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The Cisco 300-535 exam assesses the candidates' knowledge and skills in the implementation of automated solutions. It should be noted that this test is associated with the CCNP Service Provider and Cisco Certified DevNet Professional certifications. It is all about automation and programming of Cisco service provider solutions and validates your expertise in working with Cisco products.

Cisco 300-535 Automating and Programming Cisco Collaboration Solutions (CLAUTO) certification exam is designed to test the candidate's knowledge and skills in using automation and programming techniques to design, implement, and troubleshoot Cisco Collaboration Solutions. 300-535 Exam is primarily intended for network engineers, software developers, and system administrators who are responsible for managing Cisco Collaboration infrastructure.

Cisco Automating and Programming Cisco Collaboration Solutions Sample Questions (Q39-Q44):

NEW QUESTION # 39

Refer to the exhibit. Which JSON-encoded string is an instance of the provided YANG model?

```

1 module measure {
2     namespace "http://temps.example.com";
3     prefix "ts";
4     import ietf-inet-types { prefix "inet"; }
5     container top {
6         list address {
7             key "seqno";
8             leaf seqno {
9                 type uint8;
10            }
11            leaf ip {
12                type inet:ip-address;
13                mandatory "true";
14            }
15        }
16        container measurements {
17            typedef temperature {
18                type decimal64 {
19                    fraction-digits "2";
20                }
21            }
22            leaf min-temp {
23                type temperature;
24            }
25            leaf-list temp {
26                type temperature;
27                must ". >= ../min-temp";
28                min-elements "1";
29            }
30        }
31    }
32 }

```

```

{
  "top": {
    "address": [{ "seqno": 1, "ip": "10.0.10.1" },
                { "seqno": 2, "ip": "2001:db8::1" }],
    "temperature": {
      "min-temp": 20.0,
      "temp": [ "19.79", "32.04", "33.14" ]
    }
  }
}

```

- A.

```
{
  "top": {
    "address": [{ "seqno": 1 }]
  }
  "measurements": {
    "min-temp": 0,
    "temp": [ "22.18" ]
  }
}
```

- B.

```
{
  "top": {
    "address": [{ "seqno": 1, "ip": "10.0.10.1" },
      { "seqno": 2, "ip": "2001:db8::1" } ],
    "measurements": {
      "min-temp": 0,
      "temp": [ "19.79" ]
    }
  }
}
```

- C.

```
{
  "top": {
    "address": [{ "seqno": 1, "ip": "10.0.10.1" },
      { "seqno": 2, "ip": "2001:db8::1" } ],
    "measurements": {
      "temp": "19.79"
    }
  }
}
```

- D.

Answer: C

Explanation:

This JSON instance correctly maps to the YANG model:

- Both "seqno" and "ip" are present in the address list.
- The measurements container includes both the required min-temp and a temp list with at least one entry.
- All data types and structures conform to the model definition.

NEW QUESTION # 40

Refer to the exhibit.

```
pyang -f tree family.yang
```

```
module: family
```

```
  augment /ncs:services:
```

```
    +-----rw family* [father]
```

```
      +-----x check-sync
```

```
        | +-----w input
```

```
          | | +-----w outformat?
```

```
outformat4
```

```
          | | +-----w (depth)?
```

```
          | | +-----w (deep)
```

```
          | | +-----w deep?
```

```
empty
```

```
          | | +----- (shallow)
```

What is the significance of "*" before the "father" leaf that is shown in the pyang tree output?

- A. The node father is read-only in the family list.
- B. It is a node list in a leaf type node.
- C. The leaf father is read-write in the family list.
- D. The father leaf is a key in the family list type.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 41

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<employees>
  <employee>
    <id>1</id>
    <firstName>Jane</firstName>
    <firstName>Doe</lastName>
  </employee>
  <employee>
    <id>2</id>
    <firstName>Tim</firstName>
    <lastName>Public</lastName>
  </employee>
  <employee>
    <id>3</id>
    <firstName>John</firstName>
    <lastName>Doe</latName>
  </employee>
</employees>
```

Refer to the exhibit. Using the provided XML snippet, which Xpath expression prints "Jane"?

- A. //employee[1]/firstName/text()
- B. //employee[0]/firstName/text()
- C. //employee[0]/firstName/value()
- D. //employee[1]/firstName/value()

Answer: B

Explanation:

Section: 3.0 Network Device Programmability

NEW QUESTION # 42

Refer to the exhibit. Which JSON output is a valid instantiation of the YANG model?

```
module: Cisco-IOS-XR-telemetry-model-driven-cfg
  x--rw telemetry-model-driven
    +--rw sensor-groups
      +--rw sensor-group* [sensor-group-identifier]
        +--rw sensor-paths
          |   +--rw sensor-path* [telemetry-sensor-path]
          |   +--rw telemetry-sensor-path string
        +--rw sensor-group-identifier xr:Cisco-ios-xr-string
```

```
{
  "Cisco-IOS-XR-telemetry-model-drive-cfg:telemetry-model-driven": {
    "sensor-groups": {
      "sensor-group": [{
        "sensor-group-identifier": "Interface-Counters",
        "sensor-paths": {
          "sensor-path": [
            {
              "telemetry-sensor-path": "openconfig-interfaces:interfaces",
              "telemetry-sensor-path": "openconfig-platform:components"
            }
          ]
        }
      }]
    }
  }
}
```

- A.

- B.

```
(
  "Cisco-IOS-XR-telemetry-model-drive-cfg:telemetry-model-driven": (
    "sensor-groups": (
      "sensor-group": [(
        "sensor-paths": (
          "sensor-path": [
            ("telemetry-sensor-path": "openconfig-interfaces:interfaces"),
            ("telemetry-sensor-path": "openconfig-platform:components"),
          ]
        ),
        "sensor-group-identifier": "Interface-Counters",
      )]
    )
  )
)
```

- C.

```
{
  "Cisco-IOS-XR-telemetry-model-drive-cfg:telemetry-model-driven": {
    "sensor-groups": {
      "sensor-group-identifier": "Interface-Counters",
      "sensor-paths": {
        {"telemetry-sensor-path": "openconfig-interfaces:interfaces"},
        {"telemetry-sensor-path": "openconfig-platform:components"},
      }
    }
  }
}
```

- D.

```
(
  "Cisco-IOS-XR-telemetry-model-drive-cfg:telemetry-model-driven": (
    "sensor-groups": (
      "sensor-group": [(
        "sensor-group-identifier": "Interface-Counters",
        "sensor-paths": (
          "sensor-path": [
            ("telemetry-sensor-path": "openconfig-interfaces:interfaces"),
            ("telemetry-sensor-path": "openconfig-platform:components"),
          ]
        )
      )]
    )
  )
)
```

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 43

Drag and Drop Question

A developer is writing code that configures host routes on a router. Drag and drop the ncclient methods from the bottom onto the boxes in the code to create the desired script. Not all options are used.

```

1 hosts = ['192.168.1.1', '192.168.2.1']
2 template = load_template('static_route')
3
4 client = manager.connect(**conn_params)
5 try:
6     for host in hosts:
7         data = template.format(host)
8
9         client. (target='candidate', config=data)
10
11     client. ()
12 finally:
13     client. ()

```

commit

edit_config

send_config

kill_session

close_session

prepare_config

merge_config

Answer:

Explanation:

```

1 hosts = ['192.168.1.1', '192.168.2.1']
2 template = load_template('static_route')
3
4 client = manager.connect(**conn_params)
5 try:
6     for host in hosts:
7         data = template.format(host)
8
9         client. edit_config (target='candidate', config=data)
10
11     client. commit ()
12 finally:
13     client. close_session ()

```

send_config

kill_session

prepare_config

merge_config

Explanation:

```

client = manager.connect(**conn_params)
try:
    for host in hosts:
        data = template.format(host)
        client.edit_config(target='candidate', config=data)
        client.commit()
finally:
    client.close_session()

```

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