

The CFO found a USB drive in the parking lot and decide to plug it into their corporate laptop. The USB drive had malware on it that loaded onto their computer and then contacted a known command and control (CnC) server, which ordered the infected machine to begin Exfiltrating data from the laptop.

Which security profile feature could have been used to prevent the communication with the CnC server?

- A. Create an anti-spyware profile and enable DNS Sinkhole
- B. Create an antivirus profile and enable DNS Sinkhole
- C. Create a URL filtering profile and block the DNS Sinkhole category
- D. Create a security policy and enable DNS Sinkhole

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 308

A global enterprise is deploying a new SD-WAN solution using Palo Alto Networks devices. The network architect needs to ensure that critical applications, specifically SAP ERP traffic, always utilize the lowest latency path, even if it means preferring a more expensive MPLS link over a cheaper internet broadband connection. However, during off-peak hours (18:00 to 06:00 local time), a cost- optimization policy should be active, allowing SAP ERP traffic to use the broadband link if its packet loss is below 1%. Which of the following SD-WAN policy configurations would best achieve this requirement?

- A. Set up a standard PBF rule for SAP ERP to prefer MPLS. Create an SD-WAN egress interface policy that monitors broadband link quality. Use a custom health check script to disable the MPLS path during off-peak hours if broadband meets the 1% packet loss criterion, forcing traffic to broadband.
- B. Create a PBF rule for SAP ERP traffic with primary path as MPLS and secondary as Broadband. Use an SLA profile on Broadband with a 1% packet loss threshold and associate it with the PBF. Schedule the PBF to be active only during off-peak hours.
- C. Configure two distinct SD-WAN policies: one 'Performance' policy with an SLA profile for MPLS (latency-optimized) and another 'Cost-Optimized' policy with an SLA profile for Broadband (packet-loss sensitive). Apply these policies to a single PBF rule for SAP ERP traffic, using a time-based policy rule to switch between them.
- D. Define an SD-WAN path quality profile for SAP ERP, prioritizing latency for MPLS. Create a second path quality profile for Broadband with a packet loss threshold of 1. Apply a policy-based forwarding (PBF) rule that uses the MPLS profile during peak hours and the Broadband profile during off-peak hours, controlled by a time-based security policy.
- E. Implement a dynamic path selection rule based on application identification (App-ID: sap-erp). Configure an SLA profile that prefers MPLS (latency < 50ms) and another that allows Broadband (packet loss < 10/0). Use a time-based policy to dynamically switch the 'best path' metric from latency to packet loss for SAP ERP during off-peak hours.

Answer: E

Explanation:

Option D correctly identifies the use of dynamic path selection based on application identification and SLA profiles. Palo Alto Networks SD-WAN allows for intelligent path selection based on application requirements and network performance metrics. By defining two distinct SLA profiles (one for latency preference on MPLS and another for packet loss tolerance on Broadband) and using a time-based policy to switch the 'best path' metric for the SAP ERP application during off-peak hours, the exact requirements can be met. This leverages the dynamic nature of SD-WAN policies to adapt to varying business needs and link conditions.

NEW QUESTION # 309

An administrator is implementing an exception to an external dynamic list by adding an entry to the list manually. The administrator wants to save the changes, but the OK button is grayed out.

What are two possible reasons the OK button is grayed out? (Choose two.)

- A. The entry is duplicated.
- B. The entry contains wildcards.
- C. The entry doesn't match a list entry.
- D. The entry matches a list entry.

Answer: A,D

