

# **C\_ABAPD\_2507 Latest Dumps Free & C\_ABAPD\_2507 Valid Exam Prep**



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## **SAP C\_ABAPD\_2507 Exam Syllabus Topics:**

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Core ABAP Programming: This section of the exam measures skills of SAP Application Programmers and covers foundational ABAP programming knowledge. Topics include modularization techniques, internal tables, control structures, and classical report programming. Mastery of these concepts is essential for building efficient ABAP applications.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>ABAP Core Data Services and Data Modeling: This section of the exam measures skills of SAP ABAP Developers and covers the creation, definition, and use of Core Data Services (CDS) views for data modeling within SAP environments. Candidates are expected to understand annotations, data definitions, and the role of CDS in enabling advanced data processing and integration across SAP systems.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>SAP Clean Core Extensibility and ABAP Cloud: This section of the exam measures skills of SAP Application Programmers and covers the clean core principles and extensibility options within SAP BTP. It also includes cloud-native ABAP development practices, emphasizing the creation of upgrade-stable and maintainable extensions aligned with SAP's cloud strategy.</li></ul>

## C\_ABAPD\_2507 Latest Dumps Free - Provide Valid Material to pass SAP Certified Associate - Back-End Developer - ABAP Cloud

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### SAP Certified Associate - Back-End Developer - ABAP Cloud Sample Questions (Q25-Q30):

#### NEW QUESTION # 25

Given the following Core Data Service view entity data definition:

```
@AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #NOT_REQUIRED
DEFINE VIEW ENTITY demo_cds_param_view_entity
WITH PARAMETERS
p_date : abap.dats
AS SELECT FROM sflight
{
key carrid,
key connid,
key fldate,
price,
seatsmax,
seatsocc
}
WHERE fldate >= $parameters.p_date;
```

Which of the following ABAP SQL snippets are syntactically correct ways to provide a value for the parameter on line #4?

Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. `SELECT * FROM demo_cds_param_view_entity( p_date = @cl_abap_context_info=>get_system_date() ) ...`
- B. `SELECT * FROM demo_cds_param_view_entity( p_date = '20230101' ) ...`
- C. `SELECT * FROM demo_cds_param_view_entity( p_date = '20230101' ) ...`
- D. `SELECT * FROM demo_cds_param_view_entity( p_date = $session.system_date ) ...`

**Answer: A,C**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Parameters in CDS view entities (WITH PARAMETERS) must always be supplied when querying. In ABAP SQL, the syntax rules are:

- \* A. CorrectSupplying a literal date ('20230101') directly is valid because the parameter p\_date is of type abap.dats.
- \* B. CorrectSupplying a value via an ABAP expression using @(... ) is syntactically correct. Here, `cl_abap_context_info=>get_system_date()` returns the current system date in ABAP Cloud-compliant way, and is wrapped with @() for expression embedding. This is the best practice in ABAP Cloud development.
- \* C. IncorrectBackticks ('...') are used in ABAP for string templates, not for literals in this context. A date literal must be in quotes '...'.
- \* D. Incorrect:\$session.system\_date is not valid in ABAP SQL. Session variables like \$session.\* are supported in HANA SQL, but in ABAP CDS view consumption via ABAP SQL, this is not allowed.

Therefore, only A and B are correct.

Reference:ABAP CDS Development User Guide - section on CDS View Entity Parameters and ABAP SQL parameter passing rules; ABAP Cloud development guidelines on `cl_abap_context_info=>get_system_date`.

#### NEW QUESTION # 26

After you created a database table in the RESTful Application Programming model, what do you create next?

- A. A metadata extension
- B. A service definition
- C. A data model view
- D. A projection view

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION # 27

Which of the following rules apply for dividing with ABAP SQL? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. The division operator "/" accepts decimal input.
- B. The division operator "/" accepts floating point input.
- C. Numeric function division( nominator, denominator, decimal places) accepts decimal input.
- D. Numeric function division( nominator, denominator, decimal places) accepts floating point input.
- E. Numeric function div( nominator, denominator) expects only integer input.

**Answer: A,D,E**

#### NEW QUESTION # 28

Which of the following are valid sort operations for internal tables? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. SORT itab DESCENDING.
- B. SORT itab BY field1 field2.  
Sort a standard table using
- C. Sort a standard table using  
SORT itab ASCENDING.  
Sort a sorted table using
- D. SORT itab BY field1 ASCENDING field2 DESCENDING.  
Sort a standard table using
- E. SORT itab.  
Sort a sorted table using

**Answer: B,C,E**

#### NEW QUESTION # 29

Given the following code in an SAP S/4HANA Cloud private edition tenant:

The class zcl\_demo\_class is in a software component with the language version set to "ABAP Cloud". The function module ZF1' is in a different software component with the language version set to "Standard ABAP". Both the class and function module are customer created.

Regarding line #6, which of the following are valid statements? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. ZF1' can be called only if it is released for cloud development.
- B. "ZF1" can be called whether it is released or not for cloud development
- C. ZF1" can be called if a wrapper is created for it but the wrapper itself is not released for cloud development.
- D. 'ZF1' can be called if a wrapper is created for it and the wrapper itself is released for cloud development.

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

The ABAP Cloud Development Model requires that only public SAP APIs and extension points are used to access SAP functionality and data. These APIs and extension points are released by SAP and documented in the SAP API Business Hub1. Customer-created function modules are not part of the public SAP APIs and are not released for cloud development. Therefore, calling a function module directly from an ABAP Cloud class is not allowed and will result in a syntax error. However, there are two possible ways to call a function module indirectly from an ABAP Cloud class:

Create a wrapper class or interface for the function module and release it for cloud development. A wrapper is a class or interface that encapsulates the function module and exposes its functionality through public methods or attributes. The wrapper must be created in a software component with the language version set to "Standard ABAP" and must be marked as released for cloud

development using the annotation `@EndUserText.label`. The wrapper can then be called from an ABAP Cloud class using the public methods or attributes2.

Use the ABAP Cloud Connector to call the function module as a remote function call (RFC) from an ABAP Cloud class. The ABAP Cloud Connector is a service that enables the secure and reliable communication between SAP BTP, ABAP environment and on-premise systems. The function module must be exposed as an RFC-enabled function module in the on-premise system and must be registered in the ABAP Cloud Connector. The ABAP Cloud class can then use the class `cl_rfc_destination_service` to get the destination name and the class `cl_abap_system` to create a proxy object for the function module. The proxy object can then be used to call the function module3.

## NEW QUESTION # 30

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