

ISTQB CTAL-TM-001考試備考經驗 - CTAL-TM-001指南



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ISTQB CTAL-TM-001 考試大綱:

主題	簡介
主題 1	Managing the Product: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Test Analyst and focuses on the artefacts under test and the metrics that describe them. Examinees show how to define and collect test metrics to monitor quality and progress, estimate effort and resources for different test scopes, and organize defect management workflows that fit sequential, iterative, or hybrid lifecycles. The aim is to ensure test outcomes align with objectives and inform stakeholders through clear reporting, while using estimation techniques and defect data to guide ongoing test and process improvements.
主題 2	Managing the Team: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Test Lead and addresses the human side of test management. Candidates must demonstrate how to identify the skills required for each project, assess and develop team competence, and apply motivating leadership practices. The syllabus also covers stakeholder relationship management, understanding interests and influence, articulating the business case for testing, and balancing cost?of?quality considerations to ensure testing is properly resourced, communicated, and valued within the wider project.
主題 3	Managing the Test Activities: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Test Manager and covers the end?to?end coordination of testing work. Candidates must demonstrate how to plan testing—defining objectives, scope, resources, schedule, and risk treatments—then how to monitor progress against those plans, control deviations through corrective actions, and conclude testing with completion reports, archival of testware, and lessons?learned sessions. The syllabus also explores tailoring test activities to project context, applying risk?based testing to focus effort where it matters most, shaping a coherent project test strategy, leading process?improvement initiatives, and selecting and managing test tools throughout their lifecycle.

CTAL-TM-001指南，CTAL-TM-001證照信息

每個人心裏都有一個烏托邦的夢，夢境的虛有讓人覺得心灰意冷，在現實中，其實這並不是虛有的，只要你採取一定的方是方法，一切皆有可能。ISTQB的CTAL-TM-001考試認證將會從遙不可及變得綽手可得。這是為什麼呢，因為有PDFExamDumps ISTQB的CTAL-TM-001考試培訓資料在手，PDFExamDumps ISTQB的CTAL-TM-001考試培訓資料是IT認證最好的培訓資料，它以最全最新，通過率最高而聞名，而且省時又省力，有了它，你將輕鬆的通過考試。實現了你的夢想，你就有了自信，有了自信你將走向成功。

最新的 ISTQB Test Manager Advanced CTAL-TM-001 免費考試真題 (Q170-Q175):

問題 #170

Which two items are MOST relevant for inclusion in your tool selection plan for functional test automation in Agile?

- A. Anticipating the risks to achieving positive ROI with the tool
- B. Demonstrating that the tool will deliver a positive ROI for the project
- C. Demonstrating that only one tool will be needed
- D. Nominating the person who will be responsible for the tool
- E. Estimating the costs of the tool evaluation and selection process

答案: A,B

解題說明:

For Agile test tool selection, theISTQB syllabus emphasizes the importance of:

* Business case justification: Positive ROI must be demonstrated

* Risk mitigation: It's crucial to evaluate risks associated with ROIStatements A and E reflect these priorities clearly.

Reference:ISTQB-CTFL_Syllabus_2018_V3.1, section 6.2.1 "Main Principles for Tool Selection" and 6.2.3

"Success Factors for Tools"

問題 #171

Refer to SCENARIO 2 - You are the test manager for Project 3 and have performed a skills assessment of your Safe as Houses' test team. You must now decide what training or skills development is required.

Skill	Test Automation	Integration testing	Acceptance testing	Knowledge of Light Imagery software	Test control
Harriet	4	3	3	3	4
Sharon	3	3	3	3	3
Steve	3	2	3	2	4
Rahul	4	1	1	2	3

The matrix shows the skill level (5 being highest, 1 lowest) for each team member. Which two of the above skills need the closest attention for potential training or development on this project?

SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. Integration testing and Knowledge of Light Imagery software.
- B. Acceptance testing and Knowledge of Light Imagery software.
- C. Knowledge of Light Imagery software and Test control.

- D. Performance testing & Test planning for incremental life-cycles.

答案： C

問題 #172

What is a "depth-first" risk-based testing technique? [1]

- A. All risk items are tested at least once
- B. Highest risk test cases are executed first
- C. Lowest risk test cases are executed first
- D. Non-functional test cases are executed first

答案： B

解題說明：

A depth-first risk-based testing technique is a method of prioritizing and executing test cases based on the risk level of the features or functions to be tested. In this technique, the test cases with the highest risk are executed first, followed by the test cases with lower risks. This ensures that the most critical and likely areas of failure are tested thoroughly and early in the testing process. Risk Based Testing: Approach, Matrix, Process & Examples - Guru99 References: Certified Tester Advanced Level Test Manager (CTAL-TM) - ISTQB not-for-profit association, ISTQB Test Manager Certification - ISTQB Exams Worldwide - ISTQB Official Registration, [Analytical Test Strategy: A Comprehensive Guide - LambdaTest]

問題 #173

You are responsible for porting a performance testing tool to a new operating system. You are at what stage in the tool's lifecycle? [1]

- A. Evolution
- B. Acquisition
- C. Retirement
- D. Support and Maintenance

答案： A

解題說明：

According to the tool lifecycle model, the evolution stage is when the tool is adapted to new requirements or environments, such as a new operating system. This stage involves modifying the tool to meet the changing needs of the users and the system. The evolution stage is followed by the retirement stage, when the tool is no longer used or supported. Tool Lifecycle Model Software Testing Tools Reference:

Work with performance and monitoring tools in finance and operations apps Software Testing Tools: A Comprehensive Guide

問題 #174

The diagram shows a defect workflow in which two states do not have appropriate names. Which option could correctly provide the missing state names?

- A. State X = Duplicate, State Y = Postponed
- B. State X = Terminated, State Y = Archived
- C. State X = Open, State Y = Clarification
- D. State X = Confirmation, State Y = Resolved

答案： C

解題說明：

In a standard defect lifecycle, typical early states include:

* Open: when the defect has been logged and confirmed.

* Clarification: when more information is needed before further action can be taken.

According to the ISTQB CTFL Syllabus:

"Defects typically go through a life cycle: new, open, assigned, fixed, retested, closed. Variants like 'in clarification' or 'duplicate' may be used depending on the organization's workflow."

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