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ISTQB CTAL_TM_001 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing the Team: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Test Lead and addresses the human side of test management. Candidates must demonstrate how to identify the skills required for each project, assess and develop team competence, and apply motivating leadership practices. The syllabus also covers stakeholder relationship management, understanding interests and influence, articulating the business case for testing, and balancing cost-of-quality considerations to ensure testing is properly resourced, communicated, and valued within the wider project.
주제 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing the Test Activities: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Test Manager and covers the end-to-end coordination of testing work. Candidates must demonstrate how to plan testing—defining objectives, scope, resources, schedule, and risk treatments—then how to monitor progress against those plans, control deviations through corrective actions, and conclude testing with completion reports, archival of testware, and lessons-learned sessions. The syllabus also explores tailoring test activities to project context, applying risk-based testing to focus effort where it matters most, shaping a coherent project test strategy, leading process-improvement initiatives, and selecting and managing test tools throughout their lifecycle.
주제 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing the Product: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Test Analyst and focuses on the artefacts under test and the metrics that describe them. Examinees show how to define and collect test metrics to monitor quality and progress, estimate effort and resources for different test scopes, and organize defect management workflows that fit sequential, iterative, or hybrid lifecycles. The aim is to ensure test outcomes align with objectives and inform stakeholders through clear reporting, while using estimation techniques and defect data to guide ongoing test and process improvements.

>> CTAL_TM_001덤프샘플문제 체험 <<

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최신 ISTQB Test Manager Advanced CTAL_TM_001 무료샘플문제 (Q136-Q141):

질문 # 136

Which of the following is an advantage of specifying test conditions at a detailed level?

- A. Can be used to leverage use cases for acceptance testing
- B. Saves time
- C. Can be used to identify test coverage gaps
- D. Improves maintainability and reduces ownership costs for the testware

정답: C

설명:

The correct answer is A. Can be used to identify test coverage gaps. This is because test conditions are the items or events of a component or system that will be verified by one or more test cases. Specifying test conditions at a detailed level can help to identify test coverage gaps, which are the areas or aspects of the component or system that are not covered by the test conditions or test cases. By identifying test coverage gaps, the test team can ensure that the testing is complete and consistent with the test objectives and scope. Test Conditions - ISTQB not-for-profit association References: Certified Tester Advanced Level Test Manager (CTAL-TM) - ISTQB not-for-profit association, ISTQB Test Manager Certification - ISTQB Exams Worldwide - ISTQB Official Registration, Test Conditions - ISTQB not-for-profit association

질문 # 137

You are interviewing a candidate for the position of test analyst. At one stage of the interview, you are looking specifically for skills in the area of professional competence. Which of the following skills would demonstrate this?

- A. Black box test design
- B. Ability to delegate
- C. Analytical ability
- D. Communication

정답: A

설명:

Professional competence in the context of a test analyst refers to the technical knowledge and abilities directly related to testing. Designing tests using black-box techniques is a core part of the test analyst role and is clearly classified under professional (technical) competence. This skill involves understanding the system's external behavior and deriving test conditions based on that - a hallmark of functional testing.

Reference:ISTQB CTFL Syllabus section 4.2 on black-box techniques.

질문 # 138

When scheduling performance testing, which of the following approaches would be most advisable?

- A. Starting the performance testing during unit and integration testing
- B. Leveraging end users to do unit-level performance testing and automated tools for system-level performance testing
- C. Deferring the start of performance testing until all functional defects have been resolved
- D. Requiring all performance tests to pass before starting functional testing

정답: A

설명:

Performance testing is the process of determining the speed, responsiveness, and stability of a system under a given workload1.

Performance testing should be started as early as possible in the software development lifecycle, preferably during unit and integration testing, to identify and resolve performance issues before they become costly or risky². Starting performance testing early can also help to validate the performance requirements, design, and architecture of the system, as well as to optimize the performance testing strategy and scope³. Therefore, option A is the correct answer. Option B is incorrect because deferring the start of performance testing until all functional defects have been resolved can delay the detection and resolution of performance issues, increase the cost and effort of performance testing, and reduce the confidence and quality of the system⁴. Option C is incorrect because leveraging end users to do unit-level performance testing and automated tools for system-level performance testing can introduce inconsistency, bias, and inefficiency in the performance testing process, as well as compromise the reliability and validity of the performance test results. Option D is incorrect because requiring all performance tests to pass before starting functional testing can create unrealistic or unnecessary expectations, as well as hinder the progress and feedback of the functional testing activities. References: 1: ISTQB Glossary, Performance Testing 2: ISTQB Certified Tester - Performance Testing (CT-PT)³ 3: ISTQB Performance Testing - TesterYou⁴ 4: Performance Testing - ISTQB not-for-profit association : ISTQB - PERFORMANCE TESTING : Performance Testing - ISTQB not-for-profit association

질문 # 139

Which of the following organizational structures would be considered unorthodox?

- A. Developers and testers are integrated within the same project team, each role focusing on a different level of testing
- B. Developers within the same team unit test each others' code prior to handing over to a separate testing team for system testing
- C. After developers are done unit testing, business analysts alpha test the system before handing over to a separate testing team for system testing
- D. DBAs confirm the referential integrity of the database and developers complete their unit testing before handing over to external organization for system testing

정답 : C

설명:

The unorthodox structure mentioned in option C involves business analysts performing alpha testing.

Typically, alpha testing is conducted by internal staff or a team close to the development environment, not specifically by business analysts. This step is unusual as business analysts are generally responsible for requirements analysis and ensuring that the developed system meets business needs, rather than conducting alpha testing, which is more focused on identifying bugs and issues from a user's perspective.

References:

ISTQB Glossary, Distributed Testing

ISTQB Advanced Level Test Manager Syllabus, Section 3.2.1

Related literature on testing roles and responsibilities

질문 # 140

You have been asked to write a testing strategy for the company. Which statement best explains how risk can be addressed within the testing strategy? 1 credit

- A. A test strategy is derived from the test policy and describes the way risk assessments are performed in projects.
- B. A test strategy is the result of a project risk analysis and defines the approach and resources for testing.
- C. A test strategy should address identified generic product risks and present a process for mitigating those risks in line with the testing policy.
- D. A test strategy identifies the specific product for a project risk and defines the approach for the test project.

정답 : C

설명:

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

질문 # 141

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