

SC-500勉強時間、SC-500試験復習赤本



Microsoft試験に実際に参加して資料を選択する前に、このようなSC-500証明書を持保持することの重要性を思い出してください。このようなMicrosoft証明書を取得すると、昇給、昇進の機会、上司や同僚からの信頼など、将来の多くの同意結果を習得するのに役立ちます。これらすべての快い結果は、もはやあなたにとってSC-500夢ではありません。そして、MicrosoftのSC-500試験準備の助けを借りて、SC-500成績を改善し、人生の状態を変え、キャリアの驚くべき変化を得ることができます。すべてはMicrosoftの学習質問から始まります。

Microsoft SC-500 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Section	Weight	Objectives
Topic 1: Manage and monitor security posture	20–25%	- Microsoft Sentinel • 1. Data connectors (Azure, syslog, CEF) • 2. Custom logs and tables • 3. Automation rules and playbooks • 4. Data collection rules and WEF • 5. Workspaces and role assignment • 6. Retention policies - Security Copilot • 1. Plugins and integrations • 2. Security Store agents • 3. Permissions and roles • 4. Workspace configuration - Microsoft Defender for Cloud • 1. Workload protection plans • 2. Defender Vulnerability Management • 3. External Attack Surface Management (EASM) • 4. Multi-cloud (AWS/GCP) integration • 5. Defender CSPM risk identification • 6. Compliance frameworks evaluation

Topic 2: Secure compute	20–25%	- Security for AI workloads • 1. Microsoft Purview DSPM for AI • 2. Defender for AI services • 3. Microsoft Copilot and AI risk identification • 4. Entra Agent ID security and access control • 5. Security Copilot agents and monitoring • 6. AI Gateway (Azure API Management) - Servers and virtual machines • 1. Just-in-time (JIT) VM access • 2. Agentless scanning and EDR • 3. Azure Arc hybrid security • 4. Disk encryption • 5. Azure Bastion • 6. Defender for Servers onboarding • 7. Secure boot and vTPM - Application platform security • 1. Web Application Firewall (WAF) • 2. Azure Functions security • 3. AKS security and Defender for Containers • 4. Container Registry security • 5. App Service security controls • 6. API Management security policies
Topic 3: Secure storage, databases, and networking	25–30%	- Storage security • 1. Defender for Storage • 2. Storage account security configuration • 3. Access policies for storage • 4. Storage firewall rules - Database security • 1. Database auditing • 2. Azure SQL security configuration • 3. Defender for Databases - Network security • 1. Azure Virtual Network Manager • 2. Network Watcher diagnostics • 3. Azure Firewall • 4. Private endpoints and Private Link • 5. VPN security • 6. NSGs and ASGs • 7. Virtual WAN security

Topic 4: Manage identity, access, and governance	20–25%	- Secure secrets and keys using Azure Key Vault • 1. Defender for Key Vault and CSPM scanning • 2. Key Vault deployment and configuration • 3. Access policies and firewall settings • 4. Keys, secrets, and certificates management - Secure access to resources by using Microsoft Entra ID • 1. OAuth consent and permission grants • 2. Enterprise applications and app registrations • 3. Conditional Access policies • 4. Managed identities for Azure resources • 5. Privileged Identity Management (PIM) • 6. Authentication methods (MFA, passwordless) - Governance and compliance enforcement • 1. Resource locks • 2. Azure Backup security controls • 3. Infrastructure as Code security controls • 4. Azure Policy (built-in and custom) • 5. RBAC and role management (Azure & Entra roles) • 6. Microsoft Defender for Cloud compliance
--	--------	---

>> SC-500勉強時間 <<

SC-500試験復習赤本、SC-500参考書内容

地下鉄でほかの人はぼかんと座っているとき、あなたはPadまたはスマホでPDF版のMicrosoftのSC-500試験の資料を読むことができます。ほかの人がインターネットでゲームを遊んでいるとき、あなたはオンラインでMicrosoftのSC-500の問題集をすることができます。このような努力しているあなたは短い時間でMicrosoftのSC-500試験に合格できると信じています。ほかの人はあなたの成績に驚いているとき、ひょっとしたら、あなたはよりよい仕事を探しましたかもしれません。

Microsoft Implementing End-to-End Security Controls for Cloud and AI Workloads 認定 SC-500 試験問題 (Q53-Q58):

質問 # 53

You have two management groups named MG1 and MG2 that contain multiple Azure subscriptions. The subscriptions are linked to a Microsoft Entra tenant.

You have a user named User1 and a global administrator named Admin1

You are informed that User1 created an Azure subscription named Sub1 under the MG2 management group and is the only owner of the subscription.

You need to ensure that Admin1 can remove the Owner role from User1 for Sub1.

What should you do first?

- A. Move Sub1 to MG1.
- **B. Instruct Admin1 to enable Access management for Azure resources.**
- C. Instruct Admin1 to use Privileged Identity Management (PIM) to request the Security Administrator role.
- D. Assign Admin1 the User Access Administrator role for Sub1.

正解: B

解説:

A Global Administrator does not automatically have access to every Azure subscription. The first step is to enable Access management for Azure resources, which elevates the global administrator to manage Azure role assignments at the root scope. After that elevation, Admin1 can remove the Owner assignment from User1 on Sub1. Moving subscriptions or requesting Security Administrator would not provide the Azure RBAC authority needed to modify ownership. The exam objective emphasizes practical

identity enforcement rather than cosmetic configuration. A valid answer must identify who authenticates, what permission is granted, where the scope is applied, and whether the method continues to work without passwords or secrets. That is why the selected answer is preferred over broader administrative roles or unrelated access settings. The result is a direct exam-style implementation choice: it changes the required security behavior without relying on unrelated monitoring, manual cleanup, or excessive privilege. Official Microsoft source/topic: SC-500 Study Guide > Azure role assignments; Microsoft Learn > elevate access to manage Azure resources.

質問 # 54

A company wants to continuously assess cloud resources for security weaknesses and regulatory compliance issues. Which Microsoft security service provides this capability?

- A. Azure Front Door
- **B. Microsoft Defender for Cloud**
- C. Azure Backup
- D. Azure Container Registry

正解: B

解説:

Microsoft Defender for Cloud provides security posture management, regulatory compliance assessments, and threat protection across cloud resources. It continuously evaluates configurations and recommends remediation actions. Front Door, Backup, and Container Registry provide specialized infrastructure services rather than comprehensive security posture management.

質問 # 55

Drag and Drop Question

You have an Azure virtual network named VNet1 that contains three subnets named Subnet1, Subnet2, and Subnet3. A single network security group (NSG) named NSG1 is associated with all the subnets. You have the following virtual machines:

- VM1 on Subnet1
- VM2 on Subnet2
- VM3 on Subnet3

You create two application security groups named ASG1 and ASG2. VM2 is a member of ASG1, and VM3 is a member of ASG2.

You need to ensure that only VM2 can connect to VM3. The solution must continue to work if the private IP address of VM2 changes.

How should you configure the inbound rule on NSG1? To answer, drag the settings to the correct configurations. Each setting may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Settings

ASG1

ASG2

IP address of VM1

IP address of VM2

IP address of VM3

VirtualNetwork

Answer Area

Source:

Destination:

正解:

解説:

Settings	Answer Area
ASG1	Source: ASG1
ASG2	Destination: ASG2
IP address of VM1	
IP address of VM2	
IP address of VM3	
VirtualNetwork	

質問 # 56

You have a management group named MG1 that contains two subscriptions named Sub1 and Sub2. Sub1 contains a resource group named RG-Exception and a resource group named RG1 that hosts Microsoft Foundry resources.

You need to assign an Azure policy to force new Foundry deployments in MG1 to use private endpoints. The solution must NOT restrict deployments in RG-Exception.

How should you configure the policy?

- A. Assign the policy to Sub1 and RG-Exception.
- B. Assign the policy to MG1 and RG-Exception.
- C. Assign the policy to MG1 and exclude RG-Exception.
- D. Assign the policy to Sub1 and exclude RG-Exception.

正解: C

解説:

The policy must apply across the entire management group MG1 because both Sub1 and Sub2 are in scope for new Foundry deployments. The exception must be expressed as an exclusion for RG-Exception, not by assigning the policy directly to that resource group. Assigning only to Sub1 misses Sub2. Including RG-Exception in the assignment would restrict the resource group that the requirement explicitly excludes.

Microsoft platform security questions usually hinge on where enforcement occurs: at the resource, server, subnet, firewall policy, private endpoint, or subscription level. The selected answer uses the control plane that owns that enforcement point. Other options are rejected when they only log activity, broaden network access, or protect a different service category. The result is a direct exam-style implementation choice: it changes the required security behavior without relying on unrelated monitoring, manual cleanup, or excessive privilege.

Official Microsoft source/topic: SC-500 Study Guide > Azure Policy; Microsoft Learn > policy assignment scopes and exclusions.

質問 # 57

Your organization is deploying several generative AI applications that use Azure AI services.

Security administrators want to ensure that prompts and responses containing sensitive information are identified and monitored before they leave the organization's environment. Which solution should be implemented first?

- A. Azure Traffic Manager
- B. Azure Load Balancer
- C. Microsoft Purview Data Loss Prevention (DLP)
- D. Azure Firewall Premium

正解: C

解説:

Microsoft Purview DLP is designed to discover, classify, and protect sensitive information across Microsoft services. It can help detect sensitive content in AI-related workflows and enforce policies before data is shared externally. Azure Firewall Premium protects network traffic, but it does not provide content-aware DLP capabilities.

質問 # 58

.....

当社のSC-500トレーニング資料は国内外で有名です。主な理由は、コア競争力を持たない他の会社があるためです。市場には多くの複雑な類似製品があります。独自に必要です。他の製品とのSC-500テストの質問は、SC-500学習教材を更新する最も中核的な専門家チームがあることです。製品のポイント。

SC-500試験復習赤本: https://www.topexam.jp/SC-500_shiken.html

- 試験の準備方法-真実的なSC-500勉強時間試験-権威のあるSC-500試験復習赤本 □ ☼ www.passtest.jp □ ☼ □ にて限定無料の【 SC-500 】問題集をダウンロードせよSC-500認定テキスト
- 準備するMicrosoft SC-500 試験は簡単に一番いいSC-500勉強時間: Implementing End-to-End Security Controls for Cloud and AI Workloads □ ✓ www.goshiken.com □ ✓ □ を開いて□ SC-500 □ を検索し、試験資料を無料でダウンロードしてくださいSC-500日本語版と英語版
- SC-500受験対策書 □ SC-500復習過去問 □ SC-500資格練習 □ ➤ www.jpexam.com □ サイトで《 SC-500 》の最新問題が使えるSC-500受験対策書
- SC-500試験の準備方法 | 正確的なSC-500勉強時間試験 | 便利なImplementing End-to-End Security Controls for Cloud and AI Workloads試験復習赤本 □ 時間限定無料で使える✓ SC-500 □ ✓ □ の試験問題は (www.goshiken.com) サイトで検索SC-500問題サンプル
- SC-500認定テキスト □ SC-500関連合格問題 □ SC-500出題範囲 ♪ 今すぐ➤ www.jpexam.com □ を開き、 ✓ SC-500 □ ✓ □ を検索して無料でダウンロードしてくださいSC-500日本語版と英語版
- SC-500試験の準備方法 | 正確なSC-500勉強時間試験 | 便利なImplementing End-to-End Security Controls for Cloud and AI Workloads試験復習赤本 □ 検索するだけで➡ www.goshiken.com □ □ □ から▷ SC-500 ◁ を無料でダウンロードSC-500資格練習
- 試験SC-500勉強時間 - 一生懸命にSC-500試験復習赤本 | 合格スムーズSC-500参考書内容 □ ➡ www.passtest.jp □ サイトにて□ SC-500 □ 問題集を無料で使おうSC-500認定テキスト
- 試験の準備方法-ユニークなSC-500勉強時間試験-効果的なSC-500試験復習赤本 □ ➡ www.goshiken.com □ □ サイトにて最新⇒ SC-500 ⇐問題集をダウンロードSC-500試験問題解説集
- SC-500試験の準備方法 | 100%合格率のSC-500勉強時間試験 | 実用的なImplementing End-to-End Security Controls for Cloud and AI Workloads試験復習赤本 □ 時間限定無料で使える➡ SC-500 □ の試験問題は □ www.jpexam.com □ サイトで検索SC-500模擬問題
- 試験SC-500勉強時間 - 一生懸命にSC-500試験復習赤本 | 合格スムーズSC-500参考書内容 □ ウェブサイト ▶ www.goshiken.com ◀ から (SC-500) を開いて検索し、無料でダウンロードしてくださいSC-500模擬問題
- 試験の準備方法-ユニークなSC-500勉強時間試験-効果的なSC-500試験復習赤本 □ { www.shikenpass.com } から ✓ SC-500 □ ✓ □ を検索して、試験資料を無料でダウンロードしてくださいSC-500関連合格問題
- learn.csisafety.com.au, fortunetelleroracle.com, scalar.usc.edu, telegra.ph, telegra.ph, telegra.ph, learn.csisafety.com.au, www.fotor.com, freestyler.ws, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, Disposable vapes