

Salesforce Mule-Dev-201 Web-Based Practice Exam Features



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Salesforce Mule-Dev-201 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Section	Weight	Objectives
Structuring Mule Applications	10%	- Organize applications using modular design patterns - Use properties and configuration values - Reference external configuration files
MuleSoft Fundamentals	10%	- Describe the Mule application structure and flow types - Explain what Anypoint Platform is and its components - Describe what Mule applications do and how they are built - Use the logger component - Configure properties and parameters
Building Mule Applications	32%	- Use connectors for common operations (Database, HTTP, Salesforce) - Use transformers and DataWeave - Create flows using Anypoint Studio - Implement error handling
Designing Mule Applications	14%	- Explain the benefits of API-led connectivity - Implement an API using APIkit - Define API specs using RAML - Describe the role of API Manager

Testing and Debugging	10%	- Write unit tests for Mule applications - Use mock attributes in tests - Debug Mule applications using Studio
Deploying and Managing Applications	10%	- Configure deployment options - Deploy applications to CloudHub - Explain application deployment models - Describe monitoring and management capabilities
DataWeave Transformation	14%	- Use DataWeave functions and operators - Transform complex data structures - Write DataWeave transformations - Define and use DataWeave variables and functions

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Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer Sample Questions (Q221-Q226):

NEW QUESTION # 221

Pick the component with which DataWeave is tightly integrated.

- **A. Mule runtime**
- B. All APIs
- C. Exchange
- D. Flow Designer

Answer: A

Explanation:

Correct answer is Mule runtime

DataWeave is the MuleSoft expression language for accessing and transforming data that travels through a Mule app. DataWeave is tightly integrated with the Mule runtime engine, which runs the scripts and expressions in your Mule app.

Mule Doc Reference : <https://docs.mulesoft.com/mule-runtime/4.3/dataweave>

NEW QUESTION # 222

What is output of Dataweave flatten function?

- A. LinkedHashMap
- B. Object
- C. Map
- **D. Array**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Correct answer is Array.

Flatten turns a set of subarrays (such as [[1,2,3], [4,5,[6]], [], [null]]) into a single, flattened array (such as [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, [6], null]).

This example defines three arrays of numbers, creates another array containing those three arrays, and then uses the flatten function to convert the array of arrays into a single array with all values.

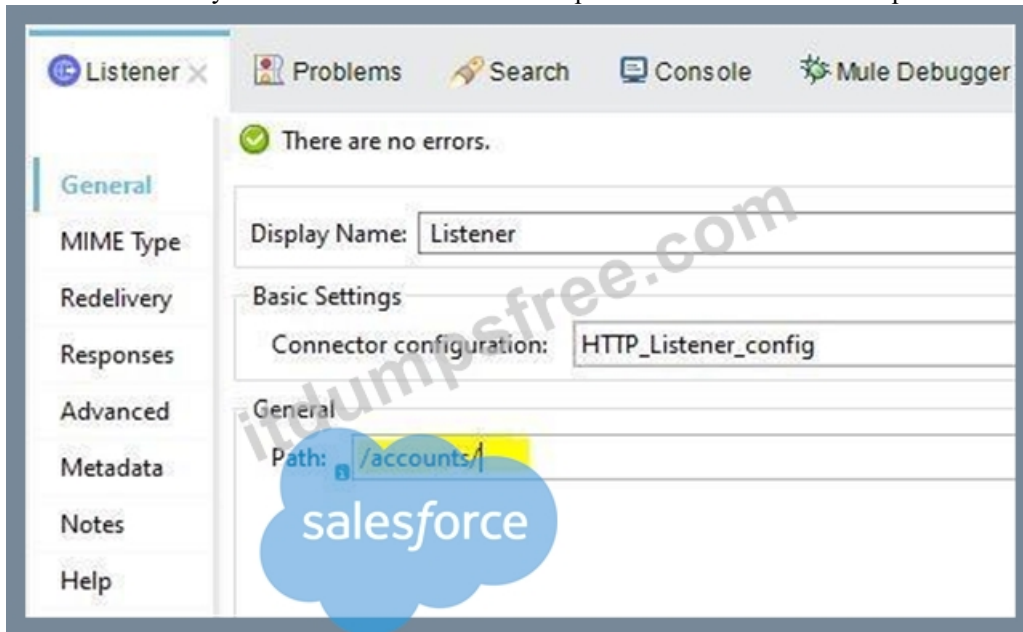
Source

%dw 2.0

```
output application/json
var array1 = [1,2,3]
var array2 = [4,5,6]
var array3 = [7,8,9]
var arrayOfArrays = [array1, array2, array3]
---
flatten(arrayOfArrays)
Output
[ 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 ]
```

NEW QUESTION # 223

What is the correct Syntax to add a customer ID as a URI parameter in the HTTP listener's path attribute?



- A. \${customerID}
- B. (customerID)
- C. {customerID}
- D. #[customerID]

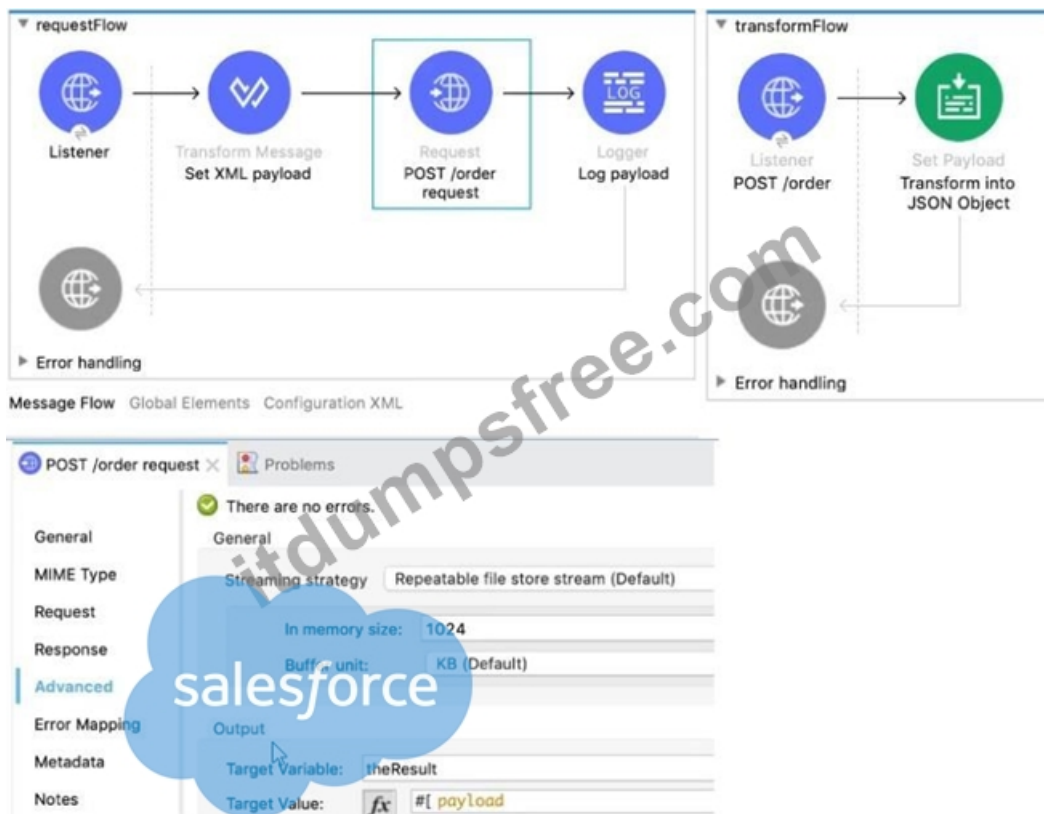
Answer: C

Explanation:

URL parameters are always accessed using { } like => {customerID}

NEW QUESTION # 224

Refer to the exhibits.



In the requestFlow an HTTP Request operation is configured to send an HTTP request with an XML payload. The request is sent to the HTTP Listener in the transform Flow. That flow transforms the incoming payload into JSON format and returns the response to the HTTP request. The response of the request is stored in a target variable named the Result. What is the payload at the Logger component after the HTTP Request?

- A. null
- B. A non-empty Java object
- C. The returned JSON response
- D. The original XML payload

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 225

Refer to the exhibits. The main flow contains an HTTP Request operation configured to call the child flow's HTTP Listener. A web client sends a GET request to the HTTP Listener with the sty query parameter set to 30. After the HTTP Request operation completes, what parts of the Mule event at the main flow's Logger component are the same as the Mule event that was input to the HTTP Request operation?



```

<http:listener-config name="HTTP_Listener_config" doc:name="HTTP Listener config" >
  <http:listener-connection host="0.0.0.0" port="8081" />
</http:listener-config>

<flow name="main" >
  <http:listener doc:name="HTTP: GET /order" config-ref="HTTP_Listener_config" path="/order"/>
  <set-payload value='Order01' doc:name="Order01" />
  <set-variable value="#[attributes.queryParams.qty]" doc:name="quantity to qty param"
    variableName="quantity"/>
  <http:request method="POST" doc:name="POST http://localhost:8081/child"
    url="http://localhost:8081/child"></http:request>
  <logger level="INFO" doc:name="Logger" message="#[output application/json ---
    { flow: "parent", qtyAttribute: attributes.queryParams.qty, quantityVar: vars.quantity, payload: payload }]" />
</flow>

<flow name="child" >
  <http:listener doc:name="HTTP: POST /child" config-ref="HTTP_Listener_config" path="/child"/>
  <logger level="INFO" doc:name="Logger"
    message="#[output application/json ---
    { flow: "child", qtyAttribute: attributes.queryParams.qty, quantityVar: vars.quantity, payload: payload }]" />
  <set-payload value="child flow finished" doc:name="child flow finished" />
</flow>
  
```

- A. The entire Mule event
- **B. The payload and all variables**
- C. All variables
- D. The payload and all attributes

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 226

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