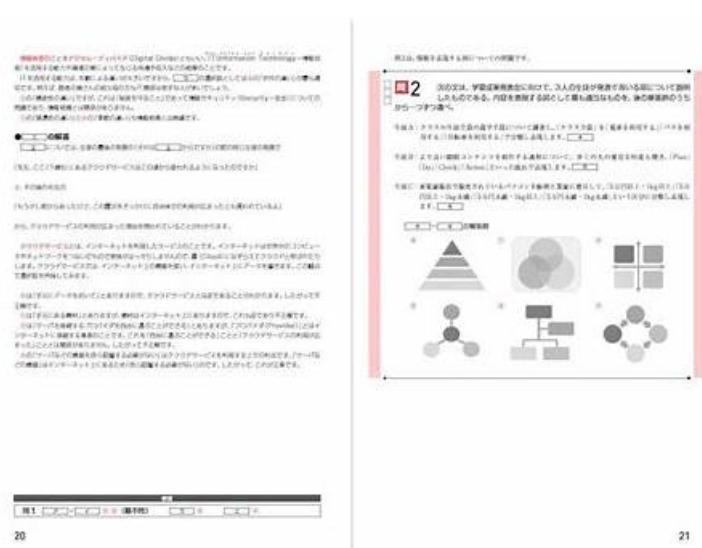


CT-AI受験練習参考書、CT-AIテストサンプル問題



ちなみに、Fast2test CT-AIの一部をクラウドストレージからダウンロードできます: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1ohE8UBkcNAd3GJM3z-uJl8fqTEW49t80>

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>> CT-AI受験練習参考書 <<

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ISTQB CT-AI認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Test Environments for AI-Based Systems: This section is about factors that differentiate the test environments for AI-based
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Testing AI-Specific Quality Characteristics: In this section, the topics covered are about the challenges in testing created by the self-learning of AI-based systems.
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">systems from those required for conventional systems.

トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction to AI: This exam section covers topics such as the AI effect and how it influences the definition of AI. It covers how to distinguish between narrow AI, general AI, and super AI; moreover, the topics covered include describing how standards apply to AI-based systems.
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ML Functional Performance Metrics: In this section, the topics covered include how to calculate the ML functional performance metrics from a given set of confusion matrices.
トピック 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Methods and Techniques for the Testing of AI-Based Systems: In this section, the focus is on explaining how the testing of ML systems can help prevent adversarial attacks and data poisoning.
トピック 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Neural Networks and Testing: This section of the exam covers defining the structure and function of a neural network including a DNN and the different coverage measures for neural networks.

ISTQB Certified Tester AI Testing Exam 認定 CT-AI 試験問題 (Q21-Q26):

質問 #21

Which of the following neural network coverage criteria can be adapted for its application?

Choose ONE option (1 out of 4)

- A. Sign-Sign coverage
- B. Threshold coverage**
- C. Sign-Change coverage
- D. Neuron coverage

正解: **B**

解説:

Section 4.2 - Test Coverage Criteria for AI Models of the ISTQB CT-AI syllabus describes neural network- specific coverage methods. Among the techniques, threshold coverage is explicitly noted as adaptable, meaning testers may choose different thresholds to determine whether neuron activation is considered

"covered." This flexibility makes threshold coverage adjustable to the model architecture, problem domain, and required test thoroughness.

Options A and B (Sign-Sign and Sign-Change coverage) are more rigid structural criteria and are not described as adaptable within the syllabus. They focus on sign patterns of neuron activations and do not allow altering thresholds. Option D, neuron coverage, measures the proportion of neurons activated at least once.

Although simple, it is not defined as an adaptable criterion. Its limitations are documented: it provides shallow insight and too easily achieves high coverage.

Only threshold coverage allows testers to adjust activation thresholds for more refined coverage measurement, making Option C the correct choice.

質問 #22

Which ONE of the following tests is MOST likely to describe a useful test to help detect different kinds of biases in ML pipeline?
SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. Testing the distribution shift in the training data for inappropriate bias.
- B. Check the input test data for potential sample bias.
- C. Testing the data pipeline for any sources for algorithmic bias.
- D. Test the model during model evaluation for data bias.**

正解: **D**

解説:

Detecting biases in the ML pipeline involves various tests to ensure fairness and accuracy throughout the ML process.

* Testing the distribution shift in the training data for inappropriate bias (A): This involves checking if there is any shift in the data distribution that could lead to bias in the model. It is an important test but not the most direct method for detecting biases.

* Test the model during model evaluation for data bias (B): This is a critical stage where the model is evaluated to detect any biases in the data it was trained on. It directly addresses potential data biases in the model.

* Testing the data pipeline for any sources for algorithmic bias (C): This test is crucial as it helps identify biases that may originate

from the data processing and transformation stages within the pipeline. Detecting sources of algorithmic bias ensures that the model does not inherit biases from these processes.

* Check the input test data for potential sample bias (D): While this is an important step, it focuses more on the input data and less on the overall data pipeline.

Hence, the most likely useful test to help detect different kinds of biases in the ML pipeline is B. Test the model during model evaluation for data bias.

:

ISTQB CT-AI Syllabus Section 8.3 on Testing for Algorithmic, Sample, and Inappropriate Bias discusses various tests that can be performed to detect biases at different stages of the ML pipeline.

Sample Exam Questions document, Question #32 highlights the importance of evaluating the model for biases.

質問 #23

Which ONE of the following options is the MOST APPROPRIATE stage of the ML workflow to set model and algorithm hyperparameters?

SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. Deploying the model
- B. Data testing
- C. Evaluating the model
- D. Tuning the model

正解: D

解説:

Setting model and algorithm hyperparameters is an essential step in the machine learning workflow, primarily occurring during the tuning phase.

Evaluating the model (A): This stage involves assessing the model's performance using metrics and does not typically include the setting of hyperparameters.

Deploying the model (B): Deployment is the stage where the model is put into production and used in real-world applications. Hyperparameters should already be set before this stage.

Tuning the model (C): This is the correct stage where hyperparameters are set. Tuning involves adjusting the hyperparameters to optimize the model's performance.

Data testing (D): Data testing involves ensuring the quality and integrity of the data used for training and testing the model. It does not include setting hyperparameters.

Hence, the most appropriate stage of the ML workflow to set model and algorithm hyperparameters is C. Tuning the model.

Reference:

ISTQB CT-AI Syllabus Section 3.2 on the ML Workflow outlines the different stages of the ML process, including the tuning phase where hyperparameters are set.

Sample Exam Questions document, Question #31 specifically addresses the stage in the ML workflow where hyperparameters are configured.

質問 #24

"BioSearch" is creating an AI model used for predicting cancer occurrence via examining X-Ray images. The accuracy of the model in isolation has been found to be good. However, the users of the model started complaining of the poor quality of results, especially inability to detect real cancer cases, when put to practice in the diagnosis lab, leading to stopping of the usage of the model.

A testing expert was called in to find the deficiencies in the test planning which led to the above scenario.

Which ONE of the following options would you expect to MOST likely be the reason to be discovered by the test expert?

SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. A lack of similarity between the training and testing data.
- B. A lack of focus on non-functional requirements testing.
- C. A lack of focus on choosing the right functional-performance metrics.
- D. The input data has not been tested for quality prior to use for testing.

正解: A

解説:

The question asks which deficiency is most likely to be discovered by the test expert given the scenario of poor real-world performance despite good isolated accuracy.

- * A lack of similarity between the training and testing data (A): This is a common issue in ML where the model performs well on training data but poorly on real-world data due to a lack of representativeness in the training data. This leads to poor generalization to new, unseen data.
- * The input data has not been tested for quality prior to use for testing (B): While data quality is important, this option is less likely to be the primary reason for the described issue compared to the representativeness of training data.
- * A lack of focus on choosing the right functional-performance metrics (C): Proper metrics are crucial, but the issue described seems more related to the data mismatch rather than metric selection.
- * A lack of focus on non-functional requirements testing (D): Non-functional requirements are important, but the scenario specifically mentions issues with detecting real cancer cases, pointing more towards data issues.

ISTQB CT-AI Syllabus Section 4.2 on Training, Validation, and Test Datasets emphasizes the importance of using representative datasets to ensure the model generalizes well to real-world data.

Sample Exam Questions document, Question #40 addresses issues related to data representativeness and model generalization.

質問 # 25

Which of the following is an example of overfitting?

- A. The model is missing relationships between the inputs and outputs.
- B. The model discards data it considers to be noise or outliers.
- C. The model is too simplistic for the data.
- D. **The model is not able to generalize to accommodate new types of data.**

正解: D

解説:

Overfitting occurs when a machine learning (ML) model learns patterns that are too specific to the training data, leading to a lack of generalization for new, unseen data. This means the model performs exceptionally well on the training data but poorly on validation or test data because it has memorized the noise and minor details rather than learning the underlying patterns.

- * Option A."The model is not able to generalize to accommodate new types of data."
- * This is the correct definition of overfitting. When a model cannot generalize beyond its training data, it struggles with new input, which results in overfitting.
- * Option B."The model is too simplistic for the data."
- * This describes underfitting rather than overfitting. Underfitting happens when a model is too simple to capture the underlying patterns in the data.
- * Option C."The model is missing relationships between the inputs and outputs."
- * This also aligns more with underfitting, where the model fails to capture important relationships in the data.
- * Option D."The model discards data it considers to be noise or outliers."
- * While some ML models may ignore outliers, overfitting actually occurs when the model includes noise and outliers in its learning process rather than discarding them.
- * Overfitting Definition."Overfitting occurs when the model fits too closely to a set of data points and fails to properly generalize. It works well on training data but struggles with new data."
- * Testing for Overfitting."Overfitting may be detected by testing the model with a dataset that is completely independent of the training dataset" Analysis of the Answer Options:ISTQB CT-AI Syllabus References:

質問 # 26

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結果として、CT-AIの質問トレントはユーザーレベルのニーズに合わせて調整され、文化レベルは不均一であり、大学生が学校に多く、労働者に多くの仕事があり、さらには教育レベルが低い人もいます。オフなので、ユーザーのさまざまなレベルの違いに適応するために、テキスト情報の表現に特に焦点を当たった教材を作成するときにCT-AI試験の質問が行われるため、CT-AI学習ガイドの内容を理解できますCT-AI試験に簡単に合格します。

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