

최신버전312-96최신버전시험자료덤프는Certified Application Security Engineer (CASE) JAVA시험패스의 최고의공부자료



참고: ITDumpsKR에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2026 ECCouncil 312-96 시험 문제집이 있습니다:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1xBqPFIQhBM4sz-QCFXv04ptgAJH58hyU>

ITDumpsKR는 응시자에게 있어서 시간이 정말 소중한다는 것을 잘 알고 있으므로 ECCouncil 312-96덤프를 자주 업데이트 하고, 오래 되고 더 이상 사용 하지 않는 문제들은 바로 삭제해버리며 새로운 최신 문제들을 추가 합니다. 이는 응시자가 확실하고도 빠르게ECCouncil 312-96덤프를 마스터하고ECCouncil 312-96시험을 패스할수 있도록 하는 또 하나의 보장입니다.

최근 ECCouncil인증 312-96시험이 IT업계에서 제일 높은 인지도를 가지고 있습니다.바라만 보지 마시고ECCouncil 인증 312-96시험에 도전해보세요. ITDumpsKR 의 ECCouncil인증 312-96덤프로 시험준비공부를 하시면 한방에 시험 패스 가능합니다. ECCouncil인증 312-96덤프로 자격증취득에 가까워지고 나아가서는 IT업계에서 인정을 받는 열쇠를 소유한것과 같다고 할수 있습니다.

>> 312-96최신버전 시험자료 <<

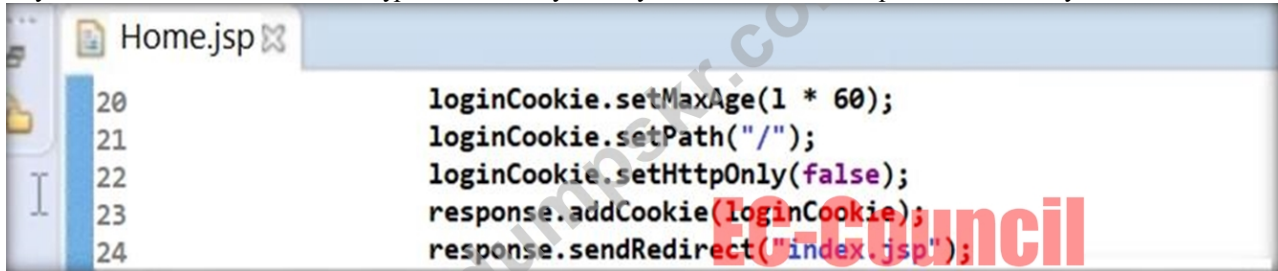
312-96시험대비 최신 덤프공부자료, 312-96최신 덤프데모

ECCouncil 312-96 시험을 어떻게 통과할수 있을가 고민중이신 분들은 ITDumpsKR를 선택해 주세요. ITDumpsKR는 많은 분들이 IT인증시험을 응시하여 성공하도록 도와주는 사이트입니다. 최고급 품질의 ECCouncil 312-96시험대비 덤프는 ECCouncil 312-96시험을 간단하게 패스하도록 힘이 되어드립니다. ITDumpsKR의 덤프는 모두 엘리트한 전문가들이 만들어낸 만큼 시험문제의 적응률은 아주 높습니다.

최신 Application Security 312-96 무료샘플문제 (Q34-Q39):

질문 # 34

Thomas is not skilled in secure coding. He neither underwent secure coding training nor is aware of the consequences of insecure coding. One day, he wrote code as shown in the following screenshot. He passed 'false' parameter to setHttpOnly() method that may result in the existence of a certain type of vulnerability. Identify the attack that could exploit the vulnerability in the above case.



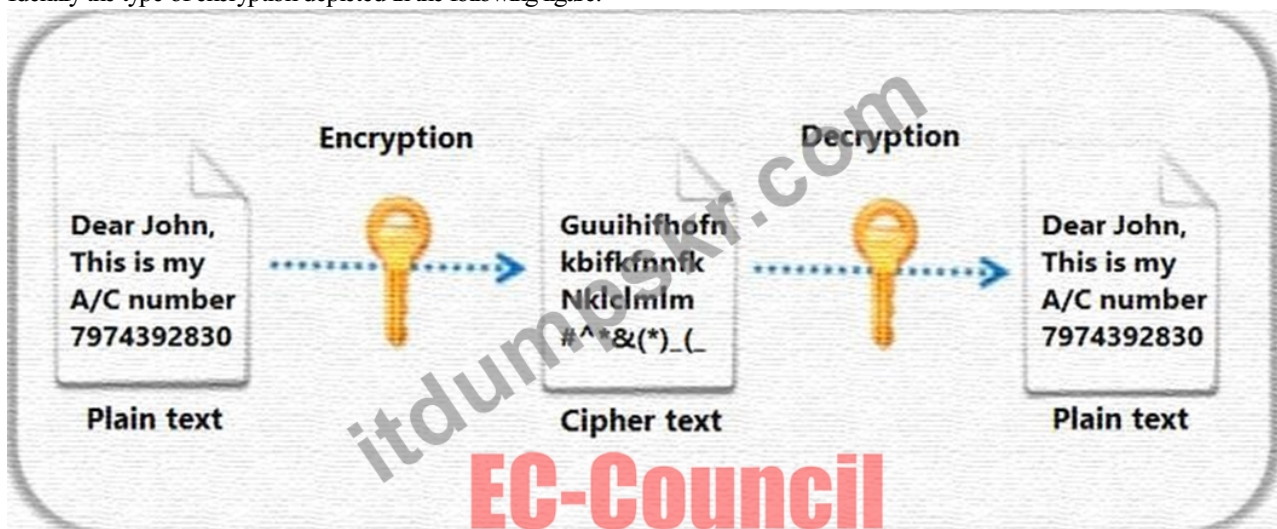
```
20 loginCookie.setMaxAge(1 * 60);
21 loginCookie.setPath("/");
22 loginCookie.setHttpOnly(false);
23 response.addCookie(loginCookie);
24 response.sendRedirect("index.jsp");
```

- A. Denial-of-Service attack
- B. SQL Injection Attack
- C. Client-Side Scripts Attack
- D. Directory Traversal Attack

정답: C

질문 # 35

Identify the type of encryption depicted in the following figure.



- A. Digital Signature
- B. Asymmetric Encryption
- C. Symmetric Encryption
- D. Hashing

정답: C

설명:

The image depicts a process where a single key is used for both encryption and decryption, which is characteristic of symmetric encryption. In symmetric encryption, the same key is applied to encrypt plaintext into ciphertext and then used again to decrypt the ciphertext back into the original plaintext. This method is efficient for scenarios where secure channels exist for key exchange.

References: For precise references, please consult the EC-Council Application Security Engineer (CASE) JAVA related courses and study guides, as my capabilities are designed to provide information based on general knowledge and do not include real-time access to external databases or documents.

질문 # 36

Alice works as a Java developer in Fygo software Services Ltd. He is given the responsibility to design a bookstore website for one of their clients. This website is supposed to store articles in .pdf format. Alice is advised by his superior to design ArticlesList.jsp page in such a way that it should display a list of all the articles in one page and should send a selected filename as a query string to redirect users to articleDetails.jsp page.

Alice wrote the following code on page load to read the file name.

```
String myfilename = request.getParameter("filename");
```

```
String txtFileNameVariable = myfilename;
```

```
String locationVariable = request.getServletContext().getRealPath(""); String PathVariable = ""; PathVariable = locationVariable + txtFileNameVariable; BufferedInputStream bufferedInputStream = null; Path filepath = Paths.get(PathVariable);
```

After reviewing this code, his superior pointed out the security mistake in the code and instructed him not repeat the same in future. Can you point the type of vulnerability that may exist in the above code?

- A. XSS vulnerability
- B. Form Tampering vulnerability
- C. Directory Traversal vulnerability
- D. URL Tampering vulnerability

정답: C

설명:

The code snippet provided is vulnerable to a Directory Traversal attack. This type of attack occurs when an attacker exploits insufficient security validation/sanitization of user-supplied file names and paths, allowing them to access files or directories that are stored outside the intended folder.

Here's why the code is vulnerable:

* `String myfilename = request.getParameter("filename");` This line retrieves the file name from the request's query string without any validation.

* `String PathVariable = locationVariable + txtFileNameVariable;` This line directly concatenates the user input with the server's file path, which can be manipulated to traverse directories.

An attacker could manipulate the filename parameter to include sequences like `../` (dot-dot-slash), potentially gaining unauthorized access to files outside the web application's directory.

To mitigate this vulnerability, Alice should:

* Validate the input filename against a whitelist of allowed files.

* Use a method to normalize the path, like `File.getCanonicalPath()`, to resolve any relative path elements and ensure the path is within the intended directory.

* Implement proper error handling to avoid revealing sensitive information through error messages.

References: For more detailed information on preventing Directory Traversal vulnerabilities, refer to resources such as the OWASP Foundation¹ and other security best practices for Java web applications²³⁴.

질문 # 37

Which of the following elements in web.xml file ensures that cookies will be transmitted over an encrypted channel?

- A. `<connector SSLEnabled="true" />`
- B. `<connector lsSSLEnabled="Yes" />`
- C. `<connector SSLEnabled="false" />`
- D. `<connector EnableSSL="true" />`

정답: A

설명:

To ensure that cookies are transmitted securely over an encrypted channel, such as HTTPS, the web.xml file should include the secure attribute set to true within the cookie-config element of the session-config. This is not directly related to the connector element but rather to the session configuration for cookies.

Here's how it should be configured:

XML

```
<session-config>
<cookie-config>
<http-only>true</http-only>
<secure>true</secure>
</cookie-config>
</session-config>
```

AI-generated code. Review and use carefully. More info on FAQ.

This configuration ensures that cookies are only sent to the client when a secure channel is used.

References: The information is based on standard practices for securing cookies in Java web applications as per Servlet 3.0 specification and the OWASP guidelines. For more detailed information, you can refer to the EC-Council's Certified Application Security Engineer (CASE) JAVA documentation and study guides1234.

질문 # 38

Which of the following Spring Security Framework configuration setting will ensure the protection from session fixation attacks by not allowing authenticated user to login again?

- A. session-fixation-protection="newSessionID"
- **B. session-fixation-protection="".**
- C. session-fixation-protection="enabled"
- D. session-fixation-protection="".

정답: B

설명:

Spring Security provides built-in protection against session fixation attacks. It does this by invalidating the existing session and creating a new one when a user authenticates. This behavior can be configured using the sessionManagement() method in the Java configuration. The newSession strategy, which is the default, changes the session ID upon authentication to protect against session fixation.

Here's an example of how it can be configured:

Java

```
http.sessionManagement()
sessionFixation().migrateSession();
```

AI-generated code. Review and use carefully. More info on FAQ.

This configuration ensures that a new session is created, and the old one is invalidated when the user logs in, thus providing protection against session fixation attacks.

References: The information provided is based on the standard configuration practices for Spring Security to protect against session fixation attacks. For more detailed information, you can refer to the official Spring Security documentation123 and other authoritative resources on Spring Security session management.

질문 # 39

.....

ITDumpsKR의ECCouncil 312-96 덤프 구매 후 등록된 사용자가 구매일로부터 일년 이내에ECCouncil 312-96시험에 실패하셨다면 ITDumpsKR메일에 주문번호와 불합격성적표를 보내오셔서 환불신청하실수 있습니다.구매일자 이전에 발생한 시험불합격은 환불보상의 대상이 아닙니다. 개별 인증사는 불합격성적표를 발급하지 않기에 재시험신청내역을 환불증명으로 제출하시면 됩니다.

312-96시험대비 최신 덤프공부자료 : <https://www.itdumpskr.com/312-96-exam.html>

ECCouncil 312-96최신버전 시험자료 이 글을 보고 계신 분이라면 링크를 클릭하여 저희 사이트를 방문해주세요, ITDumpsKR의ECCouncil인증 312-96는 최신 시험문제 커버율이 높아 시험패스가 아주 간단합니다, 312-96 dumps를 데려가 주시면 기적을 안겨드릴게요, 학원다니면서 많은 지식을 장악한후ECCouncil 312-96시험보시는것도 좋지만 회사다니느라 야근하랴 시간이 부족한 분들은ECCouncil 312-96덤프만 있으면 엄청난 학원수강료 필요없이 20~30 시간의 독학만으로도ECCouncil 312-96시험패스가 충분합니다, 312-96인증시험의 가장 최근 시험 기출문제를 바탕으로 만들어진 312-96덤프는 PDF버전, 테스트엔진버전, 온라인버전(APP) 세가지 버전으로 되어있습니다.PDF버전은 출력가능한 버전으로서 자료를 프린트하여 공부할수 있고 테스트엔진 버전은 PDF버전을 공부한후 실력 테스트 가능한 프로그램입니다.

양구성으로선 절대 이해가 안 되는 상황이었으나, 삼각주 콕정준에겐 너무312-96나 당연한 얘기였다.다른 천하사

312-96 최신버전 dumps: Certified Application Security Engineer (CASE) JAVA & 312-96 덤프데모

312-96 dumps를 데려가 주시면 기적을 안겨드릴게요, 학원다니면서 많은 지식을 장악한후ECCouncil 312-96시험보시는것도 좋지만 회사다니느라 야근하랴 시간이 부족한 분들은ECCouncil 312-96덤프만 있으면 엄청난 학원수강료 필요없이 20~30시간의 독학만으로도ECCouncil 312-96시험패스가 충분합니다.

[illegible]

그리고 ITDumpsKR 312-96 시험 문제집의 전체 버전을 클라우드 저장소에서 다운로드할 수 있습니다:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1xBqPFIQhBM4sz-QCFXv04ptgAJH58hyU>