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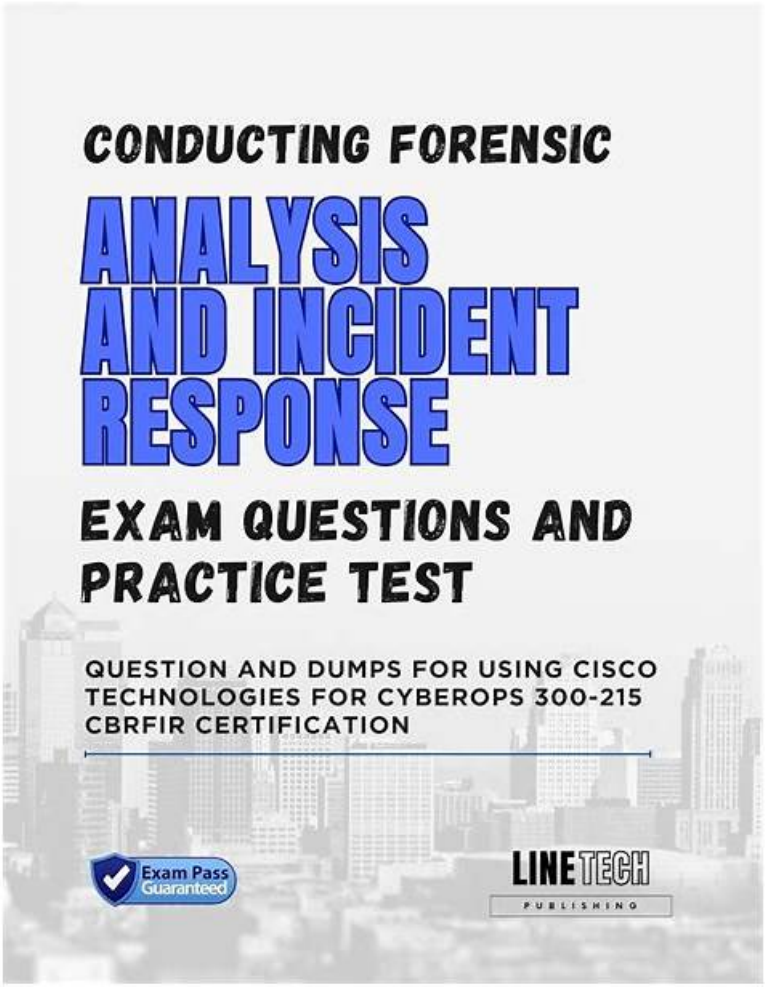

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Cisco Conducting Forensic Analysis & Incident Response Using Cisco Technologies for CyberOps Sample Questions (Q22-Q27):

NEW QUESTION # 22
An incident response team is recommending changes after analyzing a recent compromise in which:
* a large number of events and logs were involved;
* team members were not able to identify the anomalous behavior and escalate it in a timely manner;
* several network systems were affected as a result of the latency in detection;
* security engineers were able to mitigate the threat and bring systems back to a stable state; and
* the issue reoccurred shortly after and systems became unstable again because the correct information was not gathered during the initial identification phase.
Which two recommendations should be made for improving the incident response process? (Choose two.)

- A. Formalize reporting requirements and responsibilities to update management and internal stakeholders throughout the incident-handling process effectively.
- B. Modify the incident handling playbook and checklist to ensure alignment and agreement on roles, responsibilities, and steps before an incident occurs.
- C. Implement an automated operation to pull systems events/logs and bring them into an organizational context.
- D. Allocate additional resources for the containment phase to stabilize systems in a timely manner and reduce an attack's breadth.
- E. Improve the mitigation phase to ensure causes can be quickly identified, and systems returned to a functioning state.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:
The Cisco study material recommends integrating automation for log/event collection and contextual analysis to reduce detection delays and ensure rapid identification of anomalies. It also emphasizes the need for pre- defined roles and documented steps in anIncident Handling Playbook, following NIST SP 800-61 Rev.2 standards, to improve consistency and readiness during incidents.

NEW QUESTION # 23
Which two tools conduct network traffic analysis in the absence of a graphical user interface? (Choose two.)

- A. NetworkDebuggerPro
- B. TCPdump
- C. Network Extractor
- D. TCPshark
- E. Wireshark

Answer: B,D

Explanation:
* TCPdumpis a CLI-based packet capture tool that is widely used for real-time traffic inspection and analysis on Unix/Linux systems.
* TCPsharkis a variant CLI tool used similarly for packet analysis.
AlthoughWiresharkis a powerful network protocol analyzer, it requires a GUI. Therefore, it is not suitable for environments without a graphical interface.

NEW QUESTION # 24
During a routine inspection of system logs, a security analyst notices an entry where Microsoft Word initiated a PowerShell command with encoded arguments. Given that the user's role does not involve scripting or advanced document processing, which

action should the analyst take to analyze this output for potential indicators of compromise?

- A. Validate the frequency of PowerShell usage across all hosts to establish a baseline.
- B. Monitor the Microsoft Word startup times to ensure they align with business hours.
- C. Review the encoded PowerShell arguments to decode and determine the intent of the script.
- D. Confirm that the Microsoft Word license is valid and the application is updated to the latest version.

Answer: C

Explanation:
According to theCyberOps Technologies (CBRFIR) 300-215 study guidecurriculum, when analyzing suspicious behavior-especially when scripts or shell commands are executed from applications like Word (which is uncommon)-the encoded PowerShell payload must be decoded to determine if malicious intent is present. Deobfuscation is a critical step in identifying command-and-control behavior, persistence, or malware execution paths.
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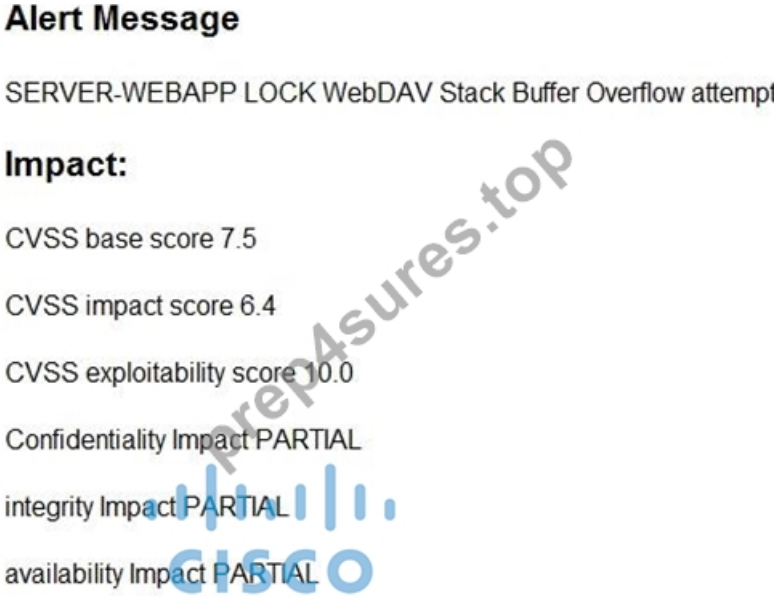
NEW QUESTION # 25
Refer to the exhibit.



After a cyber attack, an engineer is analyzing an alert that was missed on the intrusion detection system. The attack exploited a vulnerability in a business-critical, web-based application and violated its availability.
Which two mitigation techniques should the engineer recommend? (Choose two.)

- A. NOP sled technique
- B. data execution prevention
- C. address space randomization
- D. heap-based security
- E. encapsulation

Answer: B,C

Explanation:
The alert indicates aWebDAV Stack Buffer Overflow, which is amemory corruptionattack targeting the stack, a common vector forremote code executionordenial-of-service (DoS).
To mitigate such exploits, two effective system-hardening techniques are:
* C. Address Space Layout Randomization (ASLR):Randomizes memory addresses used by system and application processes, making it difficult for attackers to predict where their malicious code will be executed.
* E. Data Execution Prevention (DEP):Prevents execution of code from non-executable memory regions such as the stack, thus stopping buffer overflow attacks from successfully executing payloads.
Both are well-established protections against stack-based buffer overflow attacks and are strongly recommended in the Cisco CyberOps Associate guide and general security best practices.

NEW QUESTION # 26
Which tool is used for reverse engineering malware?

- A. Ghidra
- B. SNORT
- C. Wireshark
- D. NMAP

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 27
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