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Oracle 1z1-076 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using Oracle Active Data Guard: Supported Workloads in Read-Only Standby Databases: Here, the usage of physical standby databases for real-time queries is discussed.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patching and Upgrading Databases in a Data Guard Configuration: This section provides guidance on patching and upgrading databases in a Data Guard environment, along with performance optimization techniques and monitoring considerations.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oracle Data Guard Basics: This topic covers the essential architecture and concepts of Oracle Data Guard. It includes sub-topics such as the physical and logical standby database comparison, benefits of Data Guard, and its integration with multi-tenant databases.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oracle Data Guard Broker Basics: An overview of the Data Guard broker, its architecture, components, benefits, and configurations, is provided here. It serves as an introduction to the tool used for managing Data Guard configurations.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Backup and Recovery Considerations in an Oracle Data Guard Configuration: In this topic, Backup and recovery procedures in a Data Guard configuration are discussed, including RMAN backups, offloading to physical standby, and network-based recovery.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Performing Role Transitions: Here, the concept of database roles is explained, along with the steps for performing switchovers, failovers, and maintaining physical standby sessions during role transitions.

Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using Flashback Database in a Data Guard Configuration: This topic covers the configuration and advantages of using Flashback Database in a Data Guard setup, as well as the process of enabling fast-start failover for seamless role changes.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing Oracle Net Services in a Data Guard Environment: The section focuses on Oracle Net Services and its role in Data Guard networking setup.

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Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration Sample Questions (Q15-Q20):

NEW QUESTION # 15

Which THREE statements are true about snapshot standby databases?

- A. A snapshot standby database can have Real-Time apply enabled.
- B. FLASHBACK DATABASE is enabled automatically on a snapshot standby database after converting it from a physical standby database if not already enabled.
- C. FLASHBACK DATABASE is enabled automatically on a physical standby database as part of the conversion into a snapshot standby database, if not already enabled.
- D. A snapshot standby database may be opened read-only.
- E. A snapshot standby database may be opened read-write.
- F. FLASHBACK DATABASE must be manually enabled on a physical standby database before converting it into a snapshot standby database.

Answer: B,C,E

Explanation:

Snapshot standby databases are a feature of Oracle Data Guard that allows a physical standby database to be temporarily converted into a read-write database for testing or other purposes. The true statements about snapshot standby databases are:

* FLASHBACK DATABASE is enabled automatically on a snapshot standby database after converting it from a physical standby database if not already enabled (B): When a physical standby is converted to a snapshot standby, FLASHBACK DATABASE is automatically enabled to allow the database to be easily reverted back to its original state.

* FLASHBACK DATABASE is enabled automatically on a physical standby database as part of the conversion into a snapshot standby database, if not already enabled (C): As part of the conversion process, FLASHBACK DATABASE is turned on to ensure that changes made while the database is in snapshot standby mode can be undone.

* A snapshot standby database may be opened read-write (E): Once a physical standby is converted to a snapshot standby, it can be opened for read-write operations, allowing for testing and other tasks that require a writable database.

References:

- * Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration
- * Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide

NEW QUESTION # 16

Examine the fast-start failover configuration:

```
DGMGRL> show fast_start failover;
```

```
Fast-Start Failover: Enabled in Zero
```

```
Protection Mode: MaxAvailability  
Lag Limit: 0 seconds
```

```
Threshold: 180 seconds  
Active Target: South_Sales  
Potential Targets: ("East_Sales",  
                   East_Sales valid  
                   West_Sales valid  
Observer: observer.example.com  
Shutdown Primary: TRUE  
Auto-Instate: TRUE  
Observer Reconnect: (none)  
Observer Override: FALSE
```

```
Configurable Failover Conditions
```

```
Health Conditions:  
Corrupted Controlfile YES  
Corrupted Dictionary YES  
Inaccessible Logfile NO  
Stuck Archivelog
```

- A. If South_Sales develops a problem and cannot be the target of a failover, the broker automatically changes the fast-start failover target to one of the other candidate targets.
- B. You must disable fast-start failover first to change the fast-start failover target to East sales.
- C. The observer is running.
- D. A failover may occur if the observer has lost connectivity to the primary database, even if the Fast-Start Failover target standby database has a good connection to the primary database
- E. The observer will initiate a failover when the primary database is unable to produce local archived redo log files.

Answer: C,D,E

NEW QUESTION # 17

Which three actions are performed by the START PLAN procedure of the DBMS ROLLING package?

- A. starting media recovery on all the Leading Group Standby databases
- B. building a LogMiner dictionary on the primary database instance
- C. creating a guaranteed restore point on the standby databases
- D. converting the designated physical standby database into a logical standby database
- E. creating a guaranteed restore point on the primary database
- F. switching the primary database to the logical standby role

Answer: B,C,E

Explanation:

The DBMS_ROLLING package facilitates a rolling upgrade process across a Data Guard configuration. The START PLAN procedure in particular handles several critical actions, including:

- * Creating a guaranteed restore point on the standby databases (B): This ensures that the standby databases can be reverted to their state before the rolling upgrade process in case of any issues.
 - * Building a LogMiner dictionary on the primary database instance (C): This is necessary for logical standby databases to interpret redo data during the SQL Apply process.
 - * Creating a guaranteed restore point on the primary database (D): Similar to the standby databases, this ensures that the primary database can be reverted to a known good state if necessary.
- References:
- * Oracle Database PL/SQL Packages and Types Reference
 - * Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration Guide

NEW QUESTION # 18

Which three are true about using Flashback database through role transitions in a Data Guard environment?

- A. Physical standby databases retain their current role when you flash back to a point in time before a reinstate occurred which caused this database to become a physical standby.
- B. Physical standby databases retain their current role when you flash back to a point in time before the switchover occurred which caused this database to become a physical standby.
- C. Flashback database may not be used to undo a physical standby database activation.
- D. Logical standby databases retain their current role when you flash back through to a point in time before the switchover occurred which caused this database to become a logical standby.
- E. Logical standby database roles are reverted to their original role when you flash back to a point in time before the switchover occurred which caused this database to become a logical standby.

Answer: A,B,C

NEW QUESTION # 19

Examine the Data Guard configuration:

```
DGMGRL> show configuration;
Configuration - Animals
Protection Mode: MaxAvailability
Databases:
dogs - Primary database
sheep - Snapshot standby database
cats - Physical standby database
Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED
Configuration Status:
SUCCESS
```

You receive an error while attempting to raise the protection mode to Maximum Protection:

```
DGMGRL> edit configuration set protection mode as maxprotection;
```

Error: ORA-16627: operation disallowed since no standby databases would remain to support protection mode Failed.

Which is the minimum statement, or sequence of statements you must execute to enable successful raising of the protection mode to Maximum Protection?

- A. DGMGRL> edit database dogs set property LogXptMode=sync;
DGMGRL> edit database sheep set property LogxptMode=sync;
DGMGRL> edit database cats set property LogXptMode=sync;
- B. DGMGRL> edit database dogs set property LogXptMode=sync;
DGMGRL> edit database cats set property LogXptMode=sync;
- C. DGMGRL> edit database dogs set property LogxptMode=sync;
DGMGRL> edit database sheep set property LogxptMode=sync;
- D. DGMGRL> edit database dogs set property LogxptMode=sync;
- E. DGMGRL> edit database cats set property LogXptMode=sync;
- F. DGMGRL> edit database sheep set property LogXptMode=sync;

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 20

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