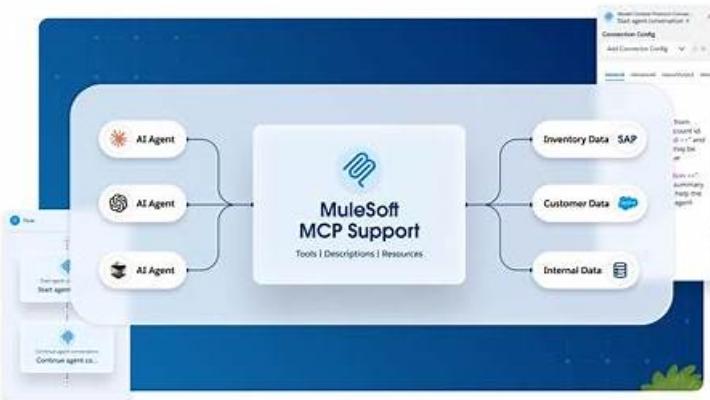


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## Salesforce MuleSoft-Integration-Architect-I Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Designing Integration Solutions to Meet Security Requirements: This topic emphasizes securing access to the Anypoint Platform and APIs, using Anypoint Security, counteracting security vulnerabilities, and understanding audit logging capabilities.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Designing and Developing Mule Applications: It includes selecting application properties, using fundamental features, designing with core routers, understanding the Salesforce Connector, and leveraging core connectors.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Designing Integration Solutions to Meet Performance Requirements: This topic covers meeting performance and capacity goals, using streaming features, and processing large message sequences.</li></ul>

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Designing Automated Tests for Mule Applications: This topic covers unit test suites, and scenarios for integration and performance testing.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Initiating Integration Solutions on Anypoint Platform: Summarizing MuleSoft Catalyst and Catalyst Knowledge Hub, differentiating between functional and non-functional requirements, selecting features for designing and managing APIs, and choosing deployment options are its sub-topics.</li> </ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Designing Architecture Using Integration Paradigms: This topic focuses on creating high-level integration architectures using various paradigms. It includes API-led connectivity, web APIs and HTTP, event-driven APIs, and message brokers, and designing Mule application using messaging patterns and technologies.</li> </ul>
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Designing Integration Solutions to Meet Reliability Requirements: It includes selecting alternatives to traditional transactions, recognizing the purpose of various scopes and strategies, differentiating disaster recovery and high availability, and using local and XA transactions.</li> </ul>
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Designing for the Runtime Plane Technology Architecture: It includes analyzing Mule runtime clusters, designing solutions for CloudHub, choosing Mule runtime domains, leveraging Mule 4 class loader isolation, and understanding the reactive event processing model.</li> </ul>
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Designing Integration Solutions to Meet Persistence Requirements: It addresses the usage of VM queues and connectors, object stores and services, and stateful components configured with object stores.</li> </ul>

## Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Integration Architect I Sample Questions (Q239-Q244):

### NEW QUESTION # 239

An organization is not meeting its growth and innovation objectives because IT cannot deliver projects fast enough to keep up with the pace of change required by the business.

According to MuleSoft's IT delivery and operating model, which step should the organization take to solve this problem?

- A. Modify IT governance and security controls so that line of business developers can have direct access to the organization's systems of record
- B. Switch from a design-first to a code-first approach for IT development
- C. Hire more IT developers, architects, and project managers to increase IT delivery
- D. Adopt a new approach that decouples core IT projects from the innovation that happens within each line of business**

### Answer: D

Explanation:

MuleSoft's IT delivery and operating model suggests adopting an approach that decouples core IT projects from the innovation within each line of business. This approach, often referred to as API-led connectivity, allows different lines of business to innovate and deliver projects independently by using reusable APIs that provide access to core systems and data. This decoupling enhances agility, speeds up delivery, and ensures that core IT maintains control over critical systems and data while enabling rapid innovation.

References:

\* API-led Connectivity: Build Your Digital Platform for Change

\* MuleSoft's API-led Connectivity Approach

### NEW QUESTION # 240

An organization is evaluating using the CloudHub shared Load Balancer (SLB) vs creating a CloudHub dedicated load balancer (DLB). They are evaluating how this choice affects the various types of certificates used by CloudHub deployed Mule applications, including MuleSoft-provided, customer-provided, or Mule application-provided certificates. What type of restrictions exist on the types of certificates for the service that can be exposed by the CloudHub Shared Load Balancer (SLB) to external web clients over the public internet?

- A. Underlying Mule applications need to implement own certificates
- B. Only self-signed certificates can be used

- C. Only MuleSoft provided certificates can be used for server side certificate
- D. All certificates which can be used in shared load balancer need to get approved by raising support ticket

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Correct answer is Only MuleSoft provided certificates can be used for server side certificate

\* The CloudHub Shared Load Balancer terminates TLS connections and uses its own server-side certificate.

\* You would need to use dedicated load balancer which can enable you to define SSL configurations to provide custom certificates and optionally enforce two-way SSL client authentication.

\* To use a dedicated load balancer in your environment, you must first create an Anypoint VPC. Because you can associate multiple environments with the same Anypoint VPC, you can use the same dedicated load balancer for your different environments.

Additional Info on SLB Vs DLB:

	Shared Load Balancer	Dedicated Load Balancer
VPC	Shared VPC (Mulesoft)	VPC (Customer)
Default Load Balancer	Cloudhub provides Default Shared Load Balancer available in All Environment	Need to Purchase
Organization Use	Multiple Organization	Specific to Organization
Certificate	Mulesoft Certificate	Organization Certificate
TLS Support	Yes	Yes
URL Mapping	Fixed URL Mapping	Customer URL Mapping
Timeout	30 Sec Session Timeout	Custom Timeout
Ports	Public Port {80 : 8081, 443 : 8082}	Private Port {80 : 8091, 443 : 8092}
Fashion	Round Robin	Round Robin
Supports HTTPS Protocol	Yes	Yes
Worker Assignment	No	Yes
IP Blacklisting/ Whitelisting	No	Yes
Configure Custom Domain	No	Yes
Custom Certificate	No	Yes
Rate Limit	Lower Rate Limit and applies According to Region	Higher Rate Limit Threshold
VPC	Anypoint VPC optional	Can't Use DLB without Anypoint VPC

**NEW QUESTION # 241**

An IT integration tram followed an API-led connectivity approach to implement an order-fulfillment business process. It created an order processing AP that coordinates stateful interactions with a variety of microservices that validate, create, and fulfill new product orders. Which interaction composition pattern did the integration architect who designed this order processing AP| use?

- A. Aggregation
- B. Streaming
- **C. Orchestration**
- D. Multicasting

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The interaction composition pattern used by the integration architect for the order processing API that coordinates stateful interactions with various microservices is called orchestration. Orchestration involves managing and coordinating multiple services to achieve a specific business process or workflow. In this case, the order processing API is responsible for validating, creating, and fulfilling new product orders by coordinating interactions with different microservices.

Orchestration provides a centralized control mechanism where the order processing API acts as the orchestrator, handling the sequence of service calls, managing state, and ensuring that the business process is executed correctly.

References

- \* MuleSoft API-led Connectivity Approach
- \* Patterns for Microservices and API Design

#### **NEW QUESTION # 242**

A Mule application is running on a customer-hosted Mule runtime in an organization's network. The Mule application acts as a producer of asynchronous Mule events. Each Mule event must be broadcast to all interested external consumers outside the Mule application. The Mule events should be published in a way that is guaranteed in normal situations and also minimizes duplicate delivery in less frequent failure scenarios.

The organizational firewall is configured to only allow outbound traffic on ports 80 and 443. Some external event consumers are within the organizational network, while others are located outside the firewall.

What Anypoint Platform service is most idiomatic (used for its intended purpose) for publishing these Mule events to all external consumers while addressing the desired reliability goals?

- A. CloudHub Shared Load Balancer
- B. CloudHub VM queues
- C. Anypoint Exchange
- **D. Anypoint MQ**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Set the Anypoint MQ connector operation to publish or consume messages, or to accept (ACK) or not accept (NACK) a message.

#### **NEW QUESTION # 243**

A company is using Mulesoft to develop API's and deploy them to Cloudhub and on premises targets.

Recently it has decided to enable Runtime Fabric deployment option as well and infrastructure is set up for this option. What can be used to deploy Runtime Fabric?

- **A. AnypointCLI**
- B. Anypoint platform REST API's
- C. Mule maven plug-in
- D. Directly uploading ajar file from the Runtime manager

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

When deploying to Runtime Fabric, there are several tools available within the Anypoint Platform ecosystem that facilitate the deployment process. These include:

\* AnypointCLI: This command-line interface tool provides comprehensive capabilities for deploying applications to Runtime Fabric.

Using AnypointCLI, you can script and automate deployments, which is useful for integrating into CI/CD pipelines.

\* Anypoint Platform REST APIs: These APIs allow for programmatic deployment and management of applications on Runtime Fabric. They provide flexibility for integrating deployment processes with other systems and tools.

\* Mule Maven Plugin: This plugin can be used within a Maven project to package and deploy Mule applications to Runtime Fabric as part of a build process.

However, directly uploading a JAR file from the Runtime Manager is not a supported method for deploying to Runtime Fabric.

## References:

\* Anypoint CLI Documentation

\* Mule Maven Plugin Documentation

## NEW QUESTION # 244

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