

# Associate-Data-Practitioner Pdf Format & Associate-Data-Practitioner Testking Learning Materials



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## Google Associate-Data-Practitioner Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Data Analysis and Presentation: This domain assesses the competencies of Data Analysts in identifying data trends, patterns, and insights using BigQuery and Jupyter notebooks. Candidates will define and execute SQL queries to generate reports and analyze data for business questions.   Data Pipeline Orchestration: This section targets Data Analysts and focuses on designing and implementing simple data pipelines. Candidates will select appropriate data transformation tools based on business needs and evaluate use cases for ELT versus ETL.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Data Management: This domain measures the skills of Google Database Administrators in configuring access control and governance. Candidates will establish principles of least privilege access using Identity and Access Management (IAM) and compare methods of access control for Cloud Storage. They will also configure lifecycle management rules to manage data retention effectively. A critical skill measured is ensuring proper access control to sensitive data within Google Cloud services</li></ul>

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data Preparation and Ingestion: This section of the exam measures the skills of Google Cloud Engineers and covers the preparation and processing of data. Candidates will differentiate between various data manipulation methodologies such as ETL, ELT, and ETLT. They will choose appropriate data transfer tools, assess data quality, and conduct data cleaning using tools like Cloud Data Fusion and BigQuery. A key skill measured is effectively assessing data quality before ingestion.</li> </ul>
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## Google Associate-Data-Practitioner Testking Learning Materials & Associate-Data-Practitioner Exam Practice

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### Google Cloud Associate Data Practitioner Sample Questions (Q83-Q88):

#### NEW QUESTION # 83

You are a database administrator managing sales transaction data by region stored in a BigQuery table. You need to ensure that each sales representative can only see the transactions in their region. What should you do?

- A. Add a policy tag in BigQuery.
- B. Create a data masking rule.
- C. Grant the appropriate IAM permissions on the dataset.
- D. Create a row-level access policy.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Creating a row-level access policy in BigQuery ensures that each sales representative can see only the transactions relevant to their region. Row-level access policies allow you to define fine-grained access control by filtering rows based on specific conditions, such as matching the sales representative's region. This approach enforces security while providing tailored data access, aligning with the principle of least privilege.

Extract from Google Documentation: From "Row-Level Security in BigQuery" (<https://cloud.google.com/bigquery/docs/row-level-security>): "Row-level access policies let you restrict access to specific rows in a table based on a filter condition, such as a user's region, providing fine-grained control over data visibility without creating separate tables or views."

#### NEW QUESTION # 84

Your organization has a BigQuery dataset that contains sensitive employee information such as salaries and performance reviews. The payroll specialist in the HR department needs to have continuous access to aggregated performance data, but they do not need continuous access to other sensitive data. You need to grant the payroll specialist access to the performance data without granting them access to the entire dataset using the simplest and most secure approach. What should you do?

- A. Create a SQL query with the aggregated performance data. Export the results to an Avro file in a Cloud Storage bucket. Share the bucket with the payroll specialist.
- B. Use authorized views to share query results with the payroll specialist.
- C. Create a table with the aggregated performance data. Use table-level permissions to grant access to the payroll specialist.
- D. Create row-level and column-level permissions and policies on the table that contains performance data in the dataset. Provide the payroll specialist with the appropriate permission set.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Using authorized views is the simplest and most secure way to grant the payroll specialist access to aggregated performance data without exposing the entire dataset. Authorized views allow you to create a view in BigQuery that contains only the query results for the aggregated performance data. The payroll specialist can query the view without being granted access to the underlying sensitive data. This approach ensures security, adheres to the principle of least privilege, and eliminates the need to manage complex row-level or column-level permissions.

### NEW QUESTION # 85

You are working with a small dataset in Cloud Storage that needs to be transformed and loaded into BigQuery for analysis. The transformation involves simple filtering and aggregation operations. You want to use the most efficient and cost-effective data manipulation approach. What should you do?

- A. Use Dataproc to create an Apache Hadoop cluster, perform the ETL process using Apache Spark, and load the results into BigQuery.
- B. Create a Cloud Data Fusion instance and visually design an ETL pipeline that reads data from Cloud Storage, transforms it using built-in transformations, and loads the results into BigQuery.
- C. Use BigQuery's SQL capabilities to load the data from Cloud Storage, transform it, and store the results in a new BigQuery table.
- D. Use Dataflow to perform the ETL process that reads the data from Cloud Storage, transforms it using Apache Beam, and writes the results to BigQuery.

#### Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation:

For a small dataset with simple transformations (filtering, aggregation), Google recommends leveraging BigQuery's native SQL capabilities to minimize cost and complexity.

- \* Option A: Dataproc with Spark is overkill for a small dataset, incurring cluster management costs and setup time.
- \* Option B: BigQuery can load data directly from Cloud Storage (e.g., CSV, JSON) and perform transformations using SQL in a serverless manner, avoiding additional service costs. This is the most efficient and cost-effective approach.
- \* Option C: Cloud Data Fusion is suited for complex ETL but adds overhead (instance setup, UI design) unnecessary for simple tasks.

### NEW QUESTION # 86

You work for an ecommerce company that has a BigQuery dataset that contains customer purchase history, demographics, and website interactions. You need to build a machine learning (ML) model to predict which customers are most likely to make a purchase in the next month. You have limited engineering resources and need to minimize the ML expertise required for the solution. What should you do?

- A. Use Vertex AI Workbench to develop a custom model for purchase prediction.
- B. Use BigQuery ML to create a logistic regression model for purchase prediction.
- C. Export the data to Cloud Storage, and use AutoML Tables to build a classification model for purchase prediction.
- D. Use Colab Enterprise to develop a custom model for purchase prediction.

#### Answer: B

### NEW QUESTION # 87

You need to create a data pipeline that streams event information from applications in multiple Google Cloud regions into BigQuery for near real-time analysis. The data requires transformation before loading. You want to create the pipeline using a visual interface. What should you do?

- A. Push event information to a Pub/Sub topic. Create a BigQuery subscription in Pub/Sub.
- B. Push event information to Cloud Storage, and create an external table in BigQuery. Create a BigQuery scheduled job that executes once each day to apply transformations.
- C. Push event information to a Pub/Sub topic. Create a Dataflow job using the Dataflow job builder.
- D. Push event information to a Pub/Sub topic. Create a Cloud Run function to subscribe to the Pub/Sub topic, apply transformations, and insert the data into BigQuery.

**Answer: C**

### Explanation:

Pushing event information to a Pub/Sub topic and then creating a Dataflow job using the Dataflow job builder is the most suitable solution. The Dataflow job builder provides a visual interface to design pipelines, allowing you to define transformations and load data into BigQuery. This approach is ideal for streaming data pipelines that require near real-time transformations and analysis. It ensures scalability across multiple regions and integrates seamlessly with Pub/Sub for event ingestion and BigQuery for analysis.

## NEW QUESTION # 88

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