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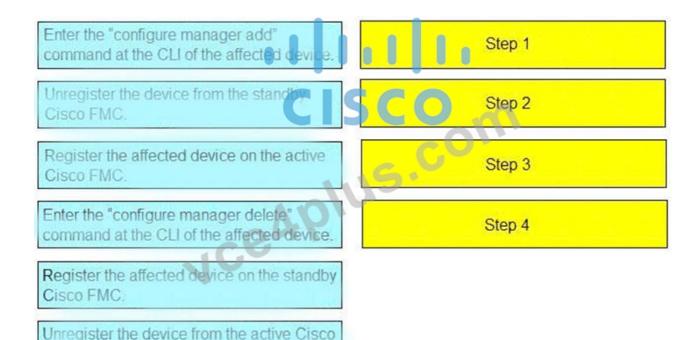
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Cisco 300-710 Certification Exam is a highly valuable certification for IT professionals who want to demonstrate their expertise in securing networks with Cisco Firepower. Securing Networks with Cisco Firepower certification validates the knowledge and skills required to mitigate the latest security threats and protect network infrastructure. To pass the exam, candidates must have a solid understanding of network security concepts, threat defense technologies, and Firepower management and configuration.

Cisco Securing Networks with Cisco Firepower Sample Questions (Q291-Q296):

NEW QUESTION # 291
Drag and drop the steps to restore an automatic device registration failure on the standby Cisco FMC from the left into the correct order on the right. Not all options are used.

Enter the "configure manager add" command at the CLI of the affected device.	Step 1
Unregister the device from the standby Cisco FMC.	Step 2
Register the affected device on the active Cisco FMC.	Step 3
Enter the "configure manager delete" command at the CLI of the affected device.	Step 4

Register the affected device on the standby Cisco FMC.
Unregister the device from the active Cisco FMC.

Answer:

Explanation:

Enter the "configure manager add" command at the CLI of the affected device.	Unregister the device from the standby Cisco FMC.
Unregister the device from the standby Cisco FMC.	Enter the "configure manager delete" command at the CLI of the affected device.
Register the affected device on the active Cisco FMC.	Enter the "configure manager add" command at the CLI of the affected device.
Enter the "configure manager delete" command at the CLI of the affected device.	Register the affected device on the active Cisco FMC.
Register the affected device on the standby Cisco FMC.	
Unregister the device from the active Cisco FMC.	

Explanation

Unregister the device from the active Cisco FMC.
Enter the "configure manager delete" command at the CLI of the affected device.
Enter the "configure manager add" command at the CLI of the affected device.
Register the affected device on the active Cisco FMC.

Explanation

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/620/configuration/guide/fpmc-config- guide-

NEW QUESTION # 292
What must be implemented on Cisco Firepower to allow multiple logical devices on a single physical device to have access to external hosts?

- A. Set up a cluster control link between all logical devices
- B. Add at least two container instances from the same module.
- C. Define VLAN subinterfaces for each logical device.
- D. Add one shared management interface on all logical devices.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 293
Which Cisco Firepower rule action displays an HTTP warning page?

- A. Allow with Warning
- B. Interactive Block
- C. Block
- D. Monitor

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firesight/541/user-guide/FireSIGHT-System-UserGuide-v5401/AC-Rules-Tuning-Overview.html#76698

NEW QUESTION # 294
A network administrator must create an EtherChannel Interface on a new Cisco Firepower 9300 appliance registered with an FMC tor high availability. Where must the administrator create the EtherChannel interface?

- A. FXOS CLI
- B. FTD CLI
- C. FMC GUI
- D. FMC CLI

Answer: A

Explanation:
Explanation
An EtherChannel interface is a logical interface that consists of a bundle of individual Ethernet links that act as a single network link. An EtherChannel interface can increase the bandwidth and reliability of a network connection5.
On a Cisco Firepower 9300 appliance registered with an FMC for high availability, the network administrator must create the EtherChannel interface on the FXOS CLI. The FXOS is the operating system that runs on the Firepower 9300 chassis and provides hardware management functions such as interface configuration, power supply status, fan speed control, and so on6.
To create an EtherChannel interface on the FXOS CLI, the network administrator can follow these steps5:
Connect to the FXOS CLI using SSH or console.
Enter scope eth-uplink command to enter Ethernet uplink mode.
Enter create port-channel command to create an EtherChannel interface.
Enter a port-channel ID (1-48) and a mode (on or active) for the EtherChannel interface.
Enter add interface command to add physical interfaces to the EtherChannel interface.
Enter one or more interface IDs (for example, 1/1) for the physical interfaces.
Enter commit-buffer command to save the changes.
The other options are incorrect because:
The FMC CLI does not provide any commands to create an EtherChannel interface on a Firepower 9300 appliance. The FMC CLI is mainly used for managing FMC settings such as backup, restore, upgrade, troubleshoot, and so on7.
The FTD CLI does not provide any commands to create an EtherChannel interface on a Firepower 9300 appliance. The FTD CLI is mainly used for managing FTD settings such as routing, NAT, VPN, access control, and so on8.

The FMC GUI does not provide any options to create an EtherChannel interface on a Firepower 9300 appliance. The FMC GUI is mainly used for managing FTD policies such as access control, intrusion, file, malware, and so on9.

NEW QUESTION # 295
An organization is using a Cisco FTD and Cisco ISE to perform identity-based access controls. A network administrator is analyzing the Cisco FTD events and notices that unknown user traffic is being allowed through the firewall. How should this be addressed to block the traffic while allowing legitimate user traffic?

- A. Modify Cisco ISE to send only legitimate usernames to the Cisco FTD.
- B. Add the unknown user in the Malware & File Policy in Cisco FTD.
- C. Add the unknown user in the Access Control Policy in Cisco FTD.
- D. Modify the Cisco ISE authorization policy to deny this access to the user.

Answer: C

Explanation:
Reference:
https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/640/fdm/fptd-fdm-config-guide-640/fptd-fdm-identity

NEW QUESTION # 296
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