

# 100% Pass EX200 Test Passing Score - Unparalleled Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA Practice Braindumps



P.S. Free 2026 RedHat EX200 dumps are available on Google Drive shared by TestkingPDF: [https://drive.google.com/open?id=1\\_4MfTDC58hDtNDHhLBYw-gKEmzO7Pn8X](https://drive.google.com/open?id=1_4MfTDC58hDtNDHhLBYw-gKEmzO7Pn8X)

Under the support of our study materials, passing the exam won't be an unreachable mission. More detailed information is under below. We are pleased that you can spare some time to have a look for your reference about our EX200 test prep. As long as you spare one or two hours a day to study with our laTest EX200 Quiz prep, we assure that you will have a good command of the relevant knowledge before taking the exam. What you need to do is to follow the EX200 exam guide system at the pace you prefer as well as keep learning step by step.

RedHat EX200 exam is a rigorous certification exam that tests the skills and abilities of individuals seeking to become Red Hat Certified System Administrators. It is a valuable certification for IT professionals looking to advance their careers in system administration and opens up numerous job opportunities. Passing EX200 Exam requires extensive knowledge and hands-on experience in managing and administering Red Hat Enterprise Linux systems.

>> Test EX200 Passing Score <<

## EX200 Practice Braindumps - Intereactive EX200 Testing Engine

We also offer a free demo version that gives you a golden opportunity to evaluate the reliability of the Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA (EX200) exam study material before purchasing. Vigorous practice is the only way to ace the Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA (EX200) test on the first try. And that is what TestkingPDF RedHat EX200 practice material does. Each format of updated RedHat EX200 preparation material excels in its way and helps you pass the Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA (EX200) examination on the first attempt.

RedHat EX200 Exam is a globally recognized certification program that focuses on testing the knowledge and skills of candidates in the field of system administration. EX200 exam is specifically designed to evaluate the ability of candidates to perform various system administration tasks in a Red Hat Enterprise Linux environment. Successful candidates are awarded with the Red Hat Certified System Administrator (RHCSA) certification, which is highly valued in the IT industry.

## RedHat Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA Sample Questions (Q60-Q65):

### NEW QUESTION # 60

#### SIMULATION

A YUM source has been provided in the <http://instructor.example.com/pub/rhel6/dvd>  
Configure your system and can be used normally.

#### Answer:

Explanation:

See explanation below.

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

```
/etc/yum.repos.d/base.repo
```

```
[base]
```

```
name=base
```

```
baseurl=http://instructor.example.com/pub/rhel6/dvd
```

```
gpgcheck=0
```

```
yum list
```

### NEW QUESTION # 61

Configure autofs

Configure autofs to automatically mount the home directory of a remote user as described below:

- materials.example.com (172.25.254.254) exports /rhome via NFS to your system. This filesystem contains a pre-configured home directory for the user remotetuser1.
- The home directory of remotetuser1 is materials.example.com/rhome/remotetuser1.
- The home directory of remotetuser1 should be automatically mounted locally at /rhome/remotetuser1.
- The home directory must be writable by the user.
- The password for remotetuser1 is "flectrag".

**Answer:**

## Explanation:

```

# Preparations (not required for the exam)
# Go back to foundation0, remote into classroom, create the remotouser1 user and directory.
# This step is necessary to avoid issues with autoFs mounting during testing
[kiosk@foundation0 ~]$ ssh root@classroom 'useradd -u 1010 remotouser1 && mkdir -p /home/remotouser1 && chown remotouser1:/home/remotouser1'
# Install nfs-utils and autoFs
[root@node1 ~]# yum -y install nfs-utils autoFs
[root@node1 ~]# vim /etc/auto.master
/home /etc/auto.rhome
[root@node1 ~]# vim /etc/auto.rhome
remotouser1 -rw materials.example.com:/home/remotouser1
[root@node1 ~]# systemctl enable --now autoFs
# Verification
[root@node1 ~]# ll /home/
[root@node1 ~]# ssh remotouser1 @localhost
remotouser1 @localhost's password: 'flectrag'
$ pwd
/home/remotouser1
$ touch my.file
$ mount | grep rhome
...
materials.example.com:/home/remotouser1 on /home/remotouser1 type nfs4
(rw,relatime,vers=4.2,rsize=131072,wsize=131072,namlen=255,hard,proto=tcp,timeo=600,retrans=2,sec=sys,clientaddr=172.25.250.100,local_lock=none,addr=172.25.254.254)

```

**NEW QUESTION # 62**

Create a 1 GiB logical volume named lvbackup in volume group vgdata, format it with XFS, mount it on /backup, and make it persistent.

**Answer:**

## Explanation:

See the solution below in Explanation.

## Explanation:

## Solution:

```

lvcreate -L 1G -n lvbackup vgdata
mkfs.xfs /dev/vgdata/lvbackup
mkdir -p /backup
echo "/dev/vgdata/lvbackup /backup xfs defaults 0 0" >> /etc/fstab
mount -a
df -h /backup

```

Detailed Explanation:

- \* lvcreate allocates a new LV from the existing VG.
- \* mkfs.xfs creates the filesystem.
- \* /etc/fstab makes the mount persistent across reboot.
- \* mount -a tests the fstab entry immediately.
- \* RHEL 10 storage documentation continues to use LVM and XFS as core administration topics. ( Red Hat Documentation )

**NEW QUESTION # 63**

## CORRECT TEXT

Create a volume group, and set 16M as a extends. And divided a volume group containing 50 extends on volume group lv, make it as ext4 file system, and mounted automatically under /mnt/data.

**Answer:**

## Explanation:

```

# pvcreate /dev/sda7 /dev/sda8
# vgcreate -s 16M vg1 /dev/sda7 /dev/sda8
# lvcreate -l 50 -n lvm02
# mkfs.ext4 /dev/vg1/lvm02
# blkid /dev/vg1/lv1
# vim /etc/fstab
# mkdir -p /mnt/data
UUID=xxxxxxxx /mnt/data ext4 defaults 0 0
# vim /etc/fstab
# mount -a
# mount
(Verify)

```

**NEW QUESTION # 64**

## Configure autoFs.

Configure the autoFs automatically mount to the home directory of LDAP, as required:

server.domain1.example.com use NFS to share the home to your system. This file system contains a pre configured home directory of user ldapuserX.

Home directory of ldapuserX is:

server.domain1.example.com/home/guests/ldapuser

Home directory of ldapuserX should automatically mount to the ldapuserX of the local /home/guests Home directory's write permissions must be available for users ldapuser1's password is password

