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Palo Alto Networks XSIAM-Engineer Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Content Optimization: This section of the exam measures skills of Detection Engineers and focuses on refining XSIAM content and detection logic. It includes deploying parsing and data modeling rules for normalization, managing detection rules based on correlation, IOCs, BIOCs, and attack surface management, and optimizing incident and alert layouts. Candidates must also demonstrate proficiency in creating custom dashboards and reporting templates to support operational visibility.

Topic 2	• Integration and Automation: This section of the exam measures skills of SIEM Engineers and focuses on data onboarding and automation setup in XSIAM. It covers integrating diverse data sources such as endpoint, network, cloud, and identity, configuring automation feeds like messaging, authentication, and threat intelligence, and implementing Marketplace content packs. It also evaluates the ability to plan, create, customize, and debug playbooks for efficient workflow automation.
Topic 3	• Maintenance and Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures skills of Security Operations Engineers and covers post-deployment maintenance and troubleshooting of XSIAM components. It includes managing exception configurations, updating software components such as XDR agents and Broker VMs, and diagnosing data ingestion, normalization, and parsing issues. Candidates must also troubleshoot integrations, automation playbooks, and system performance to ensure operational reliability.
Topic 4	• Planning and Installation: This section of the exam measures skills of XSIAM Engineers and covers the planning, evaluation, and installation of Palo Alto Networks Cortex XSIAM components. It focuses on assessing existing IT infrastructure, defining deployment requirements for hardware, software, and integrations, and establishing communication needs for XSIAM architecture. Candidates must also configure agents, Broker VMs, and engines, along with managing user roles, permissions, and access controls.

Valid Palo Alto Networks XSIAM-Engineer Test Sims & XSIAM-Engineer New Study Notes

This version is designed especially for those XSIAM-Engineer test takers who cannot go through extensive Palo Alto Networks XSIAM-Engineer practice sessions due to a shortage of time. Since the Palo Alto Networks XSIAM-Engineer PDF file works on smartphones, laptops, and tablets, one can use Palo Alto Networks XSIAM-Engineer dumps without limitations of place and time. Additionally, these Palo Alto Networks XSIAM-Engineer PDF questions are printable as well.

Palo Alto Networks XSIAM Engineer Sample Questions (Q12-Q17):

NEW QUESTION # 12
A global enterprise with significant regulatory compliance burdens (e.g., GDPR, CCPA) is planning an XSIAM deployment. They identify sensitive personal identifiable information (PII) within certain log sources. During the 'Evaluate deployment requirements' phase, how should XSIAM's capabilities be leveraged to address PII masking and data anonymization before ingestion into Cortex Data Lake, while still allowing security analysts to perform investigations when necessary?

- A. Configure log collectors (e.g., XDR agents, syslog forwarders) with pre-ingestion regex-based masking rules to anonymize PII fields before they reach CDL.
- B. Utilize XSIAM's built-in data retention policies to automatically delete logs containing PII after a short period, regardless of investigation needs.
- C. Implement an external data anonymization service that processes all logs before forwarding them to XSIAM, with a mechanism to de-anonymize on demand.
- D. Develop an XSOAR playbook that periodically scans CDL for PII and then encrypts the identified fields in place.
- E. Rely solely on XSIAM's role-based access control (RBAC) to restrict access to raw PII data in CDL.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:
Both B and D are valid and robust approaches for handling PII. Option B (pre-ingestion masking) is a direct, efficient method where PII is anonymized at the source or collector level before it ever enters CDL, which is often a primary requirement for compliance. This can be done using regex within log forwarders or agents. Option D (external anonymization service) is also a strong approach, especially for complex or highly dynamic PII masking needs, allowing for a centralized and policy-driven approach to de-anonymization when legitimate investigation requires it (e.g., with strict audit trails). Option A relies on post-ingestion access control which might not satisfy strict 'data not present' requirements. Option C attempts to modify data in CDL after ingestion, which is complex and might not meet compliance. Option E is too aggressive and would hinder investigations.

NEW QUESTION # 13
During the planning phase for an XSIAM deployment, an organization decides to utilize a Service Account for programmatic access to the XSIAM API for custom integrations and automation. Which of the following API endpoints and authentication methods are typically used for a Service Account to interact with the XSIAM platform for data query and alert management?

- `/api/v1/auth/login` with username/password authentication, followed by `/api/v1/query` with the obtained session cookie.
- `/api/v1/authenticate` with an API Key provided as an HTTP header (e.g., `x-pan-api-key`), followed by requests to relevant API endpoints (e.g., `/api/v1/alerts`, `/api/v1/query`) using the same API Key.
- Direct TCP connections to port 443 with unauthenticated JSON payloads.
- GraphQL endpoint `/graphql` with OAuth2 client credentials flow for token generation.
- SMB shares for data exchange and NTLM authentication.

- A. Option C
- B. Option A
- C. Option B
- D. Option D
- E. Option E

Answer: C

Explanation:
Palo Alto Networks XSIAM primarily uses API Keys for programmatic access via Service Accounts. The API Key is a long-lived credential passed in an HTTP header (commonly 'x-pan-api-key' or 'Authorization: Bearer '). This allows direct authentication for subsequent API calls to various endpoints for querying data, managing alerts, and other operations. Option A describes user-based authentication. Options C, D, and E are incorrect for XSIAM API interaction.

NEW QUESTION # 14
During a new Cortex XSIAM deployment, a user consistently experiences timeout sessions while trying to connect to the agent through Live Terminal, even though the firewall engineer has confirmed that all source IP addresses, port 443, and destinations are allowed.
What could be causing these persistent timeout issues?

- A. Live Terminal feature is not supported on the current OS.
- B. SSL Decryption is currently being used to inspect the underlying traffic.
- C. User does not have administrative privileges on the managed endpoint.
- D. NTP is not synchronized with the server time.

Answer: B

Explanation:
Persistent timeout issues with Cortex XSIAM Live Terminal, despite firewall rules being open, are often caused by SSL Decryption inspecting the traffic. Live Terminal relies on secure, end-to-end TLS communication, and decryption breaks this channel, leading to session failures.

NEW QUESTION # 15
A large-scale phishing campaign is targeting your organization. XSIAM is generating numerous alerts. To optimize the incident investigation, you need to enrich each phishing-related alert with external threat intelligence from VirusTotal for the observed URLs and file hashes. Specifically, you want to see VirusTotal scores and links to full reports directly within the alert details. How can this be efficiently implemented using XSlAM's content optimization features and automation?

- A. Integrate VirusTotal as a separate data source, allowing analysts to search it manually.
- B. Configure an XSIAM playbook triggered by phishing alerts. This playbook would query the VirusTotal API, then use an 'Alert Action' or 'Incident Action' to dynamically add custom fields to the alert/incident layout, displaying the VirusTotal scores and clickable report links. This involves defining custom fields with appropriate renderers.
- C. Export all phishing alerts to a CSV and upload them to VirusTotal for bulk analysis.
- D. Manually query VirusTotal for each URL and hash and add the results as a comment.
- E. Create a dashboard widget that displays a summary of VirusTotal lookups across all alerts.

Answer: B

Explanation:
To efficiently enrich phishing alerts with VirusTotal data directly within the alert details, the most effective approach combines XSIAM's automation (playbooks) and content optimization (custom fields with renderers). A playbook can be triggered by phishing alerts, automatically query the VirusTotal API, and then populate custom fields within the alert/incident layout with the relevant scores and links. This automates the enrichment and presents it directly where analysts need it, streamlining the investigation. Options A, C, D, and E are either manual, less integrated, or do not directly inject the data into the alert's detailed view.

NEW QUESTION # 16
A large enterprise's XSIAM deployment is generating a high volume of alerts. The SOC manager needs a dashboard to help prioritize incident investigations. This dashboard should display: 1) Alerts grouped by 'Threat Category' (e.g., Malware, Phishing), 2) A breakdown of 'Alert Severity' within each category, and 3) A 'Normalized Score' for each alert, calculated as (Severity_Weight Asset_Criticality_Score). The 'Asset_Criticality_Score' is derived from an external CMDB imported as a custom lookup. Which XQL operations and dashboard widget types are required to construct this prioritization dashboard? (Select all that apply)

- ☐ `dataset = alerts | group by threat_category | count() by severity` and a 'Grouped Bar Chart' or 'Stacked Bar Chart'.
- ☐ `dataset = alerts | lookup cmdb_asset_criticality_lookup on asset_id as asset_criticality_score | eval normalized_score = severity_weight asset_criticality_score` and a 'Table' widget.
- ☐ `dataset = alerts | timechart count() by threat_category` and a 'Trend' widget.
- ☐ The `lookup` command for importing external CMDB data into XSIAM.
- ☐ The `eval` command for calculating the `normalized_score`.

- A. Option C
- B. Option D
- C. Option A
- D. Option E
- E. Option B

Answer: B,C,D,E

Explanation:
This question requires multiple XSIAM features for data manipulation and visualization. - Option A: Correctly uses `group by threat_category | count() by severity` and identifies appropriate chart types ('Grouped Bar' or 'Stacked Bar') to visualize alerts by category and severity breakdown. This addresses requirement 1 and 2. - Option B: Shows the correct approach for calculating the `normalized_score` by performing a `lookup` on `asset_id` to get `asset_criticality_score` and then using `eval` for the calculation. A 'Table' widget is suitable for displaying individual alerts with their normalized scores, aiding prioritization. This addresses requirement 3. - Option D: The `lookup` command is fundamental for enriching alert data with external CMDB information, which is explicitly stated as a requirement for calculating the normalized score. This is a necessary operation. - Option E: The `eval` command is essential for performing calculations, such as multiplying `severity_weight` by `asset_criticality_score` to derive the `normalized_score`. This is a necessary operation. Option C is incorrect because while `timechart` and Trend' widgets are useful, they don't directly address the specific grouping, breakdown by severity, or [illegible] requirements outlined for prioritization.

NEW QUESTION # 17
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