Comprehensive The Open Group OGEA-103 Exam Questions in PDF Format

The Open Group OGEA-103 exam is an essential certification for anyone working in the field of enterprise architecture. By achieving this certification, professionals can demonstrate their expertise in the TOGAF framework and enhance their career prospects. OGEA-103 exam is challenging, but with the right preparation and study, candidates can achieve success and become certified TOGAF professionals.

The Open Group TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

NEW QUESTION # 34
Complete the following sentence:
Presenting different_____ and_____ to stakeholders helps architects to extract hidden agendas principles and requirements that could impact the final Target Architecture

- A. Business Scenarios Business Models
- B. Alternatives Trade-offs
- C. Solutions Applications
- D. Architecture Views Architecture Viewpoints

Answer: B

Explanation:
Presenting different alternatives and trade-offs to stakeholders helps architects to extract hidden agendas principles and requirements that could impact the final Target Architecture. Alternatives are different ways of achieving a desired outcome, while trade-offs are compromises or sacrifices that must be made to choose one alternative over another. Reference: The TOGAF Standard | The Open Group Website, Section 3.3.1 Business Scenarios.

NEW QUESTION # 35
Complete the sentence Business Transformation Readiness Assessment is_____.

- A. a joint effort between corporate staff lines of business and IT planners
- B. widely used to validate an architecture that is being developed
- C. to ensure the active support of powerful stakeholders
- D. a way to put building blocks into context thereby supporting re-usable solutions

Answer: A

Explanation:
Business Transformation Readiness Assessment is a joint effort between corporate staff lines of business and IT planners to evaluate the readiness of the organization to undergo change. It involves assessing factors such as vision, commitment, capacity, capability, culture, and motivation that may influence the success of a business transformation initiative. Reference: The TOGAF Standard | The Open Group Website, Section 3.3.2 Business Transformation Readiness Assessment.

NEW QUESTION # 36
Which of the following are the four purposes that typically frame the planning horizon, depth and breadth of an Architecture Project, and the contents of the EA Repository-?

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The OGEA-103 exam is designed for individuals who want to demonstrate their knowledge and expertise in the field of enterprise architecture using the TOGAF framework. It is intended for those who have already completed the TOGAF Part 1 and Part 2 courses and are looking to obtain their certification in a more efficient manner. OGEA-103 exam covers all the topics from both Part 1 and Part 2 of the TOGAF certification, such as the ADM (Architecture Development Method), the TOGAF Reference Models, and the Architecture Content Framework.

The format of the OGEA-103 Exam is a closed-book, multiple-choice exam that lasts for four hours. OGEA-103 exam is split into

two sections, and the passing score for each section is 60%. OGEA-103 exam can be taken at authorized test centers or online. Upon passing the exam, individuals will receive their TOGAF Enterprise Architecture certification, which is globally recognized and highly regarded in the industry.

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The Open Group TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam Sample Questions (Q89-Q94):

NEW QUESTION # 89
Exhibit:
□
Consider the illustration. What are the items labelled A, B, and C?

- A. A-Enterprise Repository, B-Governance Repository, C-Board Repository
- B. A-Architecture Repository, B-Governing Board, C-Enterprise Capability
- C. A-Enterprise Repository, B-Board repository, C-Enterprise Capability
- D. A-Architecture Repository, B-Governance Repository, C-Architecture Capability

Answer: B

Explanation:
A-Architecture Repository: This is a part of the Architecture Metamodel that contains artifacts structured according to the metamodel. It includes the Architecture Landscape which is adopted by the enterprise and governed by certain standards and practices.
B-Governing Board: The Governing Board ensures visibility and escalation, meaning it oversees and manages the capability of the architecture landscape. It plays a crucial role in governance.
C-Enterprise Capability: This refers to how well an enterprise can execute its mission, meet business objectives or satisfy its stakeholders' needs and expectations. It's influenced by both internal factors (like resources, processes) and external ones (like market trends).
TOGAF Version 9.1, Chapter 34: 1

NEW QUESTION # 90
What is an objective of the ADM Preliminary Phase?

- A. To select and implement tools to support the Architecture Capability
- B. To create the initial version of the Architecture Roadmap
- C. To develop a vision of the business value to be delivered by the proposed enterprise architecture
- D. To obtain approval for the Statement of Architecture Work

Answer: A

Explanation:
The Preliminary Phase is the preparatory phase of the Architecture Development Method (ADM) cycle, which sets the context and direction for the architecture work. One of the objectives of this phase is to select and implement tools to support the Architecture Capability, which is the ability of an organization to perform enterprise architecture effectively and efficiently. Tools can include software applications, methods, techniques, standards, and frameworks that assist the architecture development and governance processes. The selection and implementation of tools should be based on the requirements and constraints of the organization, and the alignment with the Architecture Principles and the Architecture Vision3

NEW QUESTION # 91

Consider the following statements:

1. Each contracted party is required to act responsibly to the organization and its stakeholders.
2. All decisions taken, processes used, and their implementation will not be allowed to create unfair advantage to any one particular party.
3. Digital Transformation and operations will be more effective and efficient.
4. Strategic decision-making by C-Level executives and business leaders will be more effective.

Which statements highlight the value and necessity for Architecture Governance to be adopted within organizations?

- A. 3 & 4
- B. 2 & 3
- C. 1 & 2
- D. 1 & 4

Answer: C

Explanation:
Explanation
Architecture governance is the practice of ensuring compliance with the enterprise architecture and its principles, standards, and goals. Architecture governance provides the means to establish, monitor, and control the architecture development and implementation processes, and to resolve any issues or conflicts that may arise. Architecture governance also ensures that all stakeholders are represented and involved in the decision-making process, and that their interests and concerns are balanced and aligned. Statements 1 and 2 highlight the value and necessity for architecture governance to be adopted within organizations, as they emphasize the importance of responsibility, accountability, fairness, and transparency in the architectural activities. Statements 3 and 4 are more related to the benefits and outcomes of having a good enterprise architecture, rather than the governance aspect.References: : The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Part VI:
Architecture Capability Framework, Chapter 50: Architecture Governance : The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Part III: ADM Guidelines and Techniques, Chapter 29: Architecture Governance

NEW QUESTION # 92

Which of the following best describes the purpose of the Gap Analysis technique?

- A. To govern the architecture throughout its implementation process
- B. To develop a set of general rules and guidelines for the architecture
- C. To allocate resources for architecture projects
- D. To identify items omitted from the Target Architecture

Answer: D

Explanation:
The purpose of the Gap Analysis technique is similar to the previous question, but with a focus on the Target Architecture. The technique helps to identify the items that are not included or specified in the Target Architecture, such as capabilities, services, components, standards, or technologies. These items may be essential for achieving the vision and goals of the enterprise, or for addressing the stakeholder concerns and requirements. By identifying the items omitted from the Target Architecture, the technique helps to ensure that the architecture is comprehensive, feasible, and realistic.

NEW QUESTION # 93

Full Scenario
You are employed as an Enterprise Architect within the Enterprise Architecture (EA) team at a clinical research and health technologies company. The company has multiple divisions. Your team works within the healthcare division.
The healthcare division is always creating new products and needs to show the effectiveness and safety of the products. This happens in a set of clinical trials that satisfy the legal requirements of the relevant health authorities. The clinical trials are undertaken by the division's research laboratories at multiple facilities worldwide. At any time, there are many clinical trials happening. In addition to internal research and development activities, the healthcare division is also involved in publicly funded research projects with industrial and academic partners.
Your team is working on an architecture project to develop a secure system that will allow the healthcare researchers to share information more easily about their clinical trials. It will make working together easier across the organization. This system will also allow secured collaboration with external partners.
The EA team uses the TOGAF Architecture Development Method with adaptations required to support healthcare production

methods and laboratory procedures. Due to the highly sensitive nature of the information that is managed, special care has been taken to ensure that each architecture domain considers the privacy and safety concerns.

The EA team has been instructed to minimize disruptions to the trials and to gradually introduce the new system.

The company has an established EA practice and has adopted the TOGAF standard for use in its architecture work. The EA practice is federated, which allows some interoperability and information sharing between the divisions yet permits partially independent activity. The Vice President of the healthcare division is the sponsor of the Enterprise Architecture activity for your EA team.

As part of introducing the new system, how would you go about breaking down the project into work packages?

Based on the TOGAF standard which of the following is the best answer?

- A. Identify Solution Building Blocks needing development or procurement, eliminate duplicates, group with CRUD matrices, rank work packages, select cost-effective options, and schedule rollouts in Transition Architectures.
- B. Use Solution Building Blocks from a Consolidated Gaps, Solutions, and Dependencies Matrix and group into work packages, sequence them, and document rollout using a Transition Architecture State Evolution Table.
- C. Create an Implementation Factor Catalog to indicate actions and constraints. Draw up a matrix with architecture domains and gaps. For each gap, classify solutions as new development, purchased, or existing product. Group similar activities into work packages, identify dependencies, and regroup them into Capability Increments scheduled across Transition Architectures.
- D. Use a Consolidated Gaps, Solutions, and Dependencies Matrix as a planning tool; classify solutions, group similar ones, and regroup into Capability Increments documented in an Architecture Definition Increments Table.

Answer: C

Explanation:

In TOGAF, the process of breaking down an initiative into work packages must be grounded in a structured evaluation of gaps, solutions, dependencies, constraints, and implementation factors. Option B precisely follows this guidance. It begins by producing an Implementation Factor Catalog, which is a TOGAF artifact used to record business, technical, regulatory, organizational, and risk considerations that influence implementation. This is especially relevant in the scenario because clinical trials operate under strict regulatory controls, highly sensitive data, and complex coordination across multiple research sites.

Next, Option B calls for creating a gap matrix comparing baseline and target architectures across domains. For each gap, TOGAF requires classification of solution approaches: new development, purchased solution, or reuse of existing components. This aligns directly with the Solutions Continuum and the practice of forming Solution Building Blocks. Grouping similar activities into work packages is also textbook ADM practice, ensuring traceability from architecture gaps into actionable implementation components.

Furthermore, Option B incorporates dependencies analysis and restructures work packages into Capability Increments, which is the TOGAF-recommended method for incremental delivery and Transition Architectures. This matches the scenario's requirement for gradual rollout to minimize disruption to ongoing clinical trials.

Thus, Option B fully reflects the TOGAF standard for structured work package definition.

NEW QUESTION # 94

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