

# EC-COUNCIL 312-38 Dumps-Ensure your Brilliant Success In Exam



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## New EC-COUNCIL 312-38 Test Test & Exam 312-38 Revision Plan

The 312-38 mock exam setup can be configured to a particular style and arrive at unique questions. Pass4Test 312-38 practice exam software went through real-world testing with feedback from more than 90,000 global professionals before reaching its latest form. Our EC-COUNCIL 312-38 Practice Test software is suitable for computer users with a Windows operating system. Pass4Test EC-COUNCIL 312-38 practice exam support team cooperates with users to tie up any issues with the correct equipment.

## EC-COUNCIL EC-Council Certified Network Defender CND Sample Questions (Q410-Q415):

### NEW QUESTION # 410

FILL BLANK

Fill in the blank with the appropriate term. The \_\_\_\_\_ layer establishes, manages, and terminates the connections between the local and remote application.

**Answer:**

Explanation:

session

Explanation:

The session layer of the OSI/RM controls the dialogues (connections) between computers. It establishes, manages and terminates the connections between the local and remote application. It provides for full-duplex, half-duplex, or simplex operation, and establishes checkpointing, adjournment, termination, and restart procedures. The OSI model made this layer responsible for graceful close of sessions, which is a property of the Transmission Control Protocol, and also for session check pointing and recovery, which is not usually used in the Internet Protocol Suite. The Session Layer is commonly implemented explicitly in application environments that use remote procedure calls.

### NEW QUESTION # 411

Alice wants to prove her identity to Bob. Bob requests her password as proof of identity, which Alice dutifully provides (possibly after some transformation like a hash function); meanwhile, Eve is eavesdropping the conversation and keeps the password. After the interchange is over, Eve connects to Bob posing as Alice; when asked for a proof of identity, Eve sends Alice's password read from the last session, which Bob accepts.

Which of the following attacks is being used by Eve?

- A. Fire walking
- B. Session fixation
- C. Cross site scripting
- **D. Replay**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Eve is using Replay attack. A replay attack is a type of attack in which attackers capture packets containing passwords or digital signatures whenever packets pass between two hosts on a network. In an attempt to obtain an authenticated connection, the attackers then resend the captured packet to the system. In this type of attack, the attacker does not know the actual password, but can simply replay the captured packet. Session tokens can be used to avoid replay attacks. Bob sends a one-time token to Alice, which Alice uses to transform the password and send the result to Bob (e.g. computing a hash function of the session token appended to the password). On his side Bob performs the same computation; if and only if both values match, the login is successful. Now suppose Mallory has captured this value and tries to use it on another session; Bob sends a different session token,

and when Mallory replies with the captured value it will be different from Bob's computation.

Answer option C is incorrect. In the cross site scripting attack, an attacker tricks the user's computer into running code, which is treated as trustworthy because it appears to belong to the server, allowing the attacker to obtain a copy of the cookie or perform other operations.

Answer option B is incorrect. Firewalking is a technique for gathering information about a remote network protected by a firewall. This technique can be used effectively to perform information gathering attacks. In this technique, an attacker sends a crafted packet with a TTL value that is set to expire one hop past the firewall.

Answer option D is incorrect. In session fixation, an attacker sets a user's session id to one known to him, for example by sending the user an email with a link that contains a particular session id. The attacker now only has to wait until the user logs in.

#### NEW QUESTION # 412

Identify the attack where an attacker manipulates or tricks people into revealing their confidential details like bank account information, credit card details, etc.?

- A. ICMP Scanning
- B. Port Scanning
- C. Social Engineering Attacks
- D. DNS Footprinting

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The attack described in the question is a Social Engineering Attack. This type of attack involves manipulating or deceiving people into divulging confidential information such as bank account details, credit card numbers, and other sensitive data. Social engineering attacks exploit human psychology rather than technical hacking techniques to gain access to systems, networks, or physical locations, or for financial gain. Attackers may use various tactics such as phishing, pretexting, baiting, or tailgating to trick individuals into providing the information they seek.

References:

- \* Understanding and Preventing Social Engineering Attacks - EC-Council1.
- \* Certified Network Defender (CND) Course Outline - EC-Council2.
- \* Certified Network Defender - EC-Council3.

#### NEW QUESTION # 413

A company wants to implement a data backup method which allows them to encrypt the data ensuring its security as well as access at any time and from any location. What is the appropriate backup method that should be implemented?

- A. Onsite backup
- B. Cloud backup
- C. Hot site backup
- D. Offsite backup

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

The most appropriate backup method for a company that wants to ensure data encryption and accessibility from any location at any time is cloud backup. Cloud backup solutions provide remote, offsite storage that can be accessed over the internet, which is ideal for ensuring data availability and security. These solutions often include robust encryption protocols to secure data during transfer and while at rest on the cloud servers. This aligns with the need for a backup method that not only encrypts data but also allows for easy access regardless of the user's location.

References: The explanation is based on standard practices in data backup and security, which are consistent with the objectives and documentation of the Certified Network Defender (CND) course. Cloud backup is widely recognized for its encryption capabilities and remote accessibility, making it a suitable choice for companies looking to secure their data backups.

#### NEW QUESTION # 414

Michelle is a network security administrator working at a multinational company. She wants to provide secure access to corporate data (documents, spreadsheets, email, schedules, presentations, and other enterprise data) on mobile devices across organizations networks without being slowed down and also wants to enable easy and secure sharing of information between devices within an

- C. MDM
- D. MCM

- Answer: C**

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