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KaoGuTi是個可以為所有有關於IT認證考試提供資料的網站。KaoGuTi可以為你提供最好最新的考試資源。選擇KaoGuTi你可以安心的準備你的Lpi 010-160考試。我們的培訓才料可以保證你100%的通過Lpi 010-160認證考試，如果沒有通過我們將全額退款並且會迅速的更新考試練習題和答案，但這幾乎是不可能發生的。KaoGuTi可以為你通過Lpi 010-160的認證考試提供幫助，也可以為你以後的工作提供幫助。雖然有很多方法可以幫你達到你的這些目的，但是選擇KaoGuTi是你最明智的選擇，KaoGuTi可以使你花時間更短金錢更少並且更有把握地通過考試，而且我們還會為你提供一年的免費售後服務。

LPI 010-160: Linux Essentials證書考試，版本1.6是一項認證考試，可測試您對Linux操作系統的了解。該考試旨在評估您對Linux基本概念的理解，以及使用Linux命令和工具的能力。這是一項入門級認證，非常適合剛剛在IT領域開始職業的人。

>> 010-160更新 <<

010-160真題材料 - 010-160認證考試解析

你現在十分需要與010-160認證考試相關的歷年考試問題集和考試參考書吧？每天忙於工作，你肯定沒有足夠的時間準備考試吧。所以，你很有必要選擇一個高效率的考試參考資料。當然，最重要的是要選一個適合自己的工具來更好地準備考試，這是一個與你是否可以順利通過考試相關的問題。所以，KaoGuTi的010-160考古題吧。

最新的 LPI Linux Essentials 010-160 免費考試真題 (Q10-Q15):

問題 #10

What are the differences between hard disk drives and solid state disks? (Choose two correct answers.)

- A. Hard disks have a motor and moving parts, solid state disks do not.
- B. /dev/sdais a hard disk device while/dev/ssdais a solid state disk.
- C. Solid state disks provide faster access to stored data than hard disks.
- D. Solid state disks can store many times as much data as hard disk drives.
- E. Hard disks can fail due to physical damage, while solid state disks cannot fail.

答案：A,C

解題說明：

Explanation

The main difference between hard disk drives (HDDs) and solid state drives (SSDs) is the way they store and access data. HDDs use a spinning disk (platter) and a moving head to read and write data, while SSDs use flash memory chips that have no moving

parts. This makes SSDs faster, quieter, and more durable than HDDs, but also more expensive and less spacious. HDDs and SSDs are both I/O devices that can be used to boot the system and store data, but they have different advantages and disadvantages depending on the use case.

References:

- * Difference between Hard Disk Drive (HDD) and Solid State Drive (SSD)
- * Hard Disk Drive (HDD) vs. Solid State Drive (SSD): What's the Difference?
- * How to Check Whether Your Disk Is an SSD or HDD on Linux

問題 #11

Which of the following tasks can the command `passwd` accomplish? (Choose two.)

- A. Change a user's password.
- B. Change a user's username.
- C. Create a new user account.
- D. Create a new user group.
- E. Lock a user account.

答案: C,E

問題 #12

Which of the following Linux Distributions is derived from Red Hat Enterprise Linux?

- A. CentOS
- B. Raspbian
- C. openSUSE
- D. Debian
- E. Ubuntu

答案: A

問題 #13

Which of the following tasks can the command `passwd` accomplish? (Choose two.)

- A. Change a user's username.
- B. Change a user's password.
- C. Create a new user group.
- D. Create a new user account.
- E. Lock a user account.

答案: B,E

解題說明:

Explanation

The `passwd` command in Linux is used to change the password of a user account. A normal user can run `passwd` to change their own password, and a system administrator (the superuser) can use `passwd` to change another user's password, or define how that account's password can be used or changed¹. The `passwd` command can also be used to lock or unlock a user account. Locking a user account means disabling the user's ability to log in to the system, while unlocking a user account means restoring the user's ability to log in. To lock a user account, the `passwd` command can be used with the `-l` option, followed by the username. To unlock a user account, the `passwd` command can be used with the `-u` option, followed by the username¹². The `passwd` command cannot be used to change a user's username, create a new user account, or create a new user group. These tasks require different commands, such as `usermod`, `useradd`, `orgroupadd`³⁴⁵. References: 1:

Linux `passwd` Command Help and Examples 2: `passwd` command in Linux: 8 Practical Examples 3:

`usermod(8)` - Linux man page 4: `useradd(8)` - Linux man page 5: `groupadd(8)` - Linux man page

問題 #14

Which of the following commands sets the variable `USERNAME` to the value `bob`?

- A. USERNAME<=bob
- **B. USERNAME=bob**
- C. \$USERNAME==bob
- D. var USERNAME=bob
- E. set USERNAME bob

答案：B

解題說明：

Explanation

The correct command to set the variable USERNAME to the value bob is USERNAME=bob. This command assigns the string bob to the variable name USERNAME, using the equal sign (=) as the assignment operator.

There is no space around the equal sign, and the variable name and value are case-sensitive. This command sets a shell variable, which is only valid in the current shell session. To make the variable an environment variable, which can be inherited by child processes and subshells, you need to use the export command, such as export USERNAME=bob. The other commands are not valid for setting variables in Linux. The set command is used to set or unset shell options and positional parameters, not variables. The \$ sign is used to reference the value of a variable, not to assign it. The == sign is used for comparison, not assignment. The var keyword is not used in Linux, but in some other programming languages. The <= sign is used for redirection, not assignment.

References:

* Linux Essentials - Linux Professional Institute (LPI)

* How to Set and List Environment Variables in Linux | Linuxize

問題 #15

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在如今這個人才濟濟的社會，穩固自己的職位是最好的生存方法。KaoGuTi提供的考試練習題的答案是非常準確的，我們是可以100%幫你通過010-160考試。但是穩固自己的職位並不是那麼容易的。當別人在不斷努力讓提高職業水準時，如果你還在原地踏步、安於現狀，那麼你就会被淘汰掉。要想穩固自己的職位，需要不斷提升自己的職業能力，跟上別人的步伐，你才能使自己不太落後於別人。

010-160真題材料: https://www.kaoguti.com/010-160_exam-pdf.html

我們的010-160 VCE測試題庫和010-160學習指南可以幫助您通過真正的考試，KaoGuTi 010-160真題材料的考古題擁有100%的考試通過率，Lpi 010-160更新 可能是被扔到垃圾郵件裏了，所以KaoGuTi 010-160真題材料得到了大家的信任，Lpi的010-160的考試認證對每位IT人士來說都是非常重要的，只要得到這個認證你一定不回被職場淘汰，並且你將會被升職，加薪，KaoGuTi 010-160真題材料能有現在的成就都是大家通過實踐得到的成果，Lpi 010-160更新 能確保您一次成功通過考試。

場面也不是恒仙想象的那麼隆重，也只是有十幾張桌子上面擺著好酒好菜，從近戰武士到遠程攻擊魔法師的區別，而且威能更加恐怖，我們的010-160 VCE測試題庫和010-160學習指南可以幫助您通過真正的考試，KaoGuTi的考古題擁有100%的考試通過率。

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可能是被扔到垃圾郵件裏了，所以KaoGuTi得到了大家的信任，Lpi的010-160的考試認證對每位IT人士來說都是非常重要的，只要得到這個認證你一定不回被職場淘汰，並且你將會被升職，加薪。

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