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Fortinet NSE 8 - Written Exam (NSE8_812) Sample Questions (Q29-Q34):

NEW QUESTION # 29

Refer to the exhibit.

```
FGT_3 # show router ospf
config router ospf
    set router-id 10.10.10.3
    config area
        edit 0.0.0.0
        next
    end
    config ospf-interface
        edit "port2"
            set interface "port2"
            set network-type point-to-point
        next
    end
    config network
        edit 1
            set prefix 10.10.10.0 255.255.255.0
        next
    end
end
```



You are operating an internal network with multiple OSPF routers on the same LAN segment. FGT_3 needs to be added to the OSPF network and has the configuration shown in the exhibit. FGT_3 is not establishing any OSPF connection. What needs to be changed to the configuration to make sure FGT_3 will establish OSPF neighbors without affecting the DR/BDR election?

```
config router ospf
    config ospf-interface
        edit "port2"
            set priority 255
            set network-type broadcast
        next
    end
end
```

- A.

```
config router ospf
    config ospf-interface
        edit "port2"
            set priority 0
            set network-type broadcast
        next
    end
end
```
- B.

```
config router ospf
    config ospf-interface
        edit "port2"
            set priority 255
            set network-type broadcast
        next
    end
end
```

```
config router ospf
    config ospf-interface
        edit "port2"
            set priority 255
            set network-type point-to-multipoint
        next
    end
end
• C.
config router ospf
    config ospf-interface
        edit "port2"
            set priority 0
            set network-type point-to-multipoint
        next
    end
end
• D.
```

Answer: B

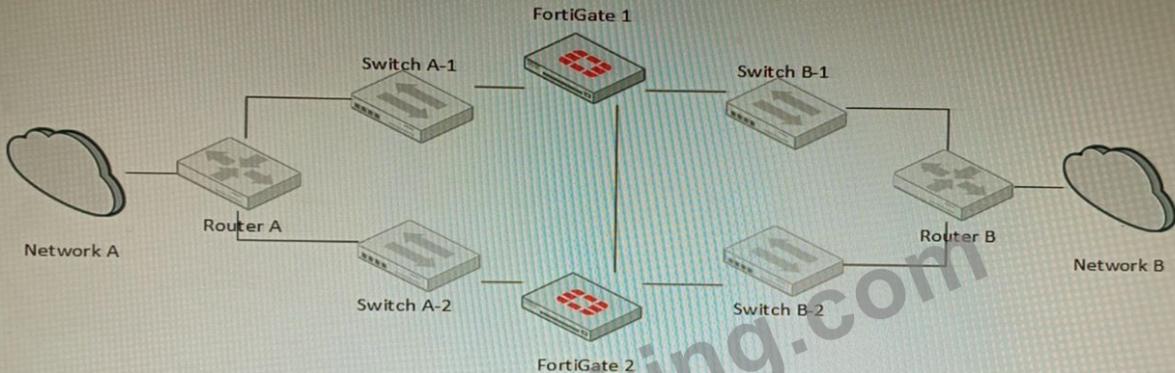
Explanation:

The OSPF configuration shown in the exhibit is using the default priority value of 1 for the interface port1. This means that FGT_3 will participate in the DR/BDR election process with the other OSPF routers on the same LAN segment. However, this is not desirable because FGT_3 is a new device that needs to be added to the OSPF network without affecting the existing DR/BDR election. Therefore, to make sure FGT_3 will establish OSPF neighbors without affecting the DR/BDR election, the priority value of the interface port1 should be changed to 0. This will prevent FGT_3 from becoming a DR or BDR and allow it to form OSPF adjacencies with the current DR and BDR. Option B shows the correct configuration that changes the priority value to 0. Option A is incorrect because it does not change the priority value. Option C is incorrect because it changes the network type to point-to-point, which is not suitable for a LAN segment with multiple OSPF routers. Option D is incorrect because it changes the area ID to 0.0.0.1, which does not match the area ID of the other OSPF routers on the same LAN segment. Reference: <https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/7.0.0/administration-guide/358640/basic-ospf-example>

NEW QUESTION # 30

Refer to the exhibits.

Topology



Configuration

```
FGT-HA-1 # get system ha status
HA Health Status: OK
Model: FortiGate-VM64
Mode: HA A-P
Group: 0
Debug: 0
Cluster Uptime: 0 days 1:35:12
Cluster state change time: 2019-05-16 14:53:05
Master selected using:
  <2019/05/16 14:53:05> FGVMEVLQOG33WM3D is selected as the
  master because it has the largest value of uptime.
  <2019/05/16 14:45:53> FGVMEVLQOG33WM3D is selected as the
  master because it's the only member in the cluster.
ses_pickup: enable, ses_pickup_delay=disable
override: disable
unicast_hb: peerip=192.168.40.1, myip=192.168.40.2,
hasync_port='port3'
Configuration Status:
  FGVMEVLQOG33WM3D(updated 2 seconds ago): in-sync
  FGVMEVGCJNHFYI4A(updated 0 seconds ago): in-sync
```

FORTINET

The exhibits show a FortiGate network topology and the output of the status of high availability on the FortiGate. Given this information, which statement is correct?

- A. The cluster members are on the same network and the IP addresses were statically assigned.
- B. The ethertype values of the HA packets are 0x8890, 0x8891, and 0x8892
- C. The cluster mode can support a maximum of four (4) FortiGate VMs
- D. FGVMEVLQOG33WM3D and FGVMEVGCJNHFYI4A share a virtual MAC address.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The output of the status of high availability on the FortiGate shows that the cluster mode is active-passive, which means that only one FortiGate unit is active at a time, while the other unit is in standby mode. The active unit handles all traffic and also sends HA heartbeat packets to monitor the standby unit. The standby unit becomes active if it stops receiving heartbeat packets from the active unit, or if it receives a higher priority from another cluster unit. In active-passive mode, all cluster units share a virtual MAC address for each interface, which is used as the source MAC address for all packets forwarded by the cluster. References:
<https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/6.4.0/cookbook/103439/high-availability-with-two-fortigates>

NEW QUESTION # 31

Refer to the exhibits.

GUI Access

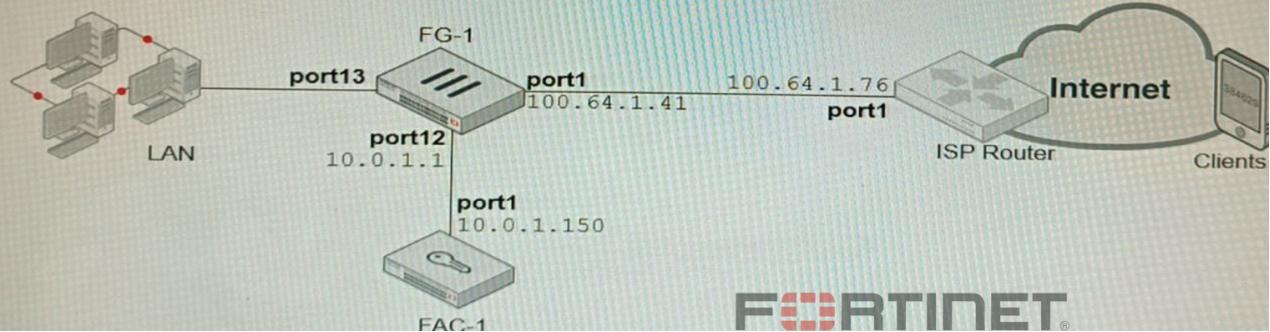
GUI Access	
Site title:	FortiAuthenticator
GUI idle timeout:	480 minutes (1-480 mins)
Maximum HTTP header length:	4 (4-16 KB)
HTTPS Certificate:	Default-Server-Certificate CN=Default-Server-Certificate-7D895AD8
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Expiry	180 (0-730 days)
Certificate authority type:	Local CA Trusted CA
CA certificate that issued the server certificate:	Fortinet_CA1_Root emailAddress=support@fortinet.com
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow all hosts/domain names	
Public IP/FQDN for FortiToken Mobile:	100.64.1.76

Configuration

```
FG-1 # show system ftm-push
config system ftm-push
    set server-cert "self-sign"
    set server "10.0.1.150"
    set status enable
end

FG-1# show system interface port1
config system interface
    edit "port1"
        set vdom "root"
        set ip 100.64.1.41 255.255.255.0
        set allowaccess ping
        set type physical
        set alias "WAN"
        set role wan
        set snmp-index 1
    next
end
```

Topology



An administrator has configured a FortiGate and Forti Authenticator for two-factor authentication with FortiToken push notifications for their SSL VPN login. Upon initial review of the setup, the administrator has discovered that the customers can manually type in their two-factor code and authenticate but push notifications do not work. Based on the information given in the exhibits, what must be done to fix this?

- A. On FG-1 CLI, the ftm-push server setting must point to 100.64.141.
- B. On FAC-1, the FortiToken public IP setting must point to 100.64.1.41
- **C. FAC-1 must have an internet routable IP address for push notifications.**
- D. On FG-1 port1, the ftm access protocol must be enabled.

Answer: C

Explanation:

FortiToken push notifications require that the FortiAuthenticator has an internet routable IP address. This is because the FortiAuthenticator uses this IP address to send push notifications to the FortiGate.

The other options are not correct. Enabling the ftm access protocol on FG-1 port1 is not necessary for push notifications to work. The ftm-push server setting on FG-1 CLI should already point to the FortiAuthenticator's IP address. The FortiToken public IP setting on FAC-1 is not relevant to push notifications.

Here is a table that summarizes the different options:

Option	Description
Enable the ftm access protocol on FG-1 port1	Not necessary for push notifications to work.
Set the ftm-push server setting on FG-1 CLI to the FortiAuthenticator's IP address	Already done.
Set the FortiToken public IP setting on FAC-1 to 100.64.141	Not relevant to push notifications.
Set the FortiAuthenticator's IP address to an internet routable IP address	Necessary for push notifications to work.

NEW QUESTION # 32

SD-WAN is configured on a FortiGate. You notice that when one of the internet links has high latency the time to resolve names using DNS from FortiGate is very high.

You must ensure that the FortiGate DNS resolution times are as low as possible with the least amount of work.

What should you configure?

- A. Configure two DNS servers and use DNS servers recommended by the two internet providers.
- B. Configure local out traffic to use the outgoing interface based on SD-WAN rules with a manual defined IP associated to a loopback interface and configure an SD-WAN rule from the loopback to the DNS server.
- C. Configure an SD-WAN rule to the DNS server and use the FortiGate interface IPs in the source address.
- D. Configure local out traffic to use the outgoing interface based on SD-WAN rules with the interface IP and configure an SD-WAN rule to the DNS server.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

SD-WAN is a feature that allows users to optimize network performance and reliability by using multiple WAN links and applying rules based on various criteria, such as latency, jitter, packet loss, etc. One way to ensure that the FortiGate DNS resolution times are as low as possible with the least amount of work is to configure local out traffic to use the outgoing interface based on SD-WAN rules with the interface IP and configure an SD-WAN rule to the DNS server. This means that the FortiGate will use the best WAN link available to send DNS queries to the DNS server according to the SD-WAN rule, and use its own interface IP as the source address. This avoids NAT issues and ensures optimal DNS performance. Reference:

<https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/7.0.0/sd-wan/19662/sd-wan>

NEW QUESTION # 33

Refer to the exhibits.

FortiSandbox

FortiSandbox

FortiSandbox Inspection Statistics...

FortiSandbox type: Appliance Cloud Enhanced Cloud

Server name/IP: fortisandboxcloud.com

Test Connection

Notification email:

Statistics interval: 5 (minutes)

Scan timeout: 30 (minutes)

Scan result expires in: 60 (minutes)

AV Profile

AntiVirus Profile

FortiSandbox

Scan mode: Submit and wait for result Submit only

Attachment analysis

Malicious/Virus	Action: --Default--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>
High risk	Action: --Default--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>
Medium risk	Action: --Default--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>
Low risk	Action: --Default--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>
No Result	Action: --None--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>

URL analysis

Malicious/Virus	Action: --Default--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>
High risk	Action: --Default--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>
Medium risk	Action: --Default--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>
Low risk	Action: --Default--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>
No Result	Action: --None--	<input type="button" value="+ New..."/>	<input type="button" value="Edit..."/>

Create **Cancel**

You must integrate a FortiMail and FortiSandbox Enhanced Cloud solution for a customer who is concerned about the e-mails being delayed for too long.

According to the configuration shown in the exhibits, which would be an expected behavior?

- A. If an attachment is sent to the FortiSandbox while the job queue is full, the e-mail might be delayed for up to 30 minutes, then e-mail will be relayed to the mail server.
- B. FortiMail will ignore the timeout value if content disarm and reconstruction (CDR) is enabled.
- C. FortiMail will relay valid e-mails to the mail server as soon as it is done with other local inspections.**
- D. FortiMail will not wait for results but only for attachments that have been already submitted to the FortiSandbox in the last 60 minutes.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 34

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