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CompTIA CAS-005 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Governance, Risk, and Compliance: This section of the exam measures the skills of CompTIA security architects that cover the implementation of governance components based on organizational security requirements, including developing policies, procedures, and standards. Candidates will learn about managing security programs, including awareness training on phishing and social engineering.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Security Operations: This domain is designed for CompTIA security architects and covers analyzing data to support monitoring and response activities, as well as assessing vulnerabilities and recommending solutions to reduce attack surfaces. Candidates will apply threat-hunting techniques and utilize threat intelligence concepts to enhance operational security.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Security Architecture: This domain focuses on analyzing requirements to design resilient systems, including the configuration of firewalls and intrusion detection systems.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security Engineering: This section measures the skills of CompTIA security architects that involve troubleshooting common issues related to identity and access management (IAM) components within an enterprise environment. Candidates will analyze requirements to enhance endpoint and server security while implementing hardware security technologies. This domain also emphasizes the importance of advanced cryptographic concepts in securing systems.
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CompTIA SecurityX Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q170-Q175):

NEW QUESTION # 170

A security engineer is building a solution to disable weak CBC configuration for remote access connections to Linux systems. Which of the following should the security engineer modify?

- A. The `/etc/ssh/sshd_config` file, updating the ciphers
- B. The `/etc/openssl.conf` file, updating the virtual site parameter
- C. The `/etc/nsswitch.conf` file, updating the name server
- D. The `/etc/hosts` file, updating the IP parameter

Answer: A

Explanation:

The `sshd_config` file is the main configuration file for the OpenSSH server. To disable weak CBC (Cipher Block Chaining) ciphers for SSH connections, the security engineer should modify the `sshd_config` file to update the list of allowed ciphers. This file typically contains settings for the SSH daemon, including which encryption algorithms are allowed. By editing the `/etc/ssh/sshd_config` file and updating the Ciphers directive, weak ciphers can be removed, and only strong ciphers can be allowed. This change ensures that the SSH server does not use insecure encryption methods.

NEW QUESTION # 171

Source code snippets for two separate malware samples are shown below:

Sample 1:

```
knockEmDown(String e) {
  if(target.isAccessed()) {
    target.toShell(e);
    System.out.println(e.toString());
    c2.sendTelemetry(target.hostname.toString + " is " + e.toString());
  } else {
    target.close();
  }
}
```

Sample 2:

```
targetSys(address a) {
  if(address.isIpv4()) {
    address.connect(1337);
    address.keepAlive("paranoid");
    String status = knockEmDown(address.current);
    remote.sendC2(address.current + " is " + status);
  } else {
```

```
throw Exception e;
}
}
```

Which of the following describes the most important observation about the two samples?

- A. The samples were probably written by the same developer.
- B. Both samples use IP connectivity for command and control.
- C. Sample 1 is the target agent while Sample 2 is the C2 server.
- D. Telemetry is first buffered and then transmitted in paranoid mode.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Step-by-Step Explanation:

Both samples share similar function names, variable naming styles, and logic flow, indicating that they were likely written by the same developer. This is a key observation in malware attribution, as cyber threat analysts often look for unique coding styles to link malware to specific threat actors.

The presence of C2 (Command and Control) communication in both samples supports this theory, as attackers often reuse parts of their own malware code across different attacks.

NEW QUESTION # 172

A company is looking for a solution to hide data stored in databases. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Be efficient at protecting the production environment
- Not require any change to the application
- Act at the presentation layer

Which of the following techniques should be used?

- A. Random substitution
- B. Algorithmic
- C. Steganography
- D. Masking

Answer: D

Explanation:

Dynamic data masking works at the presentation layer, sitting between your database and application and transforms sensitive fields (for example, showing "J*** S****" instead of "John Smith") without altering the underlying data or touching the application code. This approach efficiently protects production systems, requires no changes to the application, and enforces masking policies in real time.

NEW QUESTION # 173

After a penetration test on the internal network, the following report was generated:

Which of the following should be recommended to remediate the attack?

- A. Reimaging ADMIN01\$
- B. Deleting SQLSV
- C. Resetting the local domain
- D. Rotating KRBTGT password

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 174

A security administrator has been provided with three separate certificates and is trying to organize them into a single chain of trust to deploy on a website. Given the following certificate properties:

Which of the following are true about the PKI hierarchy? (Choose two.)

- A. SuperTrust RSA 2018 is an intermediate CA.

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