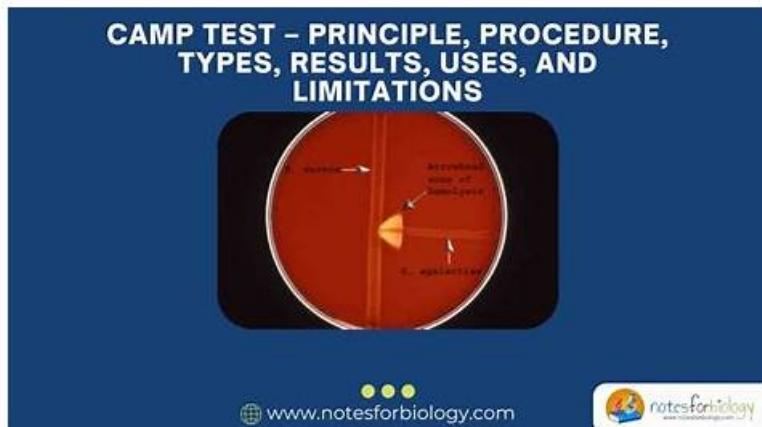


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Palo Alto Networks PCCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Network Security: This domain targets a Network Security Specialist and includes knowledge of Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA) characteristics, functions of stateless and next-generation firewalls (NGFWs), and the purpose of microsegmentation. It also covers common network security technologies such as intrusion prevention systems (IPS), URL filtering, DNS security, VPNs, and SSLTLS decryption. Candidates must understand the limitations of signature-based protection, deployment options for NGFWs, cybersecurity concerns in operational technology (OT) and IoT, cloud-delivered security services, and AI-powered security functions like Precision AI.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cybersecurity: This section of the exam measures skills of a Cybersecurity Practitioner and covers fundamental concepts of cybersecurity, including the components of the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) framework, attacker techniques as defined by the MITRE ATT&CK framework, and key principles of Zero Trust such as continuous monitoring and least privilege access. It also addresses understanding advanced persistent threats (APT) and common security technologies like identity and access management (IAM), multi-factor authentication (MFA), mobile device and application management, and email security.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Secure Access: This part of the exam measures skills of a Secure Access Engineer and focuses on defining and differentiating Secure Access Service Edge (SASE) and Secure Service Edge (SSE). It covers challenges related to confidentiality, integrity, and availability of data and applications across data, private apps, SaaS, and AI tools. It examines security technologies including secure web gateways, enterprise browsers, remote browser isolation, data loss prevention (DLP), and cloud access security brokers (CASB). The section also describes Software-Defined Wide Area Network (SD-WAN) and Prisma SASE solutions such as Prisma Access, SD-WAN, AI Access, and enterprise DLP.

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Palo Alto Networks Certified Cybersecurity Practitioner Sample Questions (Q125-Q130):

NEW QUESTION # 125

Which type of malware takes advantage of a vulnerability on an endpoint or server?

- A. exploit
- B. technique
- C. vulnerability
- D. patch

Answer: A

Explanation:

An exploit is a type of malware that takes advantage of a vulnerability on an endpoint or server to execute malicious code, gain unauthorized access, or perform other malicious actions. Exploits can be categorized into known and unknown (i.e., zero-day) exploits, depending on whether the vulnerability is publicly disclosed or not.¹² Exploits can target various types of software, such as operating systems, browsers, applications, or network devices.³ References: Malware vs. Exploits, Top Routinely Exploited Vulnerabilities, 12 Types of Malware + Examples That You Should Know, Palo Alto Networks Certified Cybersecurity Entry-level Technician

NEW QUESTION # 126

What is the recommended method for collecting security logs from multiple endpoints?

- A. Connect to the endpoints remotely and download the logs.
- B. **Configure endpoints to forward logs to a SIEM.**
- C. Leverage an EDR solution to request the logs from endpoints.
- D. Build a script that pulls down the logs from all endpoints.

Answer: B

Explanation:

A SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) is a system that collects, analyzes, and correlates security logs from multiple sources, such as endpoints, firewalls, servers, etc. A SIEM can provide a centralized and comprehensive view of the security posture of an organization, as well as detect and respond to threats. Configuring endpoints to forward logs to a SIEM is the recommended method for collecting security logs from multiple endpoints, as it reduces the network bandwidth and storage requirements, simplifies the log management process, and enables faster and more effective security analysis. Leveraging an EDR (Endpoint Detection and Response) solution to request the logs from endpoints is not recommended, as it may cause performance issues on the endpoints, increase the network traffic, and create a dependency on the EDR solution. Connecting to the endpoints remotely and downloading the logs is not recommended, as it is a manual and time-consuming process, prone to errors and inconsistencies, and may expose the endpoints to unauthorized access. Building a script that pulls down the logs from all endpoints is not recommended, as it requires technical skills and maintenance, may not be compatible with different endpoint platforms, and may introduce security risks if the script is compromised or misconfigured. References:

- * Palo Alto Networks Certified Cybersecurity Entry-level Technician (PCCET) - Palo Alto Networks
- * Fundamentals of Security Operations Center (SOC)
- * 10 Palo Alto Networks PCCET Exam Practice Questions - CBT Nuggets

NEW QUESTION # 127

How does adopting a serverless model impact application development?

- A. **reduces the operational overhead necessary to deploy application code**
- B. costs more to develop application code because it uses more compute resources

- C. prevents developers from focusing on just the application code because you need to provision the underlying infrastructure to run the code
- D. slows down the deployment of application code, but it improves the quality of code development

Answer: A

Explanation:

List three advantages of serverless computing over CaaS: - Reduce costs - Increase agility - Reduce operational overhead

NEW QUESTION # 128

What are three benefits of SD-WAN infrastructure? (Choose three.)

- A. Utilizing zero-touch provisioning for automated deployments
- B. Leveraging remote site routing technical support by relying on MPLS
- C. Improving performance of SaaS applications by requiring all traffic to be back-hauled through the corporate headquarters network
- D. Promoting simplicity through the utilization of a centralized management structure
- E. Improving performance by allowing efficient access to cloud-based resources without requiring back-haul traffic to a centralized location

Answer: A,D,E

Explanation:

Simplicity: Because each device is centrally managed, with routing based on application policies, WAN managers can create and update security rules in real time as network requirements change. Also, when SD-WAN is combined with zero-touch provisioning, a feature that helps automate the deployment and configuration processes, organizations can further reduce the complexity, resources, and operating expenses required to spin up new sites. # Improved performance: By allowing efficient access to cloud-based resources without the need to backhaul traffic to centralized locations, organizations can provide a better user experience.

NEW QUESTION # 129

Which Palo Alto Networks solution has replaced legacy IPS solutions?

- A. Advanced URL Filtering
- B. Advanced DNS Security
- C. Advanced WildFire
- D. Advanced Threat Prevention

Answer: D

Explanation:

Advanced Threat Prevention is the Palo Alto Networks solution that has replaced legacy Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPS). It offers inline, ML-powered threat detection and evasion-resistant inspection to block sophisticated threats in real time, going beyond traditional signature-based IPS.

NEW QUESTION # 130

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