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The SPLK-2002 certification exam is a rigorous test that evaluates an individual's ability to design, implement and maintain complex Splunk Enterprise environments. Test takers are required to demonstrate their knowledge in areas such as data ingestion, data management, user authentication, security, and distributed search. SPLK-2002 Exam consists of 100 multiple-choice questions and test takers are given two hours to complete the exam.

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Splunk Enterprise Certified Architect Sample Questions (Q179-Q184):

NEW QUESTION # 179

Which of the following security options must be explicitly configured (i.e. which options are not enabled by default)?

- A. Certificate authentication between forwarders and indexers.
- B. Data encryption between Splunk Web and splunkd.
- C. Data encryption for distributed search between search heads and indexers.
- D. Certificate authentication between Splunk Web and search head.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 180

Which search head cluster component is responsible for pushing knowledge bundles to search peers, replicating configuration changes to search head cluster members, and scheduling jobs across the search head cluster?

- A. Deployer
- B. Deployment server
- **C. Captain**
- D. Master

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/7.3.2/DistSearch/SHCArchitecture>

NEW QUESTION # 181

(How can a Splunk admin control the logging level for a specific search to get further debug information?)

- **A. Insert | noop log_debug=* after the base search.**
- B. Use Settings > Server settings > Server logging in Splunk Web.
- C. Open the Search Job Inspector in Splunk Web and modify the log level.
- D. Configure infocsv_log_level = DEBUG in limits.conf.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Splunk Enterprise allows administrators to dynamically increase logging verbosity for a specific search by adding a | noop log_debug=* command immediately after the base search. This method provides temporary, search-specific debug logging without requiring global configuration changes or restarts.

The noop (no operation) command passes all results through unchanged but can trigger internal logging actions. When paired with the log_debug=* argument, it instructs Splunk to record detailed debug-level log messages for that specific search execution in search.log and the relevant internal logs.

This approach is officially documented for troubleshooting complex search issues such as:

- * Unexpected search behavior or slow performance.
- * Field extraction or command evaluation errors.
- * Debugging custom search commands or macros.

Using this method is safer and more efficient than modifying server-wide logging configurations (server.conf or limits.conf), which can affect all users and increase log noise. The "Server logging" page in Splunk Web (Option D) adjusts global logging levels, not per-search debugging.

References (Splunk Enterprise Documentation):

- * Search Debugging Techniques and the noop Command
- * Understanding search.log and Per-Search Logging Control
- * Splunk Search Job Inspector and Debugging Workflow
- * Troubleshooting SPL Performance and Field Extraction Issues

NEW QUESTION # 182

How many cluster managers are required for a multisite indexer cluster?

- **A. One for the entire cluster.**
- B. Two for the entire cluster.
- C. One for each site.
- D. Two for each site.

Answer: A

Explanation:

A multisite indexer cluster is a type of indexer cluster that spans multiple geographic locations or sites. A multisite indexer cluster requires only one cluster manager, also known as the master node, for the entire cluster. The cluster manager is responsible for coordinating the replication and search activities among the peer nodes across all sites. The cluster manager can reside in any site, but it must be accessible by all peer nodes and search heads in the cluster. Option C is the correct answer. Option A is incorrect because having two cluster managers for the entire cluster would introduce redundancy and complexity. Option B is incorrect because having one cluster manager for each site would create separate clusters, not a multisite cluster. Option D is incorrect because having two cluster managers for each site would be unnecessary and inefficient.

1: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/9.1.2/Indexer/Multisiteoverview> 2: <https://docs.splunk.com>

myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, funbookmarking.com, oisieskx106536.bloguerosa.com, bookmarkjourney.com, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, jasperfm514532.p2blogs.com, craigadwx738107.mappywiki.com, tripsbookmarks.com, Disposable vapes

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