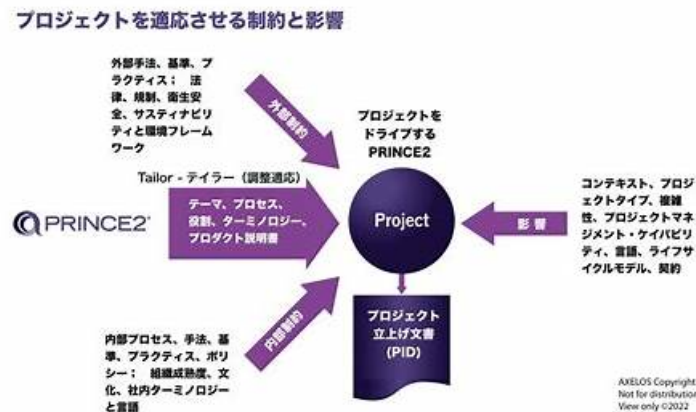


試験の準備方法-便利なPRINCE2-Practitioner学習資料 試験-最新のPRINCE2-Practitioner最新受験攻略



さらに、ShikenPASS PRINCE2-Practitionerダンプの一部が現在無料で提供されています：
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1EvMD3kFn3rDF4-5l3U8FQ5PN07zrGDHL>

ShikenPASS一連の調査と研究の結果、教科書の詳細な研究に合格することを希望する学生は、しばしば怠け者であり、学習が怠けていることがわかりました（PRINCE2-Practitionerテスト教材）。一部の学生は、教科書で理解するのが難しい内容を読むときに頭痛を感じることもあります。私たちの研究資料は、実際のテスト環境をシミュレートする模擬試験製品の研究に焦点を当てたシニア業界の専門家によって構成された優れた試験レビュー製品です（PRINCE2-Practitioner準備急流）。専門家は、異なる専攻間の学習方法と試験モデルの違いを十分に検討し、最終的に完全なレビューシステムを形成しました。PRINCE2 Practitioner Exam一連の演習、エラーの修正、および自己改善の後、PRINCE2 PRINCE2-Practitioner試験に合格するのに役立ちます。

PRINCE2 PRINCE2-Practitioner 認定試験の出題範囲：

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organization Theme: Project Managers demonstrate understanding of communication management, project team structures, and roles. They also assess the organizational approach to confirm it is effective and appropriate for the project's context, supporting stakeholder engagement and project delivery in line with PRINCE2.
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing Product Delivery Process: Team Managers ensure products are delivered as planned with clear responsibilities and quality adherence. They assess the effectiveness of delivery management within the PRINCE2 context and project requirements.
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change Theme: Change Control Officers manage change control processes, including configuration management, issue logs, and status accounts. They assess the suitability of change procedures in context, ensuring changes are controlled effectively and aligned with PRINCE2 guidelines.
トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyze the Application of PRINCE2 Principles in Context: This section measures the skills of Project Managers in applying the core PRINCE2 principles within practical project scenarios. It focuses on understanding how these principles guide project governance, ensuring alignment with business objectives and delivering value effectively.
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing a Stage Boundary Process: Project Managers handle stage transitions, updating plans and roles while applying themes to ensure continuity. They assess if stage boundary management is effective and fits the project's context and PRINCE2 standards.
トピック 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Directing a Project Process: Senior Managers direct project activities, ensuring correct application of roles and themes to guide project governance. They evaluate whether directing processes effectively support project goals within the PRINCE2 framework.

トピック 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Controlling a Stage Process: Project Controllers manage daily controls, roles, and theme applications to monitor stage progress. They assess if these controls are effective and appropriate to maintain project momentum and compliance with PRINCE2.
トピック 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plans Theme: Project Planners create, implement, and assess project, stage, exception, and team plans. This includes defining products and responsibilities while ensuring planning approaches fit the project context and adhere to PRINCE2 guidance for effective control and delivery.
トピック 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quality Theme: Quality Assurance professionals apply and evaluate quality management strategies including product descriptions, planning, control, and assurance. This ensures that project outputs meet expected standards and that quality processes align with the project's needs and PRINCE2 principles.
トピック 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiating a Project Process: Project Managers carry out initiation tasks by defining roles and applying themes to prepare for project delivery. They assess the effectiveness of these processes and their alignment with PRINCE2 principles and the project context.
トピック 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Closing a Project Process: Project Managers lead closure activities, addressing roles and themes to finalize deliverables and lessons learned. They assess whether closing processes and responsibilities are thorough, appropriate, and in line with PRINCE2 governance.
トピック 12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply and Tailor Relevant Aspects of PRINCE2 Themes in Context: This domain assesses Business Analysts and Project Coordinators in applying and evaluating the business case theme, ensuring benefits management, defined roles, and balanced outputs. It also involves assessing whether the business case approach is suitable for the project context and aligns with PRINCE2 principles.
トピック 13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Starting up a Project Process: Project Initiators perform startup activities including defining roles and applying relevant themes. They assess whether these actions and responsibilities are appropriate and align with the PRINCE2 principles and project objectives to establish a strong foundation.
トピック 14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Risk Theme: Risk Managers apply risk management procedures such as risk registers and defined roles, and assess their fit-for-purpose effectiveness within the project context. This maintains a proactive risk culture aligned with PRINCE2 principles to mitigate uncertainties.

Prince2 Practitioner認定試験は、Prince2方法論を使用してプロジェクトを管理する際の知識とスキルを検証したい個人向けに設計されています。Prince2は、さまざまな業界や分野で使用されている広く認識されているプロジェクト管理フレームワークです。認定試験は、Prince2 Foundation認定をすでに完了しており、プロジェクト管理の専門知識をさらに強化したい専門家向けです。

>> PRINCE2-Practitioner学習資料 <<

有難いPRINCE2-Practitioner | 実用的なPRINCE2-Practitioner学習資料試験 | 試験の準備方法PRINCE2 Practitioner Exam最新受験攻略

最も早い時間で簡単にPRINCE2のPRINCE2-Practitioner認定試験に合格したいですか。ShikenPASSを選んだ方が良いでしょう。ShikenPASSは長年の努力を通じて、PRINCE2のPRINCE2-Practitioner認定試験の合格率が100パーセントになっていました。うちのPRINCE2のPRINCE2-Practitioner問題集を購入する前に、一部分のフリーな試験問題と解答をダウンロードして、試用してみることができます。無料サンプルのご利用によって、もっとうちの学習教材に自信を持って、君のベストな選択を確認できます。

Prince2 Practitioner認定試験の資格を得るには、候補者はPrince2 Foundation試験に合格スコアを持たなければなりません。開業医試験は、基礎レベルで学んだ概念に基づいて構築される、より高度なレベルの認証です。この試験では、Prince2の方法論を実際のプロジェクトシナリオに適用し、Prince2の原則とテーマに基づいてプロジェクトの成功を評価する候補者の能力を評価します。

PRINCE2 Practitioner Exam 認定 PRINCE2-Practitioner 試験問題 (Q222-Q227):

質問 # 222

A central government department, the Ministry of Food Hygiene (MFH), faces increasing pressure to cut costs, better manage suppliers' performance and reduce the confusion caused by inadequate internal controls, outdated standards and outdated technology. External consultants were employed to conduct a feasibility study to identify options to address the problems, and the likely costs and benefits. The following options were considered:

Do nothing.

Re-engineer selected business functions.

Outsource selected business functions.

The feasibility study concluded that there was a case for outsourcing the MFH Information Technology Division and the Facilities Division (maintenance of buildings and grounds). The recommendations were:

One service provider should be contracted to provide the services currently provided by the Information Technology Division and the Facilities Division.

A 10-year service contract should be agreed with the selected service provider.

The feasibility study developed high-level designs of the current organization, processes, systems and operating models, plus an outline Business Case for the required project. The external consultants also made the following recommendations for the management of the project:

Use PRINCE2.

Set up the project with 4 management stages:

Stage 1. Standard PRINCE2 initiation activities.

Stage 2. Create detailed designs (future organization, processes, systems and operating models) and the service level agreement between MFH and the future service provider.

Stage 3. Request and evaluate proposals, select service provider and agree contract.

Stage 4. Transfer equipment and staff, transfer responsibility for service provision and run trial period.

Initial estimates indicated that the project would cost (GBP)2.5m and take two years to complete.

MFH senior management agreed that there was a case for outsourcing, and accepted the recommendations as a basis for the project. There is an expected saving of (GBP)20m over 10 years.

The Outsourcing project has completed the Starting up a Project process and is now in the initiation stage. Because of the strategic importance of the project, the MFH Chief Executive Officer has taken the role of Executive. A PRINCE2-experienced Project Manager has been appointed from within MFH. Staff within the business functions being outsourced will work with the external consultants who conducted the feasibility study to define the detailed designs.

Which 2 statements should be recorded under the Reasons heading?

- A. Providing re-engineered services in-house will remove the need to transfer staff to a service provider.
- B. The lack of up-to-date technology in MFH means a re-engineering of existing services will not necessarily deliver the performance improvements required.
- C. The Ministry of Food Hygiene (MFH) needs to deal with the increasing pressure to cut costs and better manage supplier's performance.
- D. Relocating staff to the selected service provider's premises will mean that no property transfer is required.
- E. The inadequate controls, outdated standards and outdated technology must be addressed.

正解: C、D

解説:

<http://www.whatisprince2.net/prince2-theme-business-case.php>

質問 # 223

Additional Information

Chief Executive Officer (CEO): He started the company 25 years ago and knows his job very well. He injured his leg two years ago which has restricted his visits to the engineering area. As CEO he has an overall perspective of the business strategic requirements and the authority to commit resources as required.

Marketing Director: She has been with the company for three years, following a successful career with a publicity company. She has the ability to represent the needs of the business, particularly as this is a marketing project. She has the authority to commit the annual business marketing budget, from which the project will be funded, as she sees appropriate. She will be responsible for monitoring the expected benefits of the calendar, in particular the improvement of the company's image.

Engineering Manager: He has been responsible for many engineering innovations in the company and is still as keen and energetic as the day he started. Whilst he will not be part of the project team, his staff will feature in the photos for the promotional calendar.

Central Records: This group of five staff looks after all company records and document control. They now maintain all project files.

Bright Lights: This is the local office supplies company. It supplies all the stationery and office equipment needs of the company and

will supply the stationery for this project.

Portraits Ltd: This is a professional photographic company with a number of excellent photographers and a history of successful work. This company has been selected to take the photos for the company calendar. It has yet to be decided which of the photographers to use.

Which 2 statements explain why the Purchasing Manager should be appointed as a Senior Supplier for this project?

- A. He was an engineer and worked in that area before taking up his current position.
- **B. He is responsible for the performance of supplier contracts.**
- C. He can influence the external supplier's Business Case.
- **D. He is responsible for the organization's procurement activities.**
- E. He is not appropriate for the role of Executive or Senior User.

正解: B、D

質問 # 224

RISK

The following risk has been recorded in the risk register:

"The solar panel company has had shipping issues over the past few months resulting in some delays. There is a risk that the solar panels for the shopping centre may be delayed, resulting in delays to stages 3 and 4." In response to this risk, the BuildyBrick construction team manager has been discussing an alternative shipping method with the solar panel supplier to minimize disruption. Here are three items of information to be included in the risk register.

Under which heading of the risk register (A-E) should the information be recorded?

Choose only ONE heading for each item of information. Each heading can be used once, more than once, or not at all.

正解:

解説:

Explanation:

C, A, B

PRINCE2 defines a risk register as the central repository for all information related to identified risks, including their assessment and management. Each risk must be described using consistent attributes so that it can be monitored and controlled effectively.

The statement "The CEO of BuildyBrick will monitor the progress..." identifies the individual who is accountable for managing, monitoring, and controlling the risk. PRINCE2 defines the risk owner as the person responsible for "the management, monitoring and control of all aspects of a particular risk." Therefore, this information must be recorded under Risk owner (C).

The statement "They have decided, based on current information, that it is looking increasingly possible that delays will occur" describes an assessment of how likely the risk is to happen. PRINCE2 defines probability as "the likelihood of the risk occurring." This assessment belongs under Probability (A) in the risk register.

The statement "The next batch of solar panels is due to be delivered next week" indicates when the risk might materialize. PRINCE2 uses the term proximity to describe "the timeframe within which the risk is likely to occur." As this information relates to timing rather than impact or response, it should be recorded under Proximity (B).

Correctly classifying risk information under the appropriate headings ensures that risks are reviewed consistently and that effective control actions can be taken in line with PRINCE2's risk management approach.

質問 # 225

After preparing the stage 3 plan, the project manager left the company. The project board has decided that, as the stage plan has been agreed, it will not appoint a project manager for stage 3. The team managers will report directly to the project board and will prepare highlight reports instead of checkpoint reports.

Is this an appropriate tailoring of the roles in the 'managing a stage boundary' process?

- A. Yes, because the team managers should have the information required to prepare highlight reports.
- **B. No, because the team managers should not share the responsibilities of the project manager.**
- C. No, because the reporting in the 'controlling a stage' process should not be changed.
- D. Yes, because work may be delegated to those with the necessary skills, such as a team manager.

正解: B

解説:

Explanation

Reference <https://www.prince2primer.com/the-project-manager-role/>

質問 # 226

Project Scenario - Health and Safety Training Project:

ABC Company is a well-established training company that uses a standard model to develop training materials and deliver courses to customers.

ABC Company has commissioned a project in response to recent changes in government legislation relating to health and safety on construction sites. The project will deliver "capability to provide health and safety training", including the materials needed for classroom-based training and e-learning. The expected benefits for construction companies include a reduction in lost days and legal costs due to accidents.

The e-learning course will be developed by a specialist external consultancy. The materials for classroom-based training will be delivered by ABC Company's development team. All course materials will be piloted before they are used. ABC Company will deliver training to its customers and also hopes to sell the course materials to other training companies as part of their operational business. ABC Company will use their own sales and marketing departments to promote the courses.

The legislation requires construction companies to comply with the new legislation within two years. The course materials and trainers have to be accredited by a government agency before courses can be delivered.

ABC Company is planning to deliver pilot courses within five months of starting the project.

The ABC Company standard development model for new courses recommends the following stages:

□ End of the Project scenario.

Additional Information:

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) founded the company five years ago. Under her leadership, ABC Company has grown quickly into a successful training company. It delivers a range of accredited professional training.

The Finance Director is also a founder member of ABC Company and is responsible for authorizing budgets for the Operations and Development Teams. She authorizes all large contracts personally.

The Purchasing Manager reports to the Finance Director and is responsible for managing and monitoring supplier contracts.

The Operations Director is responsible for the delivery of all training and for the training development budget. His department organizes courses, venues and trainers. They work with the Product and the Sales teams to provide a comprehensive training schedule. ABC Company's IT manager reports to the Operations Director.

The Business Development Director has recently been appointed to identify new training needs and propose new products. She will work with the Operations Director to ensure a cost-conscious approach and that appropriate development technologies are used for the health and safety course.

The Training Development Manager reports to the Business Development Director and is responsible for developing training materials and gaining accreditation, in accordance with the standard course development model. Course developers in his team have skills in a range of development technologies and are allocated to projects as needed.

The Training Delivery Manager, who reports to the Operations Director, is responsible for ensuring that internal and external trainers deliver ABC Company training courses to the required standard. He also checks course materials to ensure they are fit for purpose and of the required quality.

The Central Services Director has responsibility for corporate communications, facilities management and configuration management. He recently led a project to consolidate all company quality systems into one quality management system and set up a corporate quality department, now managed by the Corporate Quality Manager.

The Corporate Document Manager reports to the Central Services Director. She helped establish the company's document management system and now operates it across the business. She manages a team of administrators and contracts staff when workload is high.

The Sales Director joined ABC Company two months ago and is keen to establish himself by suggesting new markets for the courses and material. All account managers and the marketing team report to him. They promote existing training courses to other training companies and existing customers.

End of the additional information.

All the products that are due in stage 3 have been completed, apart from the 'updated corporate quality procedures'. The work has been completed but the product has not yet been approved. The executive has been told that it will be signed off before the end of the project. In response to an exception report, the executive has instructed the project manager to plan to obtain approval of the product in stage 4.

Is this appropriate application of the report management stage end' activity, and why?

- A. Yes, because approval of the product can be carried forward into the next stage, with authority from the project board.
- B. No, because a project-level exception plan is required before approval of the quality procedures can be delayed.
- C. No, because approval of the products was planned for stage 3 and must be completed before the stage ends.
- D. Yes, because the completion of the product in the next stage is a follow-on action recommendation for stage 4.

正解: A

