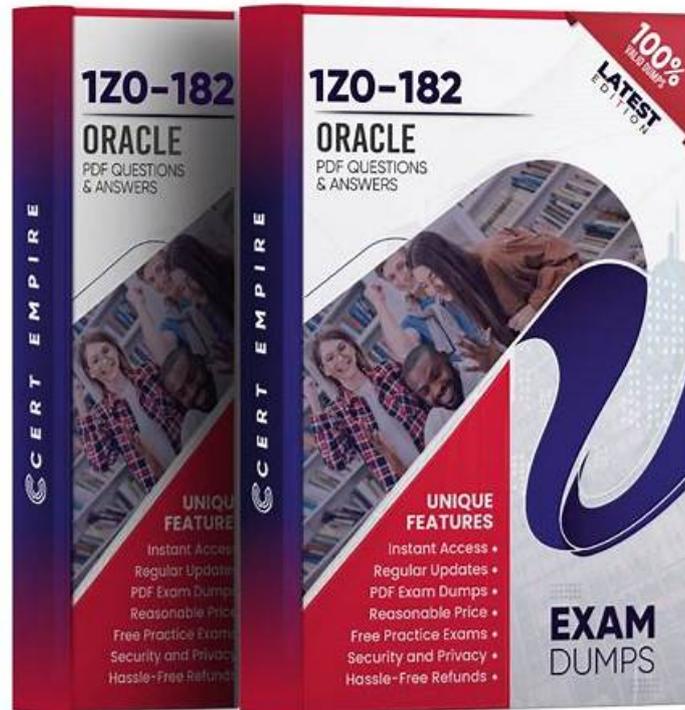


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Oracle 1Z0-182 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe Managing Database Instances: This section tests the knowledge of Database Administrators in performing essential tasks for managing database instances. It includes starting and shutting down databases, utilizing dynamic performance views, managing initialization parameter files, and using the Automatic Diagnostic Repository (ADR) for troubleshooting.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe Oracle Database Architecture: This section of the exam measures the skills of Database Administrators and System Architects in understanding the Oracle database architecture. It covers the configurations of Oracle database instances, memory structures like SGA and PGA, and process structures such as background processes. It also explains the logical and physical database structures, including datafiles, control files, and redo log files.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction to Performance: This section evaluates the expertise of Performance Analysts in summarizing Oracle database performance management techniques. It includes measuring database performance using SQL execution plans, directives, and advisors to ensure optimal system efficiency.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moving Data: This section evaluates the expertise of Data Migration Specialists in moving data within Oracle databases. It includes using external tables, executing Oracle Data Pump operations, and distinguishing SQL*Loader commands for importing data efficiently.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Managing Users, Roles, and Privileges: This domain evaluates the expertise of Security Administrators in implementing user security measures. It focuses on creating and managing users, roles, and privileges to ensure secure access to Oracle databases.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Displaying Creating and Managing PDBs: This section assesses the knowledge of Cloud Database Architects in creating pluggable databases (PDBs) from seeds or other techniques. It also covers modifying PDB modes and attributes to meet specific application requirements.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Managing Storage: This section tests the knowledge of Storage Engineers in managing storage features such as resumable space allocation, segment space-saving, and block space management. It also includes defining segment characteristics to optimize storage utilization.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configuring Oracle Net Services: This section measures the skills of Network Administrators and Database Administrators in configuring Oracle Net Services. It includes identifying administration components, describing connection methods, and ensuring seamless communication between clients and databases.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Managing Undo: This domain measures the skills of Database Administrators in using undo data effectively. It compares undo data with redo data and explains temporary undo usage for efficient transaction management.
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to Auditing: This domain tests the abilities of Compliance Specialists in implementing database auditing practices. It includes creating, modifying, and maintaining auditing policies while applying value-based auditing techniques like Fine-Grained Auditing (FGA).

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Oracle Database 23ai Administration Associate Sample Questions (Q55-Q60):

NEW QUESTION # 55

One of your database instances was shut down normally and then started in NOMOUNT state. You then executed this command: ALTER DATABASE MOUNT; Which two of these actions are performed?

- A. Online redo logs are opened.
- B. Online data files are opened.
- C. The alert log has instance startup details written to it.
- D. The initialization parameter file is read.
- E. Control files are read.
- F. Oracle shared memory structures are allocated.

Answer: C,E

Explanation:

- A .False. Data files open in OPEN.
- B .False. Redo logs open in OPEN.
- C .False. PFILE/SPFILE is read at NOMOUNT.
- D .False. SGA is allocated at NOMOUNT.
- E .True. Alert log records mount event.
- F .True. Control files are read in MOUNT.

NEW QUESTION # 56

Which two statements are true about the DUAL table?

- A. It can display multiple rows but only a single column.
- B. It can be used to display only constants or pseudo columns.
- C. It can display multiple rows and columns.
- **D. It can be accessed by any user who has the SELECT privilege in any schema.**
- **E. It consists of a single row and single column of VARCHAR2 data type.**
- F. It can be accessed only by the SYS user.

Answer: D,E

Explanation:

- A .True. DUAL is public; any user with SELECT can query it.
- B .True. One row, one VARCHAR2 column (DUMMY).
- C .False. Fixed at one row.
- D .False. Not restricted to SYS.
- E .False. One row, one column only.
- F .False. Can return expressions, not just constants.

NEW QUESTION # 57

Which two statements are true about the tools used to configure Oracle Net Services?

- A. The lsnrctl utility requires a listener.ora file to exist before it is started.
- **B. Enterprise Manager Cloud Control can be used to centrally configure net service names for any database server target.**
- **C. Oracle Net Manager can be used to locally configure naming methods on a database server.**
- D. Oracle Net Manager can be used to centrally configure listeners on any database server target.
- E. The Oracle Net Configuration Assistant is only used when running the Oracle installer.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

- A .False. lsnrctl can start a default listener without listener.ora.
- B .True. EMCC provides centralized Net Services configuration.
- C .False. NetCA can run standalone, not just during installation.
- D .True. Net Manager configures local naming (e.g., TNSNAMES.ORA).
- E .False. Net Manager is local, not centralized like EMCC.

NEW QUESTION # 58

Which two AWR-based tools listed below are part of Oracle Database self-tuning components?

- **A. ADDM, a server-based expert that reviews database performance statistics captured by Snapshots to identify potential problems before system performance degrades noticeably.**
- B. Automatic Diagnostic Collector used to capture and store database errors and hung analysis.
- C. Automatic Application Tracing used to collect High-Load SQL statements and statistics.
- D. Automatic population of performance views (V\$ views) from statistical data stored in AWR repository and using Automatic Database Diagnostic.
- E. Automatic Application Tracing used to collect High-Load SQL statements and statistics.
- **F. Automatic capture of statistical information from the SGA and storing it in the AWR using Automatic Database Diagnostic.**

Answer: A,F

Explanation:

False. No "Automatic Application Tracing" exists as an AWR tool. SQL tracing (e.g., DBMS_MONITOR) is manual, and high-load SQL is captured by AWR indirectly via V\$SQL snapshots, not a distinct tracing tool.

Why Incorrect: Conflates manual tracing with AWR's passive collection.

Explanation:

The Automatic Workload Repository (AWR) is a cornerstone of Oracle's self-tuning capabilities, collecting and storing performance statistics for analysis. Let's dissect each option:

A : Automatic capture of statistical information from the SGA and storing it in the AWR using Automatic Database Diagnostic.

True. AWR automatically captures statistics (e.g., wait events, SQL stats) from the System Global Area (SGA) via the MMON (Manageability Monitor) process, storing them in the AWR repository (in SYSAUX). This is part of the Automatic Database Diagnostic Monitor (ADDM) framework, though "Automatic Database Diagnostic" likely refers to this broader mechanism.

Mechanics: Snapshots are taken hourly by default (configurable via

DBMS_WORKLOAD_REPOSITORY.MODIFY_SNAPSHOT_SETTINGS), persisting data like DBA_HIST_SYSSTAT for self-tuning analysis.

Practical Use: Enables historical performance tracking, feeding tools like ADDM and SQL Tuning Advisor.

Edge Case: If STATISTICS_LEVEL=BASIC, AWR collection is disabled, halting self-tuning.

Historical Note: Introduced in 10g, enhanced in 23ai for finer granularity.

B : ADDM, a server-based expert that reviews database performance statistics captured by Snapshots to identify potential problems before system performance degrades noticeably.

True. The Automatic Database Diagnostic Monitor (ADDM) analyzes AWR snapshots to proactively detect issues (e.g., high CPU usage, I/O bottlenecks) and recommend fixes. It runs automatically after each snapshot in maintenance windows.

Mechanics: ADDM uses DBA_ADVISOR_FINDINGS to log issues, leveraging AWR data like DBA_HIST_SQLSTAT.

Example: It might suggest adding an index for a slow query.

Practical Use: Prevents performance degradation in production systems by catching trends early.

Edge Case: Limited by snapshot frequency; real-time issues may need manual intervention.

C : Automatic Diagnostic Collector used to capture and store database errors and hung analysis.

False. No such tool exists as an "Automatic Diagnostic Collector" in AWR context. This likely confuses the Incident Packaging Service (IPS) or ADR (Automatic Diagnostic Repository), which handles errors but isn't AWR-based or self-tuning.

Why Incorrect: ADR collects trace files and logs, not AWR statistics, and isn't part of self-tuning.

D : Automatic population of performance views (V\$ views) from statistical data stored in AWR repository and using Automatic Database Diagnostic.

False. V\$ views (e.g., V\$SESSION) are real-time memory structures in the SGA, not populated from AWR, which is historical (e.g., DBA_HIST_*). AWR doesn't back-feed V\$ views; the reverse occurs via snapshots.

Why Incorrect: Misunderstands the data flow; AWR is a sink, not a source for V\$ views.

NEW QUESTION # 59

You are going to perform a hot remote clone of PDB1 from CDB1 as TESTPDB in CDB2. Which of the following is a necessary prerequisite for the hot remote clone?

- A. PDB1 must be taken offline before the cloning process begins.
- B. Both CDBs need to be in local undo mode.
- C. PDB1 must be in read-only mode.
- D. TESTPDB must be in read-only mode after the cloning process is complete.

Answer: C

Explanation:

C . True. Hot cloning requires the source PDB (PDB1) to be read-only to ensure consistency during the clone. Others are not prerequisites.

NEW QUESTION # 60

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