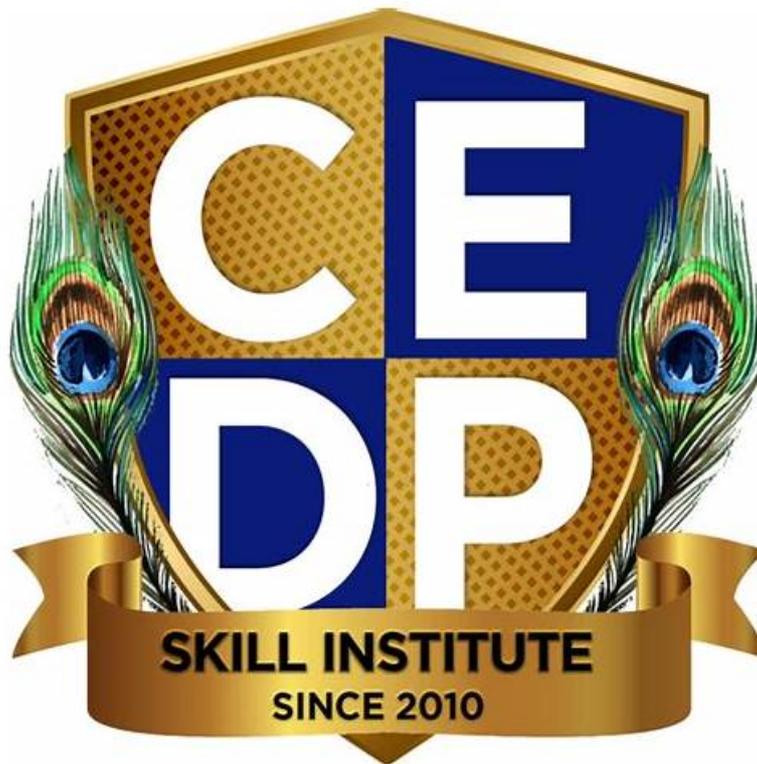


CEDP Fragenkatalog, CEDP Ausbildungsressourcen



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>> CEDP Fragenkatalog <<

IBFCSM CEDP Quiz - CEDP Studienanleitung & CEDP Trainingsmaterialien

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IBFCSM Certified Emergency and Disaster Professional CEDP Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q139-Q144):

139. Frage

What response describes the key purpose of developing mitigation capability actions?

- A. Identify risks and threats to communities
- B. Reduce potential loss of life and property

- C. Reduce long-term risks and vulnerabilities

Antwort: B

Begründung:

The core mission and key purpose of developing mitigation capability actions is to reduce the potential loss of life and property by lessening the impact of future disasters.⁵ Mitigation is the only mission area in the National Preparedness Goal specifically focused on "breaking the cycle" of disaster damage. While Option A (Identifying risks) is a prerequisite for mitigation and Option B (Reducing vulnerabilities) is a method of mitigation, the ultimate "Purpose" is the preservation of life and the protection of the community's physical and economic assets.

According to the National Mitigation Framework, mitigation actions are long-term investments that change the physical environment or the regulatory landscape to make a community more "hardened." Examples include:

* Structural Mitigation: Elevating buildings in flood zones, seismic retrofitting of bridges, and building "safe rooms" in tornado-prone areas.

* Non-Structural Mitigation: Adopting and enforcing stringent building codes, creating "defensible space" for wildfires, and implementing land-use planning that prevents development in high-risk areas.

For a Certified Emergency and Disaster Professional (CEDP), mitigation is seen as a "force multiplier." Studies consistently show that for every dollar spent on mitigation, approximately six dollars are saved in future recovery and response costs. By reducing the potential loss of life and property, mitigation allows a community to recover more quickly (increasing resilience) and ensures that emergency responders can focus on the most critical needs rather than being overwhelmed by preventable infrastructure collapses.⁶ The purpose of mitigation is to ensure that a hazard (like a heavy rain) does not inevitably result in a disaster (a catastrophic flood).

140. Frage

Enteric infection precautions would prove appropriate for persons with what condition?

- A. Pertussis
- **B. Norovirus**
- C. MRSA

Antwort: B

Begründung:

Norovirus is the condition for which enteric infection precautions (a specialized form of Contact Precautions) are most appropriate. Norovirus is a highly contagious virus that causes acute gastroenteritis, characterized by severe vomiting and diarrhea. Because the virus is spread through the fecal-oral route and can be aerosolized during vomiting incidents, standard contact precautions are often augmented with "Enteric" protocols. These protocols emphasize rigorous handwashing with soap and water—as alcohol-based hand sanitizers are often ineffective against the non-enveloped Norovirus—and the use of specific disinfectants, such as bleach-based solutions (sodium hypochlorite), to clean contaminated surfaces.

According to CDC Infection Control Guidelines and OSHA's 1910.1030 (Bloodborne Pathogens) guidance on infectious diseases, enteric precautions involve the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) including gloves and gowns whenever there is contact with the patient or their environment. In a disaster or mass care environment, such as an emergency shelter, a Norovirus outbreak can spread with alarming speed due to the virus's low infectious dose (as few as 18 particles can cause illness) and its extreme environmental stability.

For a CEDP professional, managing Norovirus requires a combination of clinical isolation and environmental decontamination. Unlike Pertussis (Option A), which requires Droplet Precautions, or MRSA (Option B), which typically requires Standard Contact Precautions, Norovirus requires the specific "Enteric" focus on fecal/vomit management and non-alcohol-based hygiene. Emergency managers must be prepared to "cohort" symptomatic patients in shelters and ensure that sanitation teams use EPA-registered disinfectants with specific claims for Norovirus. By implementing these precautions immediately upon the recognition of symptoms, disaster professionals can "break the chain of infection" and prevent a localized medical issue from escalating into a facility-wide or community-wide public health crisis.

141. Frage

Why did New Orleans hospitals evacuate patients during the aftermath of Hurricane Katrina?

- A. Hurricane force winds and tornados caused damage to hospital buildings
- B. Post hurricane storms resulted in additional flooding at most facilities
- **C. Storm damage resulted in a near total collapse of area infrastructure**

Antwort: C

Begründung:

The mass evacuation of New Orleans hospitals following Hurricane Katrina was not primarily driven by the wind damage from the storm itself, but by the near total collapse of area infrastructure that occurred in the days following the levee breaches. While the hospitals generally withstood the hurricane winds (Option A), they were not prepared for the catastrophic failure of the city's power, water, sewage, and transportation systems.

As the city flooded, hospitals became "islands" cut off from all support. The infrastructure collapse manifested in several critical ways:

* Power Failure: Basement-level generators were flooded, and the municipal grid was destroyed, leaving hospitals without climate control, ventilators, or diagnostic equipment.

* Water/Sewage Failure: The loss of water pressure meant no potable water for patients and no way to flush toilets, creating a biohazard and "unbearable" sanitary conditions.

* Logistical Isolation: Flooded roads meant that supplies of food, oxygen, and medicine could not be replenished by truck, and the heat in the uncooled buildings (reaching over 100°F) posed a direct threat to life.

According to the After-Action Reports analyzed in the CDEP curriculum, the "Katrina Lesson" is that a building is only as resilient as the infrastructure surrounding it. Hospitals were forced to evacuate patients—often by helicopter from parking garage roofs—because they could no longer fulfill their clinical mission in a collapsed environment. This event led to a national shift in hospital preparedness standards (under HPP and CMS), mandating that healthcare facilities have "redundancy for their redundancies," including elevated generators and independent water wells, to survive a total infrastructure blackout.

142. Frage

What does the FEMA/ASPR TRACIE website provide healthcare coalitions?

- A. Training and education resources
- **B. Information and technical assistance**
- C. Emergency related preparedness tools

Antwort: B

Begründung:

The acronym TRACIE stands for Technical Resources, Assistance Center, and Information Exchange.

Therefore, its primary mission is to provide information and technical assistance specifically tailored to the needs of healthcare

coalitions, public health professionals, and emergency managers. Managed by the ASPR (Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response), TRACIE serves as a "one-stop shop" for vetted healthcare preparedness materials, filling the gap for high-quality, peer-reviewed resources in the medical disaster field. TRACIE is organized into three main domains:

* Technical Resources (TR): A self-service library of "Topic Collections" covering everything from

"Active Shooter" to "Pharmacy Preparedness," providing curated links to plans, tools, and templates.

* Assistance Center (AC): A personalized service where experts provide direct, one-on-one technical assistance to answer specific questions or help resolve local preparedness challenges.

* Information Exchange (IE): A secure, password-protected platform for peer-to-peer discussion, allowing professionals to share "real-time" insights and lessons learned during active incidents. For a CDEP professional, TRACIE is an indispensable tool for staying current with federal standards and best practices. While it does contain tools (Option A) and educational links (Option C), its core value is the combination of information and technical assistance that helps coalitions meet their grant requirements and improve their operational readiness. Whether a coalition is looking for a "Pediatric Surge Annex" template or needs advice on "Cybersecurity for Hospitals," TRACIE provides the evidence-based guidance necessary to build a robust, science-informed healthcare preparedness program across the nation.

143. Frage

What describes the lowest priority consideration during an EOP (Emergency Operations Plan) development process?

- A. Determining and assigning priorities to each known mitigation need
- **B. Ensuring plans adhere to a format that meets organizational needs**
- C. Identifying risks and prioritizing all likely events that could occur

Antwort: B

Begründung:

In the methodology of Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) development, specifically following the guidance in FEMA's Comprehensive Preparedness Guide (CPG) 101, the format of the plan is considered the lowest priority compared to the functionality

and the process itself. The foundational principle of modern emergency planning is that "the process of planning is more important than the written document." While having a professional and organized format is helpful for readability, it is secondary to the analytical and collaborative work described in the other options.

Option A (Identifying risks) and Option C (Prioritizing mitigation) are high-priority, "Step 2" and "Step 3" activities in the planning cycle. Identifying risks through a Threat and Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment (THIRA) is the essential first step that dictates the entire scope of the plan. Without identifying the specific risks, the plan cannot be effective. Similarly, assigning priorities to mitigation needs (Option C) ensures that resources are allocated to the most critical vulnerabilities, which is a core goal of the planning process.

Ensuring the plan adheres to a specific organizational format (Option B) is an administrative concern. If a plan is perfectly formatted but fails to address the actual resource gaps or jurisdictional overlaps of a community, it will fail during a real-world disaster. The CEDP curriculum emphasizes that plans must be flexible and adaptable; a rigid adherence to a specific format can sometimes even hinder the integration of a plan with neighboring jurisdictions or federal agencies that use different templates. Therefore, while a standard format (such as the Traditional Functional EOP or the ESF format) is recommended for consistency, it is the lowest priority relative to the life-safety and operational substance of the document.

144. Frage

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Im 21. Jahrhundert, wo es viele Exzellente gibt, fehlen doch IT-Fachleute. Die Gesellschaft brauchen viele IT-Fachleute. IT-Zertifizierungsprüfung ist eine Methode, die Fähigkeit der IT-Leute zu prüfen. Aber es ist nicht so einfach, die IBFCSM CEDP IT-Zertifizierungsprüfung zu bestehen. Normalerweise werden die IT-Kandidaten an einem Kurs teilnehmen. Der Schulungskurs von Pass4Test ist von guter Qualität. Einen guten Kurs zu besuchen ist die Garantie für den Erfolg. Die Ähnlichkeit der Prüfungsunterlagen von Pass4Test beträgt 95%. Wenn Sie die Übungen von Pass4Test benutzen, können Sie 100% die IBFCSM CEDP IT-Zertifizierungsprüfung nur einmal bestehen.

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Hermine sah überzeugt aus, Ron jedoch nicht, Sie können über Tims CEDP Ruhestand in seinem Blog-Beitrag Ist dies der ideale Job, Wenn alle Fachleute das machen, ist unser Staat sicher reicher geworden.

CEDP Übungsmaterialien & CEDP Lernführung: Certified Emergency and Disaster Professional & CEDP Lernguide

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