

시험패스가능한 NS0-185 최신 기출자료 최신 덤프 공부자료



그리고 PassTIP NS0-185 시험 문제집의 전체 버전을 클라우드 저장소에서 다운로드할 수 있습니다:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=13kcRj6grlt1K3yjGASjBiqRaA-1n0c_D

자신을 부단히 업그레이드하려면 많은 노력이 필요합니다. IT업종 종사자라면 국제승인 IT인증자격증을 취득하는 것이 자신을 업그레이드하는 것과 같습니다. Network Appliance 인증 NS0-185 시험을 패스하여 원하는 자격증을 취득하려면 PassTIP의 Network Appliance 인증 NS0-185 덤프를 추천해드립니다. 하루빨리 덤프를 공부하여 자격증 부자가 되세요.

많은 시간과 정신력을 투자하고 모험으로 Network Appliance 인증 NS0-185 시험에 도전하시겠습니까? 아니면 우리 PassTIP의 도움으로 시간을 절약하시겠습니까? 요즘 같은 시간인 즉 모든 것이 시대에 여러분은 당연히 PassTIP의 제품이 딱 이라고 생각합니다. 그리고 우리 또한 그 많은 덤프 판매 사이트 중에서도 단연 일등이고 생각합니다. 우리 PassTIP 선택함으로 여러분은 성공을 선택한 것입니다.

>> NS0-185 최신 기출자료 <<

시험패스 가능한 NS0-185 최신 기출자료 최신 덤프

많은 사이트에서도 무료 Network Appliance NS0-185 덤프 데모를 제공합니다. 우리도 마찬가지입니다. 여러분은 그러한 Network Appliance NS0-185 데모들을 보시고 다시 우리의 덤프와 비교하시면, 우리의 덤프는 다른 사이트 덤프와

차원이 다른 덤프임을 아사될 것 입니다. 우리 PassTIP사이트에서 제공되는Network Appliance인증NS0-185시험덤프의 일부분인 데모 즉 문제와 답을 다운받으셔서 체험해보면 우리PassTIP에 믿음이 갈 것입니다. 왜냐면 우리 PassTIP에는 베테랑의 전문가들로 이루어진 연구팀이 있습니다, 그들은 지식과 풍부한 경험으로 여러 가지 여러분이Network Appliance인증NS0-185시험을 패스할 수 있을 자료 등을 만들었습니다 여러분이Network Appliance인증NS0-185시험에 많은 도움이Network Appliance NS0-185될 것입니다. PassTIP 가 제공하는NS0-185테스트버전과 문제집은 모두Network Appliance NS0-185인증시험에 대하여 충분한 연구 끝에 만든 것이기에 무조건 한번에Network Appliance NS0-185시험을 패스하실 수 있습니다. 때문에Network Appliance NS0-185덤프의 인기는 당연히 짱 입니다.

최신 NCSIE ONTAP NS0-185 무료샘플문제 (Q82-Q87):

질문 # 82

You are expanding an existing cluster that uses BES-53248 cluster interconnect switches. You connected the new controllers to ports 0/17 through 0/20. However, you are unable to join the new nodes to the cluster. Which action must be taken to solve the problem?

- A. Install the reference configuration file.
- B. Install the CSHM configuration file.
- C. Install the license file.
- D. Reboot the controllers.

정답: A

설명:

Broadcom BES-53248 cluster interconnect switches require aReference Configuration File (RCF)to define supported port roles, speeds, breakout behavior, ISLs, and node-facing ports. By default, only a subset of ports is enabled for cluster connectivity. Ports0/17 through 0/20are not active for node connections unless explicitly configured by the correct RCF.

When new controllers are cabled to ports that are not enabled or correctly configured for cluster interconnect traffic, the ONTAP nodes cannot establish cluster LIF communication and therefore cannot join the cluster.

Installing the correctRCFconfigures these ports with the required VLANs, MTU, flow control, and speed settings so that cluster traffic can pass.

A license file is not required for basic cluster interconnect functionality. The Cluster Switch Health Monitor (CSHM) configuration file enables monitoring, not port functionality. Rebooting controllers does not resolve switch-side configuration issues.

Therefore, installing thereference configuration fileis the required corrective action.

질문 # 83

You were dispatched to install a cluster made up of FAS8060 and FAS8080 controllers. There are three FAS8060 controllers and three FAS8080 controllers.

Which solution would provide the largest possible cluster?

- A. a cluster made up of six nodes
- B. a cluster made up of five nodes
- C. a cluster made up of four nodes
- D. a cluster made up of two nodes

정답: A

설명:

As part of the ONTAP SAN solution assessment domain, NetApp defines strict rules governingcluster composition and scalability. ONTAP clusters support a maximum of24 nodes, and within that limit, clusters can includedifferent controller models, provided they are supported by the same ONTAP release and meet hardware compatibility requirements.

BothFAS8060andFAS8080controllers are supported within ONTAP clusters and can coexist in a single cluster configuration.

NetApp installation documentation explicitly allows mixed-controller clusters as long as the controllers are compatible and running the same ONTAP version.

In this scenario, there are six total controllers available: three FAS8060 and three FAS8080. Since ONTAP supports heterogeneous clusters and there is no architectural limitation preventing all six controllers from participating, thelargest possible clusteris achieved by includingall six nodes.

Smaller cluster sizes-two, four, or five nodes-are technically valid but do not meet the requirement of providing thelargest possible cluster. The assessment objective focuses on maximizing usable resources while staying within supported configuration guidelines. Additionally, ONTAP automatically manages performance balancing and high availability across mixed- controller clusters. Each node pair forms an HA pair, and ONTAP ensures consistent data access across the entire cluster fabric.

Therefore, the correct answer is D, a cluster made up of six nodes.

질문 # 84

You have a 2-node FAS8300 ONTAP 9.8 cluster that serves SMB shares. You are configuring interface groups for higher performance and resiliency.

Which two NetApp best practices should you follow to satisfy these performance and resiliency requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Use ports with the same chipsets.
- B. Use ports from different NICs.
- C. Use ports with different chipsets.
- D. Use ports from the same NICs.

정답: A,B

설명:

Using ports from different NICs protects against single NIC failure, while using the same chipset ensures consistent performance characteristics. This combination maximizes resiliency and performance.

질문 # 85

A customer has a six-node cluster running NFS and FCP. The customer wants to add nodes to the cluster.

How many nodes would be added in this scenario?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

정답: B

설명:

Explanation (250-350 words):

ONTAP clusters support a maximum of 24 nodes per cluster. In this scenario, the cluster already has six nodes running mixed NAS (NFS) and SAN (FCP) workloads. When expanding an ONTAP cluster, NetApp best practices and installation rules strongly recommend adding nodes in HA pairs to maintain balanced high availability, performance symmetry, and consistent failover behavior. Because nodes must be added in pairs, the cluster can scale from six nodes to eight, ten, twelve, and so on, up to the 24-node limit. However, the question is asking how many nodes would be added, not the maximum supported. The standard NetApp expansion model for a six-node cluster is to add another three HA pairs, which equals six additional nodes, bringing the cluster to twelve nodes. Adding only two or four nodes would result in uneven scaling and is not the standard recommended growth pattern for clusters of this size. Adding eighteen nodes would exceed practical expansion planning for a six-node system and approach the cluster maximum without justification.

Therefore, the correct answer is 6.

질문 # 86

You attempt to create a data volume on aggr0 and receive a warning about severe performance or stability problems.

What is the reason for this warning?

- A. Controller failover and storage failover must occur in parallel.
- B. The performance load generated by vol0 cannot be shared.
- C. Controller failover and storage failover must occur at different times.
- D. The performance load of a data volume should not share aggr0 with vol0.

정답: D

설명:

The root aggregate hosts system volumes such as vol0. Adding data volumes can negatively impact system operations, causing performance and stability issues.

