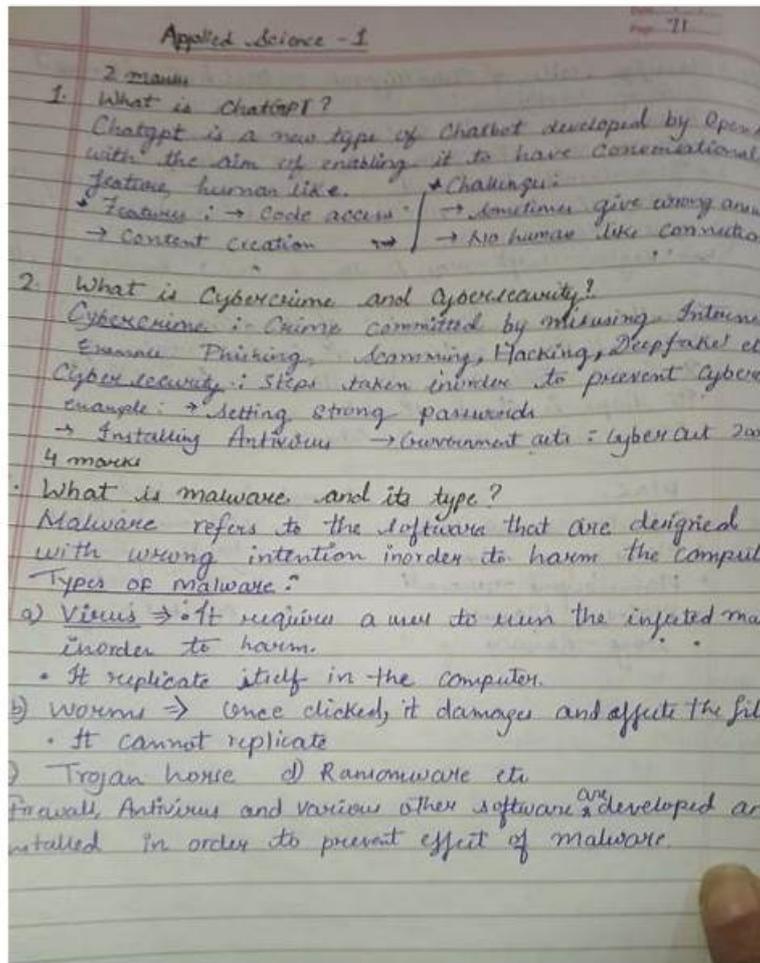


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CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1 Sample Questions (Q163-Q168):

NEW QUESTION # 163

Which of the following drive interfaces is typically used in server systems but not in home computers?

- A. SATA
- B. NVMe
- C. PCIe
- **D. SAS**

Answer: D

Explanation:

SAS (Serial Attached SCSI) is a high-performance drive interface commonly found in enterprise environments and servers due to its reliability and speed. While SATA is more common in consumer systems, SAS is specifically designed for mission-critical applications, offering features like full-duplex operation and compatibility with SATA drives.

Reference: "CompTIA A+ Certification All-in-One Exam Guide" by Mike Meyers - Chapter 8, "Mass Storage Technologies", page 288.

NEW QUESTION # 164

A technician has discovered that some users are connected to a network that is not available on the user interface. Which of the following is the most effective tool the technician can use to identify networks that are not broadcasting SSIDs?

- A. Cable tester
- B. Loopback plug
- C. Toner probe
- **D. Wi-Fi analyzer**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Step-by-Step Explanation:

Wi-Fi Analyzer:

A Wi-Fi analyzer is a tool used to detect and analyze wireless networks, even those that are not broadcasting their SSIDs (hidden networks).

It provides detailed information about nearby networks, including signal strength, channel usage, and security protocols.

In this case, the Wi-Fi analyzer can identify the hidden networks that users are connected to, which are not visible on the standard user interface.

Incorrect Options:

A: Cable tester: A cable tester is used to test the integrity of physical network cables. It does not detect wireless networks or SSIDs.

B: Toner probe: A toner probe is used to trace and identify cables within a wiring system. It is not applicable to wireless network analysis.

D: Loopback plug: A loopback plug is used to test the functionality of a network port or NIC. It is unrelated to identifying hidden wireless networks.

Key Takeaway:

The most effective tool for identifying hidden wireless networks is a Wi-Fi analyzer, as it can detect networks that are not broadcasting their SSIDs.

Reference: CompTIA A+ Core 1 Exam Objectives (220-1201), Domain 2.5 - Explain basic wired and wireless networking concepts, including Wi-Fi tools and protocols.

NEW QUESTION # 165

A technician needs to select PC components with a minimal number of visible internal cables. Which of the following should the technician use?

- A. Wireless NIC

- B. Liquid cooling
- **C. Modular power supply**
- D. SATA drive connections

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation:

A modular power supply allows a technician to connect only the power cables that are needed, reducing clutter and improving airflow. This is ideal when aiming for a clean build with minimal visible internal cables.

* Option A (SATA drive connections): Still require both power and data cables, adding to cable count.

* Option B (Liquid cooling): May reduce some bulk from large air coolers, but adds tubing and still needs cabling.

* Option D (Wireless NIC): Adds wireless capability but has no relation to internal cabling cleanliness.

CompTIA A+ Core 1 Exam Objective Reference:

* Objective 3.3: Given a scenario, apply the appropriate PC configuration.

NEW QUESTION # 166

A network administrator must ensure that a printer will still be assigned a specific IP address even if all addresses are depleted. Which of the following network configuration concepts is this describing?

- A. Exclusion
- **B. Reservation**
- C. Lease
- D. VLAN

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

A DHCP reservation binds a specific MAC address to an IP address so the device always receives the same IP from the DHCP server. This ensures network devices like printers maintain consistent connectivity and availability even when the IP pool is low.

#Reference: "CompTIA A+ Complete Study Guide" by Quentin Docter - Chapter 18, page 1252.

NEW QUESTION # 167

The power supply for a user's gaming PC fails. The user installs a new power supply and connects it to the motherboard, GPU, and SSDs, but the computer will not start. What is the most likely cause?

- A. The wattage is insufficient
- B. The power supply only works in redundant configurations
- **C. The user did not connect the 4-pin CPU connector**
- D. The computer requires more RAM

Answer: C

Explanation:

CompTIA A+ repeatedly highlights that modern motherboards require two power connectors:

* The 24-pin ATX main power connector

* The 4-pin or 8-pin CPU power connector (EPS connector)

If the CPU power connector is missing, the system will not POST, even though other components appear to have power. This is a very common mistake after replacing PSUs and is specifically noted in CompTIA materials as a frequent cause of "no boot" scenarios.

Insufficient wattage usually causes instability, not a total failure to start. RAM is unrelated to powering on.

Redundant PSUs are used in servers, not gaming PCs.

Thus, the missing CPU power connector is the correct diagnosis and matches A+ hardware troubleshooting guidelines.

NEW QUESTION # 168

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