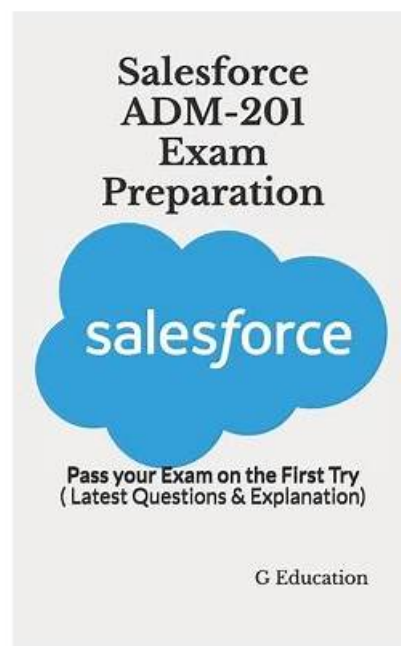


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### Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Migration &amp; Upgrade: This section of the exam measures the skills of System Engineers and covers the process of upgrading and migrating Tableau Server environments. Candidates should understand how to carry out clean reinstalls, migrate servers to new hardware, and maintain backward compatibility during the process.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Installation and Configuration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Server Engineers and covers the process of installing Tableau Server, understanding installation paths, identity store options, SSO integrations, SSL setup, and silent installs. Candidates also need to demonstrate the ability to configure Tableau Server by setting cache, distributing processes, customizing sites, and configuring user quotas. It further includes adding users, managing their roles and permissions, and applying Tableau's security model at different levels from sites to workbooks.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the day-to-day tasks of maintaining Tableau Server. Candidates should understand how to create and manage schedules, subscriptions, backups, and restores, as well as how to use tools such as TSM, Tabcmd, and REST API. It emphasizes monitoring, server analysis, log file usage, and embedding practices. It also includes managing projects, sites, and nested structures, while contrasting end-user and administrator abilities. Knowledge of publishing, web authoring, sharing views, caching, and data source certification is also tested.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connecting to and Preparing Data: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the basic understanding of Tableau Server's interface, navigation, and overall topology. Candidates are expected to recognize both client and server components, understand how these interact, and know where to find information about versions, releases, and updates. It also focuses on system requirements, including hardware, operating systems, browsers, email configurations, cloud considerations, and licensing models. Additionally, it examines knowledge of server processes, data source types, network infrastructure, and ports needed for a stable deployment.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Support Specialists and covers resolving common Tableau Server issues. Candidates must know how to reset accounts, package logs, validate site resources, rebuild search indexes, and use analysis reports. It also includes understanding the role of browser cookies and creating support requests when needed.</li> </ul>

### Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator Sample Questions (Q10-Q15):

#### NEW QUESTION # 10

Which three methods should an administrator use to create a Tableau Server group or project? (Choose three.)

- A. tabcmd
- B. REST API
- C. tsm customize
- D. Tableau Server browser interface

**Answer: A,B,D**

Explanation:

Tableau Server provides multiple methods to create groups (collections of users) and projects (content containers), catering to UI, CLI, and programmatic needs. Let's dissect each option with depth:

\* Option B (Tableau Server browser interface): Correct.

\* Groups: Go to Users > Groups > Add Group, name it, and optionally sync with Active Directory.

\* Projects: Go to Content > Projects > New Project, set name, description, and permissions.

\* Details: The web UI is intuitive, requiring server/site administrator rights. It's ideal for manual, ad-hoc creation with immediate visibility.

\* Permissions: For projects, you can set default permissions or lock them here.

\* Option C (tabcmd): Correct.

\* Groups: `tabcmd creategroup "GroupName"` creates a local group. Add users with `tabcmd addusers "GroupName" --users "user1,user2"`.

\* Projects: `tabcmd createproject -n "ProjectName" -d "Description"` creates a project.

\* Details: `tabcmd` is a command-line tool for batch operations or scripting (e.g., automating group/project setup). It requires a server admin login (`tabcmd login`).

\* Limitation: No AD sync via `tabcmd`-that's UI or REST API territory.

\* Option D (REST API): Correct.

\* Groups: Use the `POST /api/api-version/sites/site-id/groups` endpoint with a payload (e.g., `{"group": {"name": "GroupName"}}`). Supports AD import too.

\* Projects: Use `POST /api/api-version/sites/site-id/projects` (e.g., `{"project": {"name": "ProjectName", "description": "Desc"}}`).

\* Details: The REST API is programmatic, ideal for integration with external systems or bulk automation. Requires authentication via a token and server/site admin rights.

\* Power: Offers full control, including nested projects and custom permissions.

\* Option A (tsm customize): Incorrect.

\* Purpose: `tsm customize` modifies TSM UI branding (e.g., logos, colors) via commands like `tsm customize --logo "path/to/logo.png"`.

\* Why Wrong: It's unrelated to creating groups or projects-it's for cosmetic server configuration, not content/user management. Why This Matters: Offering UI, CLI, and API options ensures flexibility-manual for small tasks, automation for scale-critical in enterprise deployments.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Manage Groups" ([https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/groups\\_create.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/groups_create.htm)), "Manage Projects" ([https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/projects\\_create.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/projects_create.htm)), "tabcmd Commands" ([https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/tabcmd\\_cmd.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/tabcmd_cmd.htm)), "REST API Reference" ([https://help.tableau.com/current/api/rest\\_api/en-us/REST/rest\\_api\\_ref.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/api/rest_api/en-us/REST/rest_api_ref.htm)).

## NEW QUESTION # 11

To which site role can you associate the Viewer user-based license level?

- A. Explorer (can publish)
- B. Creator
- C. Explorer
- **D. Viewer**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Tableau Server uses a role-based licensing model with three primary license levels: Creator, Explorer, and Viewer. Each license level corresponds to specific site roles that define what users can do on the server.

Viewer License: This is the most restrictive license, allowing users to view and interact with published content (e.g., dashboards and visualizations) but not to create or publish new content.

Site Role: The Viewer license can only be associated with the Viewer site role. This role restricts users to viewing capabilities, aligning with the license's purpose.

Option A (Creator): Incorrect. The Creator license is for users who can create, edit, and publish content using Tableau Desktop and the web interface. It corresponds to the Creator site role, not Viewer.

Option B (Explorer (can publish)): Incorrect. This is a variation of the Explorer license, which allows users to edit and publish content within limits. It's more permissive than Viewer.

Option C (Viewer): Correct. The Viewer site role matches the Viewer license level perfectly.

Option D (Explorer): Incorrect. The Explorer license allows users to explore data and create content in the web interface, exceeding

the Viewer license's capabilities.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "User Site Roles and Licenses" ([https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/license\\_usage.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/license_usage.htm)).

### NEW QUESTION # 12

You need to ensure that Tableau Server requires the setup of a new administrator account the next time you attempt to log in. What should you do?

- A. Run the `tsm register` command
- B. Reinstall Tableau Server
- C. Run the `tsm reset` command
- D. Edit `tabsvc.yml`

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

To force Tableau Server to require the setup of a new administrator account (e.g., resetting the server to an initial setup state), the `tsm reset` command is the appropriate tool. This command resets Tableau Server's administrative configuration, including the TSM administrator account, while preserving content like workbooks and data sources.

Option B (Run the `tsm reset` command): Correct. Running `tsm reset` clears the current TSM administrator credentials and configuration settings. The next time you access TSM (e.g., via the web interface or CLI), it prompts you to set up a new administrator account, mimicking the initial setup process. Command: `tsm reset -- username <new-username> --password <new-password>`.

Option A (Edit `tabsvc.yml`): Incorrect. The `tabsvc.yml` file contains service configuration data, but manually editing it is not supported or recommended for resetting the administrator account. It could also corrupt the installation.

Option C (Run the `tsm register` command): Incorrect. The `tsm register` command is used to register Tableau Server with a new product key or identity store, not to reset the administrator account.

Option D (Reinstall Tableau Server): Incorrect. Reinstallation wipes the entire server, including content, and is overkill for this task. The `tsm reset` command achieves the goal without data loss.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "TSM Reset Command" ([https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/cli\\_reset.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/cli_reset.htm)).

### NEW QUESTION # 13

What should you use to set a preferred active repository?

- A. The TSM browser client's Configuration Topology page
- B. The TSM browser client's Maintenance page
- C. A `tsm configuration set` command
- D. A `tabcmd set` command

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Tableau Server uses a PostgreSQL database as its repository to store metadata, user information, and permissions. In a high-availability (HA) setup with multiple nodes, there are typically two repository instances: one active and one passive. The "preferred active repository" refers to designating which repository instance should take priority as the active one. This is managed through Tableau Services Manager (TSM).

The correct method to set the preferred active repository is by using the `tsm configuration set` command.

Specifically, you would use a command like:

`tsm configuration set -k postgresql.preferred_host -v <hostname>`

This command allows an administrator to specify the preferred host for the active repository, ensuring control over which node takes precedence in an HA environment.

Option B (`tabcmd set` command) is incorrect because `tabcmd` is a command-line utility primarily used for administrative tasks like managing users, groups, and content (e.g., publishing workbooks), not for configuring server topology or repository settings.

Option C (TSM browser client's Maintenance page) is incorrect because the Maintenance page in the TSM web interface is used for tasks like backups, restores, and cleanup, but it does not provide an option to set the preferred active repository.

Option D (TSM browser client's Configuration Topology page) is partially relevant since the Topology page displays the current configuration of services across nodes, including the repository. However, it does not allow direct modification of the preferred active repository; this must be done via the `tsm` command line.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Configure Tableau Server Repository" (<https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/repository.htm>) and "TSM Command Line Reference" ([https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/cli\\_configuration\\_set.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/cli_configuration_set.htm)).

#### NEW QUESTION # 14

You install Tableau Server on a server that has four processor cores. How many instances of each Tableau Server process are installed?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- **C. 2**
- D. 3

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Tableau Server's installer configures process instances based on hardware and deployment type (single-node vs. multi-node). For a single-node installation with 4 cores, we need to consider the default process topology

. Let's break this down exhaustively:

\* Key Processes:

\* Gateway: Handles incoming requests (1 instance).

\* Application Server (VizPortal): Manages UI and sessions (1 instance).

\* VizQL Server: Renders visualizations (2 instances).

\* Backgrounder: Runs extract refreshes, subscriptions (1 instance).

\* Data Server: Manages data connections (1 instance).

\* File Store: Stores extracts (1 instance).

\* Repository: Metadata database (1 instance, active).

\* Cluster Controller, Cache Server, etc.: Supporting processes (typically 1 each).

\* Default Configuration:

\* On a single-node install, Tableau sets 1 instance per process unless specified otherwise, except for VizQL, which defaults to 2.

\* The installer doesn't scale instances linearly with cores (e.g., 4 cores # 4 instances). Post-install, TSM can adjust this (e.g., tsm topology set-process), but the question asks for the installed default.

\* Minimum hardware (8 cores, 32 GB RAM) suggests higher defaults, but 4 cores still triggers a minimal setup.

\* Option B (1): Correct with Caveat.

\* Most processes (e.g., Backgrounder, Gateway, Data Server) default to 1 instance on install, regardless of 4 cores.

\* VizQL defaults to 2, but the question's phrasing ("each process") implies a general rule.

Historically (and per docs), 1 is the baseline for most, with VizQL as the exception.

\* Interpretation: Assuming "each" means the typical case, 1 fits most processes on a 4-core single- node setup.

\* Option A (2): Incorrect. Only VizQL defaults to 2; others don't.

\* Option C (8): Incorrect. Far exceeds defaults-8 cores might justify more, but not 4.

\* Option D (4): Incorrect. Not tied to core count by default; manual config would be needed.

Why This Matters: Understanding defaults aids capacity planning-4 cores is below production minimum (8), so performance tuning may be needed post-install.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Server Process Settings" (<https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/processes.htm>).

#### NEW QUESTION # 15

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