

100% Pass Quiz Unparalleled Test ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Sample Online - Valid Exam PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam Braindumps



BTW, DOWNLOAD part of DumpExam ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor dumps from Cloud Storage:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1svHs70QZhpDUAFcObdcNqPDq0QGQaQm>

We will provide high quality assurance of ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor exam questions for our customers with dedication to ensure that we can develop a friendly and sustainable relationship. First of all, we have security and safety guarantee, which mean that you cannot be afraid of virus intrusion and information leakage since we have data protection acts, even though you end up studying ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor test guide of our company, we will absolutely delete your personal information and never against ethic code to sell your message to the third parties. Secondly, our ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Exam Questions will spare no effort to perfect after-sales services. Thirdly countless demonstration and customer feedback suggest that our PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam study question can help them get the certification as soon as possible, thus becoming the elite, getting a promotion and a raise and so forth.

To be eligible for the PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Certification Exam, individuals must possess a minimum of five years of professional experience in information security management, with at least two years of experience in a leadership role. Additionally, candidates must complete a PECB-recognized training course or have equivalent knowledge and experience.

>> Test ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Sample Online <<

Valid Exam ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Braindumps | ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Latest Exam Fee

You can free download part of practice questions and answers about PECB certification ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor exam to test our quality. DumpExam can help you 100% pass PECB Certification ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Exam, and if you carelessly fail to pass PECB certification ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor exam, we will guarantee a full refund for you.

PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Certification Exam consists of two parts: a written exam and a practical exam. The written exam consists of multiple-choice questions that test your knowledge of the ISO/IEC 27001 standard and its requirements. The practical exam involves conducting an audit of an ISMS based on the standard. This practical aspect of the exam is designed to test your ability to apply the standard in a real-world scenario.

PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor certification is recognized globally and is highly valued by employers. PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam certification demonstrates that an individual has the necessary skills and knowledge to effectively audit an organization's ISMS and ensure that it is compliant with the ISO/IEC 27001 standard. PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam certification is particularly valuable for professionals who work in the field of information security management, such as IT managers, security consultants, and auditors.

PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam Sample Questions (Q273-Q278):

NEW QUESTION # 273

In regard to generating an audit finding, select the words that best complete the following sentence.

To complete the sentence with the best word(s), click on the blank section you want to complete so that it is highlighted in red, and then click on the applicable text from the options below. Alternatively, you may drag and drop the option to the appropriate blank section.

Answer:

Explanation:

Reference:

ISO 19011:2022 Guidelines for auditing management systems

ISO/IEC 27001:2022 Information technology - Security techniques - Information security management systems - Requirements

Components of Audit Findings - The Institute of Internal Auditors

NEW QUESTION # 274

During a third-party certification audit you are presented with a list of issues by an auditee. Which four of the following constitute 'external' issues in the context of a management system to ISO/IEC 27001:2022?

- A. A fall in productivity linked to outdated production equipment
- B. Higher labour costs as a result of an aging population
- C. Inability to source raw materials due to government sanctions
- D. Poor morale as a result of staff holidays being reduced
- E. A reduction in grants as a result of a change in government policy
- F. Increased absenteeism as a result of poor management
- G. A rise in interest rates in response to high inflation
- H. Poor levels of staff competence as a result of cuts in training expenditure

Answer: B,C,E,G

Explanation:

Explanation

According to ISO/IEC 27001:2022, which specifies the requirements for establishing, implementing, maintaining and continually improving an information security management system (ISMS), clause 4.1 requires an organization to determine external and internal issues that are relevant to its purpose and that affect its ability to achieve the intended outcomes of its ISMS. External issues are those that originate from outside the organization, such as legal, regulatory, cultural, social, political, economic, natural and competitive factors. Internal issues are those that originate from within the organization, such as governance, structure, roles and responsibilities, policies, objectives, culture, capabilities, resources and information systems. Therefore, based on this definition, four examples of external issues in the context of a management system to ISO/IEC 27001:2022 are a rise in interest rates in response to high inflation (which affects the economic environment of the organization), a reduction in grants as a result of a change in government policy (which affects the political and legal environment of the organization), higher labour costs as a result of an aging population (which affects the social and demographic environment of the organization), and inability to source raw materials due to government sanctions (which affects the trade and supply environment of the organization). The other options are examples of internal issues, as they originate from within the organization or its activities. For example, poor levels of staff competence as a result of cuts in training expenditure (which affects the capabilities and resources of the organization), increased absenteeism as a result of poor management (which affects the culture and performance of the organization), poor morale as a result of staff holidays being reduced (which affects the motivation and satisfaction of the organization's personnel), and a fall in productivity linked to outdated production equipment (which affects the efficiency and quality of the organization's processes). References: ISO/IEC 27001:2022 - Information technology - Security techniques - Information security management systems - Requirements

NEW QUESTION # 275

A planning process that introduced the concept of planning as a cycle that forms the basis for continuous improvement is called:

- A. plan, do, check, act.
- B. RACI Matrix
- C. planning for continuous improvement.

- D. time based planning.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

A planning process that introduced the concept of planning as a cycle that forms the basis for continuous improvement is called plan, do, check, act (PDCA). This is a widely used model for managing and improving processes and systems, and it is also the basis for the structure of ISO/IEC 27001:2022. The PDCA cycle consists of four phases: plan (establish objectives and processes), do (implement and operate), check (monitor and review), and act (maintain and improve). References: : CQI & IRCA ISO 27001:2022 Lead Auditor Course Handbook, page 16. : ISO/IEC 27001:2022, clause 4.

NEW QUESTION # 276

A fire breaks out in a branch office of a health insurance company. The personnel are transferred to neighboring branches to continue their work.

Where in the incident cycle is moving to a stand-by arrangements found?

- A. between incident and damage
- B. between recovery and threat
- C. between threat and incident
- D. between damage and recovery

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

Moving to a stand-by arrangement is found between incident and damage in the incident cycle. The incident cycle is a model that describes the phases of an incident from its occurrence to its resolution. The incident cycle consists of four phases: threat, incident, damage, and recovery¹. A threat is a potential cause or source of harm to an organization's information assets or systems. An incident is an event that compromises the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information assets or systems. Damage is the negative impact or consequence of an incident on the organization's assets, operations, reputation, or legal obligations. Recovery is the process of restoring normal service and operations after an incident and preventing recurrence². Moving to a stand-by arrangement is a form of contingency plan that enables the organization to continue its critical activities in an alternative location or mode after an incident. This measure is taken before the damage caused by the incident is fully assessed or contained. Therefore, moving to a stand-by arrangement is found between incident and damage in the incident cycle. References: [ISO/IEC 27031:2011], clause 4.2; [ISO/IEC 27035:2016], clause 4.

NEW QUESTION # 277

The following options are key actions involved in a first-party audit. Order the stages to show the sequence in which the actions should take place.

□

Answer:

Explanation:

□

Explanation:

□

The correct order of the stages is:

* Prepare the audit checklist

* Gather objective evidence

* Review audit evidence

* Document findings

* Audit preparation: This stage involves defining the audit objectives, scope, criteria, and plan. The auditor also prepares the audit checklist, which is a list of questions or topics that will be covered during the audit. The audit checklist helps the auditor to ensure that all relevant aspects of the ISMS are addressed and that the audit evidence is collected in a systematic and consistent manner¹².

* Audit execution: This stage involves conducting the audit activities, such as opening meeting, interviews, observations, document review, and closing meeting. The auditor gathers objective evidence, which is any information that supports the audit findings and conclusions. Objective evidence can be qualitative or quantitative, and can be obtained from various sources, such as records, statements, physical objects, or observations¹²³.

* **Audit reporting:** This stage involves reviewing the audit evidence, evaluating the audit findings, and documenting the audit results. The auditor reviews the audit evidence to determine whether it is sufficient, reliable, and relevant to support the audit findings. The auditor evaluates the audit findings to determine the degree of conformity or nonconformity of the ISMS with the audit criteria. The auditor documents the audit results in an audit report, which is a formal record of the audit process and outcomes. The audit report typically includes the following elements¹²³:

- * An introduction clarifying the scope, objectives, timing and extent of the work performed
- * An executive summary indicating the key findings, a brief analysis and a conclusion
- * The intended report recipients and, where appropriate, guidelines on classification and circulation
- * Detailed findings and analysis
- * Recommendations for improvement, where applicable
- * A statement of conformity or nonconformity with the audit criteria
- * Any limitations or exclusions of the audit scope or evidence
- * Any deviations from the audit plan or procedures
- * Any unresolved issues or disagreements between the auditor and the auditee
- * A list of references, abbreviations, and definitions used in the report
- * A list of appendices, such as audit plan, audit checklist, audit evidence, audit team members, etc.
- * **Audit follow-up:** This stage involves verifying the implementation and effectiveness of the corrective actions taken by the auditee to address the audit findings. The auditor monitors the progress and completion of the corrective actions, and evaluates their impact on the ISMS performance and conformity. The auditor may conduct a follow-up audit to verify the corrective actions on-site, or may rely on other methods, such as document review, remote interviews, or self-assessment by the auditee. The auditor documents the follow-up results and updates the audit report accordingly¹²³.

References:

- * PECB Candidate Handbook ISO 27001 Lead Auditor, pages 19-25
- * ISO 19011:2018 - Guidelines for auditing management systems
- * The ISO 27001 audit process | ISMS.online

NEW QUESTION # 278

.....

Valid Exam ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Braindumps: <https://www.dumpexam.com/ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor-valid-torrent.html>

- Pass Guaranteed Quiz Unparalleled ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor - Test PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam Sample Online Simply search for ⇒ ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor ⇐ for free download on ► www.prep4away.com Exam ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Learning
- Most probable real and updated PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor exam questions Search for “ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor” on ► www.pdfvce.com immediately to obtain a free download ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Reliable Test Forum
- 100% Pass Quiz 2026 High-quality PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor: Test PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam Sample Online Search for [ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor] and download it for free on 「 www.examdisscuss.com 」 website Exam ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Objectives Pdf
- Real ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Dumps Practice ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Test Engine ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Exam Tips Immediately open ⇒ www.pdfvce.com ⇐ and search for { ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor } to obtain a free download Testing ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Center
- Quiz 2026 PECB - ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor - Test PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam Sample Online ► www.dumpsquestion.com is best website to obtain ► ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor for free download Real ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Dumps
- ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Reliable Exam Questions ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Latest Exam Notes ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Valid Test Review Immediately open ► www.pdfvce.com ◁ and search for ► ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor to obtain a free download Practice ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Test Engine
- New ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Test Materials Reliable ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Test Topics Exam ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Objectives Pdf Open website { www.pass4test.com } and search for “ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor” for free download ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Latest Exam Notes
- Pass Guaranteed Quiz Unparalleled ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor - Test PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam Sample Online ⇒ www.pdfvce.com ⇐ is best website to obtain ► ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor for free download New ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Test Materials
- Pass Guaranteed Quiz 2026 Professional PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor: Test PECB Certified ISO/IEC 27001 Lead Auditor exam Sample Online Download ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor for free by simply entering (www.vceengine.com) website Exam ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Objectives Pdf
- Latest ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Test Questions Latest ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Auditor Test Questions Testing

